National Inquiry into

Missing and Murdered

Indigenous Women and Girls



Enquête nationale

sur les femmes et les filles

autochtones disparues et assassinées

National Inquiry into Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and Girls Truth-Gathering Process Part I: Families and Survivors of Violence Yellowknife, Northwest Territories Explorer Hotel Ballroom



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Ruby Firth & Irene Firth, In Relation to Linda Firth;

Angie Sabourin, Grace Sabourin & Violet Sabourin, In relation to Roberta Lynn Sabourin

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Native Women's Association of No appearances The Northwest Territories

Note: For the purpose of establishing this record of attendance, counsel are considered present whether they attended one or all of the hearings held over the course of the day at the Explorer Hotel.

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Yellowknife, Northwest Territories 1 --- Upon commencing on Wednesday, January 24, 2018 2 3 at 9:21 a.m. 4 Hearing # 1 5 Witnesses: Ruby Firth, Irene Firth 6 In relation to Linda Firth 7 Commission Counsel: Wendy van Tongeren 8 9 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Good 10 morning everyone, my name is Wendy van Tongeren. Welcome to the first hearing that's taking place 11 12 this day, on January 24th, 2018. We're in the Hotel Explorer in Yellowknife. 13 14 It's my pleasure to introduce the 15 first family that is scheduled to speak, and that is Ruby Firth. Her sister is here as support, and 16 17 that is Irene Firth. 18 So I'm just going to have them 19 actually put their names on the record as well as 20 the others who are sitting in support. So we'll 21 start with Ruby. 2.2 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Ruby Firth, and I 23 live in Inuvik, Northwest Territories. 24 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Irene Firth, 25 Ruby's sister. 26 MS. MABEL BROWN: Mabel Brown, 27 support, from Inuvik. 28 MS. LILLIAN ELIAS: Lillian Elias,

Elder Support Worker. 1 2 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Thank you 3 very much. Welcome, everybody. 4 The first matter then is an 5 affirmation, and the two women are going to affirm and the sacred objects that they would like to have 6 7 presented to them are the sweetgrass and the eagle feather. 8 9 THE REGISTRAR: Good morning, 10 Ruby. 11 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Good morning. 12 THE REGISTRAR: My name is Gladys, 13 I'm the Registrar. 14 Do you solemnly affirm that the 15 evidence you will give today will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth? 16 17 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Yes, I do. 18 AFFIRMED: RUBY FIRTH 19 THE REGISTRAR: Thank you. 20 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Thank you. 21 THE REGISTRAR: Irene, will you be 22 affirming as well? 23 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Yes. 24 THE REGISTRAR: Irene, do you solemnly affirm that the evidence you give today 25 26 will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth? 27 28 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Yes.

AFFIRMED: IRENE FIRTH 1 2 THE REGISTRAR: Thank you. 3 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Can we just have 4 a little opening prayer please --5 MS VON TONGEREN: Yes. 6 MS. RUBY FIRTH: -- Mable? Okay. 7 MS. MABEL BROWN: Good morning. I'll say the opening prayer. 8 9 --- OPENING PRAYER 10 PRESENTATION BY RUBY FIRTH: 11 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Good morning. My 12 name is Ruby Firth. I was born in the bush. My father delivered me from my mother December 19th, 13 1960. I lived out there at our cabin for the first 14 15 four years of my life, so it was a wonderful wonderful time out there. 16 17 I still could picture it today 18 just like it was yesterday, how our cabin was 19 situated and what a good time we used to always 20 have at East Branch(ph), at our cabin. It was the 21 most lovely time, the most peaceful time, most 22 serene time of my life. 23 But they put me in residential 24 school when I was four years old. When I got to 25 residential school when I was four years old they 26 registered me as five years old. So all of these years I thought -- I always thought I was one year 27 older than I actually was because of what they told 28

me and how they registered me in residential 1 2 school. 3 While I was in residential school I went through really really lots of abuse in 4 5 Stringer Hall. I was in residential school in 6 Flemming Hall, Fort McPherson, Northwest Territories; I was in residential school in Inuvik, 7 8 Stringer Hall, Anglican Residential School; I was 9 in residential school in Inuvik, Grollier Hall 10 Roman Catholic Residential School; and I also was in residential school in Yellowknife called 11 12 Akaitcho Hall, which I think was nondenominational because in Akaitcho Hall I didn't have to go to 13 14 church. 15 But in Flemming Hall, Stringer Hall, and Grollier Hall it was -- I had to go to 16 17 church in those residential schools. But I myself 18 was in residential school for 14 years because they 19 failed me in grade 9 and the next year I had to do 20 that again, and they failed me in grade 10 which 21 the year after that I had to do again. So I 22 actually graduated from residential school -- I 23 graduated from Samuel Hearne Secondary School in Yellowknife in 1982, so I graduated from there. 24 25 But in those younger years in 26 Stringer Hall I got really really lots of abuse. I had chicken pox, which was really painful because 27 they -- when I used to get dried up scabs on my 28

1 face they used to rip it off like this, all the 2 time, and I have really lots of scars on my face 3 from leftover chicken pox.

4 I had a lot of -- I have scabies 5 scars from my waist down to my ankles, because I 6 had scabies for so long in Stringer Hall. They 7 never put me in the hospital until it got really 8 really bad, until I couldn't even stand up. When it 9 got so physically bad where I couldn't do my daily 10 activity, that's only when they put me in the Inuvik General Hospital, because I couldn't even 11 12 stand up anymore.

I had several boils under my arms that they didn't take care of right away, and those boils got really big. I don't know what a boil is from, but I got boils under here. When they got so bad they put me in the hospital then too.

18 So in my little tiny years growing 19 up in Stringer Hall Residential School I was in the 20 hospital quite often. In those years, my young 21 years, I pneumonia every single year from six, 22 seven, eight, nine, 10, 11 and 12. Every year at 23 Stringer Hall I got pneumonia and ended up in the Inuvik General Hospital. From having pneumonia for 24 all those years, my lungs -- both my lungs are 60 25 26 per cent scarred up, and I have COPD and I'm always going to be on an orange puffer and a blue puffer 27 for the rest of my life. 28

1 Also, I was sexually abused in 2 Stringer Hall for seven years straight, and I -- I don't talk about that much. I hardly talk about 3 that and I need to start talking about that so I 4 5 can recover my -- recover my spirit. It felt like my spirit was ripped out of me and it took me many 6 many years to heal sort of like myself again. 7 8 Being Inuvialuit I was born a 9 Métis, and in 1986 the Inuvialuit people fight for 10 my rights, so I was able to get my rights back in 1986. So I finally became Inuvialuit after being a 11 12 Métis all my life. Being a Métis, I had to pay for my 13 own dental work, my own prescriptions, my own 14 15 education. So when I went to college I paid for all that by myself because I was a Métis. In those 16 days no Métis ever got any help such as Inuvialuit 17 18 people or Gwich'in or Indians from around. Métis never got that sort of help, so I was -- I worked 19 20 for Dome Petroleum for many years so I could save 21 up all my money and go to college. I went to Nechi Institute on 22 23 alcohol and drug counselling, and I took it for 24 four years and I became an alcohol and drug counsellor because I had this yearning in my heart 25 26 to help my people. I always always wanted to help my people. Even though I was suffering from a lot 27 of personal issues, my heart still went out to my 28

1 people first and I really wanted to help them 2 recover.

3 There was a lot happened to me in I had seven different broken bones; 4 Stringer Hall: 5 I had pneumonia for eight years in a row; I had 6 scabies; chicken pox; boils; sexually abused for 7 seven years; and all of -- like being hit with a ping pong racket on the side. Ms Skelton(ph), our 8 9 supervisor, used to carry around a ping pong 10 racket.

11 We used to have to line-up to go 12 downstairs to eat breakfast, line-up to go downstairs to eat lunch, line-up at suppertime. We 13 all had to stand in a straight line. If you looked 14 15 this way or if your foot was out of place, she used to come up to me and hit me on the side with a ping 16 pong racket. The ping pong racket is made out of 17 18 wood. I mean, the flat part itself has got some 19 rubber on it, but the side of the racket is 20 straight wood, and that's what she used to hit me 21 with all the time.

I have a lot of lacerations on my head. I have a lot of scars on my face and on my body from that ping pong racket that she used to hit us with all the time.

I also used to -- being so young, four years old, I also used to pee in bed a lot. She used to always humiliate me by opening the

sheets up and showing my big pee spot on the bed 1 2 and make me stand beside that bed when all the other girls would go to the sink room to wash their 3 face and get ready for the day, brush their teeth. 4 5 She used to make me stand beside my bed and let all the girls walking by look at me and look at the big 6 7 pee spot on my bed, and that was like humiliation 8 at the best.

9 So I was always -- all my life I 10 was always feeling guilty and feeling -- like that 11 feeling they put in place, being assimilated --12 that assimilation feeling rather than this... When I was at East Branch(ph) in the bush I had this 13 awesome feeling of being loved and being cared for 14 15 -- and being a part of the family. But when I moved into residential school there was none of 16 17 that.

18 They assigned me a big girl so 19 that every morning she would braid my hair and 20 she'd pull and yank, and pull my hair and braid it. 21 After how many years of pulling and yanking on my 22 hair, my hair doesn't hurt anymore. You could pull 23 it out and it won't even hurt.

My pain threshold, I can go through a lot and lot and lot of pain and I won't feel it. I have a scenario. I could be laying on the side of the road and I'd be asking people, can I help you? You know, sort of like that's how much

1 I can take the pain.

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2 But the pain in my heart just like never subsides and it never goes away. 3 So in residential school it was really really bad for me. 4 5 I still have unresolved issues from that. I mean, I've talked about -- a lot about my issues, but 6 7 that was with the physical abuse and ending up in the hospital with these kind of conditions. But I 8 9 never really talked about the sexual abuse that I went through. So I need a lot of work in that 10 11 area. 12 I still have to share the story about when I was being sexually abused. I find 13 that a problem, because I have a vague memory of 14 15 who was sexually abusing me, but I can't really put a finger on it, so I don't want to name nobody 16 because I don't know who actually sexually abused 17 18 me. 19 There was many different people 20 that sexually abused me, so I'm afraid to call out 21 a name because what if it was a mistake and what if 2.2 that...? I have a hard time with it because I 23 don't remember their names, but I still went

I had a first husband and a second husband, and it was very hard with intimacy with them because of that experience in residential school, and it caused me some trouble in my

through that experience.

marriages because of that intimacy, I couldn't know 1 2 how to do it, you know. All I knew how to be was a 3 supervisor, because that was all that I had as a 4 teacher was a supervisor and stuff. 5 I myself had four children. In my younger life I never drank and I never smoked dope 6 7 all those years, because my mom and dad were really strong individuals, and my dad talked to me and my 8 9 brothers and sister really lots about education, 10 about prejudism(sic) and about life and he really 11 talked to us good and strong. So all me and my brothers and 12 sisters have a really strong family connection 13 because of my mom and dad, were so -- such strong 14 15 individuals, even though my dad went through residential school in Hay River and my mom was in 16 17 residential school in Aklavik, they were both residential school survivors and then they had to 18 send all their 12 kids to residential school as 19 20 well. 21 So that was a very very difficult time in my life, and it caused my adult life to 22 23 have difficult times in it too. I ended up -- six times in my adult life I ended up in a psychiatric 24 ward for having a nervous breakdown and can't even 25 26 stop crying, and this was the time I had my children. 27 28 When my daughter -- I have Morgan,

Linda, Vanessa and Leon. When Linda was two years 1 2 old I was working at the Action North Recovery Centre in High Level, Alberta. Because when I went 3 to college I went to become an alcohol and drug 4 5 counsellor to help my people, to help the native 6 people. When I was at work and my children were at 7 daycare, and my whole life was going really really 8 good and just like I had a grasp on everything, 9 even though I wasn't really talking about my sexual 10 abuse, I'd talk about the physical abuse that happened to me because it's evident on my face and 11 12 I'd share a lot about that.

But one time a big giant TV fell on my daughter and she was only two years old, that I think opened up a big can of worms, and after that I became hypervigilant over my children and I couldn't even let them out of my sight or anything like that.

19 So after that happened to my 20 daughter, Linda, I became very -- all my 21 dysfunctions came back but I didn't know that that 22 was happening to me and it just like kind of 23 spiralled out of -- spiralled down into a circle. But even though I was always depressed -- because 24 25 I'm on medication for depression and post-traumatic 26 disorder, I'm on medication for my heart, I'm on two puffers for my lungs, and one other medication 27 I'm on every day for my allergies because I'm 28

allergic -- me and my sister and -- like a lot in 1 our family are really allergic to everything, just 2 like every-day allergies. So I take one of those 3 allergy pills every day. 4 5 So after I found the right medication for my post-traumatic stress and my 6 7 depression, it finally levelled off like this. Whereas I used to be like happy/sad, happy/sad, now 8 9 it's just like -- just like this every day where I 10 don't have to emotionally react to everything, I just could react -- or act instead of react. So 11 12 that, I'm grateful for that. But we had a sister, Linda. 13 This is my sister Linda. 14 15 She passed away when she was 17 16 years old. She died, she died of hepatitis and she died in Inuvik, Northwest Territories of this 17 18 disease called hepatitis. At the time, it was 19 called yellow jaundice. So when me and my older 20 sister talk about it we still say she died of 21 yellow jaundice. But today, it's called hepatitis. 2.2 I don't know if she passed from 23 hepatitis A, B or C, and all I know is that she 24 passed away. 25 When I was very young we used to 26 live in Inuvik down by the river in a little shack, all of us were in there, and it was really cozy. 27 But we lived in there and my sister Linda was sent 28

away from Stringer Hall, she was sent to Breynat
 Hall in Fort Smith and that.

Breynat Hall was a juvenile delinquent centre for juvenile delinquents, which is just saying a young offender I guess in those days when they called it juvenile delinquency.

7 She was sent there from Inuvik, 8 Stringer Hall, to Breynat Hall in Fort Smith over 9 several years because they said she was bad, she 10 was not following direction, she was being bad. 11 But they've never charged her with any kind of criminal activity. They never -- she never went to 12 court for being bad, they just automatically sent 13 her to Breynat Hall. I don't know if it was called 14 15 that, but it just comes to mind that it is Breynat Hall in Fort Smith for juvenile delinguent kids. 16

17 So she was sent there over several 18 years. But one of these years that she was sent 19 there she actually ran away from Breynat Hall and 20 somehow she ended up in Edmonton. But prior to 21 being sent to Breynat Hall, I remember being that 22 little kid in our little shack beside the river. 23 We have a 45 barrel -- drum barrel for a stove, and we used to live in that little shack. 24

But she used to bring us paddling on the lake behind our house. Every time I was with her paddling on that lake I would just stare at her all the time. To me, she seemed so pure, so

beautiful and so lovely. 1 2 Every time I used to stare at her it remind -- it felt like it reminded me of staring 3 at an angel, and that angel was just full of love 4 5 for us, full of kindness, and just a real sweetheart towards me, and I just really loved that 6 7 about her. I really really loved that about her. 8 When I think of her, that's what I 9 choose to think of, is that angel, and me and her 10 were just staring at one another with admiration and I loved her so much and that. When I think 11 12 about her, my sister Linda, that's what I think about, and I don't think about that -- when she was 13 14 ill in Inuvik. 15 But after she was ill, she must have been ill for quite a long time before she was 16 admitted to the Edmonton Hospital, because when she 17 18 ran away from Breynat Hall she ran to Edmonton. I 19 don't know how, she got a ride or how she ended up 20 in Edmonton, but we heard, so all of the family 21 heard she was living with a doctor, and that doctor 22 was not doing the right thing, and using 23 intravenous drugs. Linda was using intravenous 24 drugs and that way, by using intravenous drugs, she contracted hepatitis. Probably -- maybe she didn't 25 26 know she had hepatitis, but when she was sick in Edmonton hospital and they couldn't do nothing for 27 28 her anymore they sent her back to Inuvik into the

hospital in Inuvik, and in that hospital she died. 1 2 But I remember prior to her death we, the family, would go visit her. The family had 3 to put on slippers, gowns, masks, hats, just to go 4 5 into her room to visit her. I remember staring at her and with hepatitis I remember her being really 6 7 puffed up, like swollen eyes and really really looking sick and having a hard time to speak and 8 9 that. 10 Just by looking in her eyes in the 11 hospital, just like I knew what she was saying and 12 what she was feeling to me, and I'd take that look, that look as a positive thing, just like love going 13 back and forth between me and my sister Linda. 14 15 Then prior to her death the RCMP officers and the medical person would come down to 16 our little shack and told my mom and dad, "Mabel 17 18 and Malcolm(ph), you'd better come up right away, 19 come to the hospital right away." At that time I 20 went everywhere with my dad. Me and my dad were 21 really really close like this, so I went everywhere 22 with him. When the RCMP came down and said, "Mabel 23 and Malcolm, we've got to go to the hospital right away." 24 25 So I started getting dressed so I 26 could go with my mom and dad to the hospital. The

RCMP stopped me from getting dressed. He told my

mom and dad, "I don't think she could -- I don't

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think she should come. I think she's too young to 1 2 understand." 3 That really broke my heart, because I wasn't too young to understand, I was 4 5 understanding what was going on and I wanted to see my sister before she died, and I couldn't because 6 7 the RCMP told my dad, "You should leave her at home because she's too young to understand." 8 9 When they left all I could do is 10 cry and cry and cry. Because when I'm not with my dad I really could cry hard and -- because 11 we were so close. 12 After they got back from the 13 hospital they were crying themselves and they said, 14 15 "Linda passed away. Linda died." Then after that, she is buried in the cemetery in Inuvik, we all 16 went to her funeral and her -- the feast and all of 17 18 that. But, yeah, she is buried in Inuvik, whereas 19 my mom and dad are buried in Aklavik. 20 I always have a kind of sorrowful 21 feeling for that fact, that Linda's buried in 22 Inuvik and my mom and dad are buried in Aklavik. 23 Like, just because of that fact I always feel like 24 they're so far apart, and that gives me some sorrow in my heart; to think that she's alone in that 25 graveyard and my mom and dad are in the Aklavik 26 graveyard. That always gives me some kind of 27 sorrow for that fact. 28

But me and my family all remember 1 2 Linda. We all remember her just like it was yesterday. We don't talk about the hepatitis and 3 how she passed, but we talk -- always talk about 4 5 the good times, the good memories. My sister Linda had so many friends right across the north that 6 7 anywhere we go they'd mention, "Oh, are you Linda's sister?" 8

9 Even today people still remember 10 her as that person, because she was so beautiful, 11 she was so kind-hearted, she was so giving that 12 people from right across the north always always mention her name. Even today they still remember 13 our sister Linda and I'm really grateful about 14 15 that. So I choose to have these positive memories of her, instead of these ones where she was dying 16 17 of hepatitis.

18 When I think about her I always 19 think about that lovely time in the canoe and we're 20 paddling around and... Yeah, that was so good. 21 So when we first went to 22 residential school we were put in Flemming Hall 23 Residential School in Fort McPherson because our bush cabin was on the east branch, not far from 24 Fort McPherson, in Tsiigehtchic. So when we were 25 26 first put in residential school they put us in Flemming Hall. On one side of the hallway the big 27 28 girls slept on this side of the dormitory, and on

the other side of the hallway the little tiny girls
 slept on that side.

3 Me and my sister Eliza(ph) and Linda were in residential school in Flemming Hall. 4 5 Linda was older, so she stayed on that side with 6 the big girls, and me and Eliza were younger so we 7 stayed on this side of the little girls'. But 8 every time the lights went out me and Eliza would 9 get out of bed and we'd go sleep with Linda, and 10 before the lights came on my sister Linda used to wake us up and say, "Go back to your own bed," so 11 12 we didn't have to get caught.

Because in Indigenous families the 13 14 cohesion is much different than a Caucasian family. 15 In an Indigenous family we could -- we all sleep together and we'd sleep with mom and dad for as 16 long as we could. Then all the brothers and 17 18 sisters -- all the sisters sleep together and all the brothers sleep together. So we're like that 19 20 closeness of that.

But in a Caucasian family I only can imagine they put their baby in the crib right until they -- like, when they first come home that baby is put in a crib and not to sleep with anybody else. So the cohesion, to me, is very very very different.

27 So when we were all young we were 28 all so close because we all slept together and

comforted one another at night time and stuff. 1 But when I got to residential school I was put in my 2 own bed and from there the separate anxiety, away 3 from my mom and dad and my brothers and sisters, 4 5 and the assimilation process just really ... 6 You know, sometimes I wish today 7 that I could -- I'm 57 years old and I'm still 8 struggling with this, being assimilated. Before we 9 went into residential school we had the Inuvialuit 10 language, the Gwich'in language, and our grandfather was Scottish so we had a Gaelic 11 12 language, and the English language. So all of us, prior to going into residential school, we had four 13 14 languages. Those three other languages were beaten 15 out of us and we were only left with English. 16 So that's a sad fact too. Sad sad 17 fact that out of four languages now we only have 18 one, and that assimilation process just beat the 19 other languages right out of me, right our of my 20 brothers and sisters. They even beat that language 21 right out of my mother, and my father was luckily 22 strong enough where he kept his Gwich'in language 23 and every time he sat with his sister and his other brothers they spoke Gwich'in together and they 24 never spoke English. 25 26

26 So that language being beaten out 27 of us, being sexually abused, being majorly majorly 28 physically abused just left a big hurt on my heart,

1 it ripped my spirit out and I'm still trying to get 2 that -- I'm still struggling to get it back. I'm 3 still struggling to deal with some issues that I've 4 never ever dealt with before, never ever spoke with 5 anybody about it.

Just recently in Inuvik at the warming shelter for the homeless -- if they don't have any place to stay they could go at the warming shelter -- but the warming shelter in Inuvik started talking circles about residential school survivors and these kind of different meetings.

12 I just started attending them for the past couple of months and I'm just starting to 13 14 realize even in this residential school experience 15 I always felt like I was alone, but going to those meetings it opened my eyes to know that -- even 16 17 though I shared the residential dormitory with like 18 six hundred other girls, it still felt like I was 19 alone -- but when I started going to those meetings 20 and hearing other residential school survivors' 21 stories, it really put it in perspective that I'm 22 not alone anymore. It happened to others and I can 23 look at others now.

I know they've been in residential school just like me, like all my brothers and sisters. I know they were there. Now I could feel that, yeah, I'm not alone, they were there too. That made a great difference in my recovery.

Feeling alone and finding out, no, I'm not alone. 1 2 Being here at this Inquiry, our family feeling isolated that we lost our sister and it was so hard 3 to live with that sorrow within us for her, but 4 5 coming to this Inquiry knowing how many other 6 missing and murdered Indigenous women there are in 7 Canada, again that reinforced me, I'm not alone and 8 I don't have to act like I'm alone anymore. I can 9 go seek help, talk to people.

10 I found out those support workers 11 are really there to support you. Whereas back in 12 the 1970s, 1980s and 1990s it felt like even though they were support workers, you were still separated 13 14 from them. But now, today, so much has changed, 15 people got so much educated -- more education and more in touch with our feelings and our culture. 16 17 It feels like now when I go get support, that's 18 really support and I'm really grateful for that. 19 I was going to college and I was 20 living in Calgary, and I did my practicum work at

21 Sunrise Residence Treatment Centre. Sometimes I 22 would be on the 8:00 to 4:00 shift, but this time 23 they put me on the 4:00 to midnight shift. So I 24 used to get off at midnight and there was the very last bus, I talked to the bus driver and I'm like 25 26 -- I get off at work right at midnight, but his bus leaves that station right at midnight, so I asked 27 him to please wait one or two minutes for me. 28

I always ran to the bus really 1 2 fast because I didn't want to keep him waiting. Right at midnight I used to punch out and then run 3 to the bus as fast as I could, and then he'd get me 4 5 on the bus and then close the door. My house -- my apartment was downtown, so the bus used to take me 6 7 downtown and I used to get off at the last stop. But my apartment was still three or four blocks 8 9 that way, and I used to always have to walk to my 10 apartment at night after midnight. 11 This one particular time I got off 12 the bus downtown Calgary and I was walking home, and there was this carload of boys, I don't know if 13 they were men, I could say they were male occupants 14 15 in that car. From where I was standing I could see that there were six Caucasian guys in that car. 16 17 I was walking down the road to go 18 to my apartment and this car came by, and I looked 19 and there were six white boys in there. Those six 20 white boys were like, "There's one! There's one!" 21 They were pointing at me. "There's one! Go get 22 her! Go get her!" They were saying to -- pointing 23 at me and they were all in this car. 24 But fortunately, by the grace of God, their light was green and then there was 25 26 another car behind them, so they had to go around the corner because the light was green and this guy 27

behind them was parked -- honking, go, go, because

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1 it's green.

2 So they had to go around the block and come around the block. When they came around 3 the block, their car was driving as fast as they 4 5 can squealing around the corner. I was looking back and forth to where I could hide. 6 7 All of sudden there was this little cubbyhole, and this little cubbyhole was a 8 9 doorway, but no door on it. An inside door was 10 there. But that little cubbyhole, I managed to go hide behind there. They couldn't see me from the 11 12 street, they didn't know where I ran. But when they came and they 13 screeched on their brakes and all of them jumped 14 15 back out of the car saying, "Look for her! Go get her! Go get her!" I was hiding, I wouldn't say a 16 word or a peep, and I was really praying don't find 17 18 me, don't find me. 19 That one guy was really cursing at 20 his friends, "Darn you..." you know, using the F-21 word and everything, "...you let her get away! You 22 let her get away!" He was really mad at his 23 friends and saying to his friends, "You shouldn't 24 have let her got away! We could have had one tonight! We could have had one tonight! You 25 26 shouldn't have let her get away!" 27 That memory always sticks in my 28 head, when I was a young student in Calgary, that

that happened to me. Imagine if those six 1 2 Caucasian boys caught me. Imagine what they would have done. When I think of missing and murdered 3 Indigenous women my head goes right back to that 4 5 experience in Calgary, my feelings go right back to 6 that feeling of desperation, of hide me, hide me. 7 I'm like God must have provided me 8 that little cubbyhole so they lost me. I was in 9 that little hole and they lost me and that guy was 10 really mad at his friends, using the F-word, "F this, you lost her, you F'in..." this and that. 11 12 "We could have had one tonight! We could have had one tonight!" They just kept saying that. 13 14 When I think of missing and 15 murdered Aboriginal women, I go right back to that moment when I was being chased by six Caucasian 16 17 boys trying to get me, a native girl, and being 18 really mad at his friends because they lost me. 19 I'm so grateful that they lost me because, you 20 know, what would have happened? Who knows, who 21 knows? Only speculation, but... Yeah, who knows 22 what could have happened? 23 But I was really happy, given the 24 opportunity to speak about my sister Linda Firth, because all my life it felt like I needed somebody 25 26 to know something about my sister. When the Inquiry came to Inuvik and I got registered and 27 there was lots of really good support there. 28

1	When I got to the support, after
2	they finished asking me all these questions and
3	said I could come to Yellowknife and talk about my
4	sister Linda, and I was so grateful, saying she's
5	finally going to be registered in some kind of
6	statistic in this way that she can be recognized.
7	Not never more being forgotten.
8	Like, who would think her picture
9	would be on TV looking at everybody in public? Who
10	would think that she would come this far and could
11	talk about her in a public form, openly and
12	honestly. I would never think that would have been
13	possible to happen. But now that I'm here and I'm
14	talking about her, I'm so grateful for the Missing
15	and Murdered Indigenous Women's Inquiry in Canada.
16	I'm so grateful that they're finally talking over
17	and above the board about Indigenous plights in
18	Canada.
19	There was a little statement that
20	I wanted to read that when I was a student studying
21	and I found in the archives. This statement, I
22	mean I wrote it down very quickly and it might not
23	be word for word, but it was written in 1860. So
24	what I found is that:
25	"The Canadian Government uses
26	antisemitism, false racial theories and, with that,
27	and exploited the frustrations and the resentment
28	of the Caucasian race of Canada; telling the

Caucasian race of Canada, "Tolerate no opposition 1 2 from these natives, and demand complete obedience from these natives."" (As Read) 3 4 So, in doing that, the Caucasian 5 race of Canada was using antisemitism and false racial theory, such as all Indians are drunks or 6 7 all Indians are on Welfare. Indians get this handed to them, they get their Medicare, their 8 9 dental and their education handed to them. But 10 they forgot that the Caucasian race of people got the land and we got put off our land into reserves, 11 12 and for that we get a dental appointment and medication for our illness and education paid for. 13 14 But prior to that I was a Métis, 15 so I paid for all my own education, becoming an alcohol and drug counsellor. They said, tolerate 16 to the Caucasian people. Tolerate no opposition 17 18 and demand complete obedience. So this, allowing 19 Canadian Government to dominate individual 20 Aboriginals and whole Aboriginal communities and 21 the whole of Aboriginal cultures by terrorism on 22 Aboriginal opponent. 23 So if we are the opponent, we are

not on the same team. So two teams is opponent to one another. So it's like the Caucasian were on one team and the Aboriginal was on one team, and Caucasian were told, demand complete obedience from your opponent.

So by terrorism on the Aboriginal 1 opponent, so assimilate at all costs. I always 2 wondered, if the Canadian Government has to 3 assimilate at all costs, then why wasn't all 4 5 monetary costs put in to assimilate us? Whereas 6 when I was in residential school I was on a 7 starvation diet all my life, wore second-hand closed all my life in residential school. When I 8 9 didn't want to eat my corn, they force-fed it to me 10 in residential school. 11 So it says, assimilate all costs. 12 So why was not all costs put towards assimilation and no costs -- and because they tried to save as 13 much money as they can on the individual. We lived 14 15 on a starvation diet. So I always wondered assimilate at all costs, whereas we were 16 17 assimilated at no cost. 18 So there was some statistics that 19 Statistics Canada put out every year, and 20 Statistics Canada said, Aboriginal women die 14 21 years older than Caucasian women. Aboriginal women died of hardship and poverty. Aboriginal women 22 23 died of hardship in their life and poverty because of that. The Caucasian women lived in relative 24 25 peace and always always had their needs taken care 26 of. 27 When your needs are always taken

care of you're calm and you have good attitude, but

28

when you live in poverty and that, so you're mostly 1 like mad and, you know, hungry and always on the 2 edge of something, and so they see us as -- like 3 not on the same level, marginalized. 4 5 So there was another, native women are more likely to suffer violence towards native 6 7 women. Caucasian women hardly receive any violence in their life and live in relative peace in their 8 9 households. 10 Also, there was this saying, 11 traumatic events stopped the normal growth of a 12 child. So when I was in residential school all of these traumatic events stopped me from growing 13 emotionally, mentally, and even physically; on the 14 15 starvation diet I wouldn't have grown as tall as I was and stuff. 16 17 Traumatic events stopped the 18 normal growth of a child. Terrorism is traumatic. 19 Whole Aboriginal communities have been assimilated 20 by terrorism, thus suffer post-traumatic stress 21 disorder, depression, an all of these other 22 symptoms of a traumatic upbringing. 23 Also, I would like to -- the 24 establishment must abolish this style and type of 25 governance over the Aboriginal First Nations, the 26 natives, the Inuit, and the Métis race of people in Canada, in North America. 27 28 The government must start

abolishing these kind of -- you know, when you have 1 2 Indian and Northern Affairs and they have all these policies to that, the government must start to 3 abolish this old way of thinking. They must start 4 5 adopting these new ways of thinking and abolish 6 these terms and stuff with the Indian and Northern 7 Affairs and stuff like that. 8 Democracy is supposed to be like 9 with all the people, and we are not -- how they 10 democratically work with their Caucasian people, 11 they should democratically work with the native 12 people and like that. The Caucasians have in Parliament 13 caucus -- the Caucasian people have in their 14 15 Parliament building and in the Senate, they call it the caucus. So that wordage, that Caucasian people 16 17 have their caucus, where is the Aboriginals' 18 caucus? So there is a lack of enforcement 19 20 because there is a fiduciary process involved with 21 the Aboriginal people. The word fiduciary means 22 take care of the Aboriginal people the same as the 23 would their Caucasian race of people. But their 24 fiduciary process is very lax, they are not following this fiduciary process with their native 25 opponents on that level. They have made Indigenous 26 people of the world extremely and most compromised 27 of the world and in Canada. 28

The fiduciary process is not being 1 2 followed, so the native people of Canada are very very compromised and very very -- it's like 3 marginalized. So the native people in Canada are 4 5 1.1 per cent of 100 per cent of the population. 6 Recent immigrants are 8.8 per cent of the Canadian 7 population. Caucasian people are 87 or 88 per cent 8 of the whole population of Canada. So being 1.1 9 per cent of the people of Canada, even that small 10 number, we are always marginalized. 11 So with the fiduciary process, 12 they should -- when you cut up the pie and only find us 1.1 per cent of the population, and 13 marginalized, they should do some equalization and 14 15 make it more equal by some action that 1.1 per cent of the population are Aboriginal, 87.something 16 17 of the population are Canada(sic). They should 18 make an equalization chart where it would bring us 19 in line with the Caucasian people and in line with 20 the recent immigrants of Canada.

21 Because the recent immigrants get more benefits than the Aboriginal people of Canada. 22 23 They get money to learn how to speak English, and 24 we get nothing for being assimilated and these languages beaten out of us and only have English 25 26 language. So I'm asking the Canadian Government and the Justice Department of Canada to really 27 seriously look at their fiduciary process and 28

really bring us in line with every other ethnic
 group in Canada.

3 Because, up until recently, being Inuvialuit -- the Inuvialuit people didn't have an 4 5 ethnic group in the Parliament building. We 6 weren't even on the shelf as an ethnic group. 7 Italians, Greeks, and all those other cultures are on -- they're acknowledged as an ethnic group. 8 9 Where as Inuvialuit people have never been 10 acknowledged in the Parliament building or in the Senate as a specific ethnic group in Canada. All 11 12 these things need to be changed.

So, with that, I'd like to thank 13 you for listening to my story, and thank my sister 14 15 Irene for being a support. I do have six sisters and four brothers, and they're all behind me 16 17 saying: I support you when you go talk about 18 Linda; I support you when you tell them the story 19 that you remember; go do it, go do it. 20 So I'm really grateful for the

21 Inquiry, for sending me and my sister to 22 Yellowknife from Inuvik to speak on my sister's 23 behalf, to let people of Canada know that she did 24 exist, she was a person, she belonged to a family, she was loved and she gave love. Just the 25 26 acknowledgement of her can -- probably after this, I can grow more in a healthy manner, I can come out 27 28 of my shell more and, with the help of my brothers

and sisters, we can move on in a positive way. 1 2 So I thank you very much for letting me speak. That's all I've got to say. 3 4 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Thank 5 you, Ruby. Irene, is there anything you'd 6 7 like to say or add? 8 PRESENTATION BY IRENE FIRTH: 9 MS. IRENE FIRTH: My name is Irene 10 Firth, I'm from Aklavik, Northwest Territories. 11 I wasn't born when my sister 12 passed, my mother was pregnant with me. One of my very first memories is of my parents arguing as to 13 who's going to take responsibility for the way she 14 15 passed; would it be my mother or my father? This Inquiry is a good thing, 16 because we're only two of the thousands that were 17 18 affected. There are so many more thousands of families that are going through this thing, so this 19 20 is the beginning of a healing journey for most of 21 us. 2.2 But it also angers me that so many 23 had to pass for this to happen. You know, like why 24 does it always have to happen this way? Why does it always have to take a tragedy for something good 25 26 to come out of it? So I'm just hoping that people learn from this. 27 28 You know, as Ruby said, we grew up
in residential school. I was born and raised on 1 the land. My birth certificate ways Arctic Red 2 River on it, because that was the closest community 3 to where I was born. Would we have been left to 4 5 our own devices and left on the land, it would have been so much better for us. 6 7 My Parents were ripped away from their families to go to residential school and, in 8 9 turn, we were ripped away from them. My father 10 tried to renounce his being native so we didn't have to go to residential school, but they said my 11 12 mother was Inuit, we have to go anyways. There's a lot of sadness and anger 13 that's in me. This came up all of a sudden. I 14 15 went back to Inuvik on December 23rd, her son was supposed to come out and be support for her, he 16 didn't want to come. So she asked me, and I 17 18 immediately said yes. 19 So this is -- I didn't have a lot

20 of time to process all of this that's going on now.
21 So, for me, it's very overwhelming. All of my life
22 I get, "You're Linda's sister, you look exactly
23 like her."

When the TRC was happening in Inuvik, in I think it was 2011, I went and there was several people that actually went to me and grabbed and said, "Oh my God, Linda, Linda, Linda!" Then they look at me and say, "I'm so sorry, I

forgot she passed. I thought you were her." 1 2 So to have this story all of my life, I never met my sister, I never knew my 3 sister, I knew of her, but... It's -- I can't 4 explain it, it's like -- the rest of my family had 5 this hurt that they're carrying around with them, 6 7 and I never understood it until I lost my own child. That was the only time that I realized, oh 8 9 my God, I know my parents paid. It's a thing you 10 live with everyday. 11 I'm hoping, like I said, that 12 this, what's happening here now, gets something done. I know it's a long process and stuff, and I'm 13 a very impatient person, and I just would like to 14 15 see something good come out of it. 16 Thank you. 17 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Thank 18 you, Ruby, and thank you, Irene. 19 Madam Commissioner, do you have 20 any questions? 21 OUESTIONS BY THE COMMISSIONER: 2.2 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Thank you, 23 both of you, so much. 24 I do have a couple of questions 25 and I guess some comments too. I have an idea, 26 sort of the geography between where the residential school were in Aklavik and in the Inuvialuit and 27 28 Delta region.

1 But for those who are listening 2 that might not be so aware, where you guys were sent that meant you were there all year. Like, 3 there was no way for your parents to ever see you 4 5 or for your siblings to see you. 6 MS. IRENE FIRTH: We went home 7 Easter, Christmas, and summertime. 8 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Okay. So 9 for 14 years, especially for you, Ruby, that was the only time you got to see your parents and most 10 11 of your siblings? 12 MS. RUBY FIRTH: At Christmastime and summertime is when I remember being at home, 13 14 and that's how come I like Christmastime and 15 summertime so much. Those other times, I don't care for those other parts of the year because it 16 17 was so hard. But Christmas and summertime are 18 actually my favourite times of the year, because 19 that's when we actually went home and spent time 20 together with the family. 21 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Your 22 parents and you guys and Linda, you had no choice. 23 MS. RUBY FIRTH: There was a law 24 in place that said, if you don't give up your child 25 to residential school that the parents would go to 26 jail themselves until the time as you gave up your child to residential school. So there was no 27 28 choice, no choice, just one way.

COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: This I 1 2 don't know if you know it, because when Linda was sent to residential school and then they decided to 3 send her to was it -- it's in Hay River that --4 5 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Fort Smith. 6 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Fort 7 Smith, okay. That again is -- we're talking hundreds of miles away from your parents, even 8 9 further than residential school. 10 MS. RUBY FIRTH: M'hmm, yeah. COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Was it 11 12 year-round, was it like jail or would they --13 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Yeah, it was --14 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: -- would she ever get to go home? 15 16 MS. RUBY FIRTH: -- jail. 17 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Yeah. 18 MS. RUBY FIRTH: It's jail. 19 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: It was 20 jail. 21 MS. IRENE FIRTH: It's like a place for young offenders today. 22 23 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Okay. 24 What years was this? So this was in the 1970s, 25 1960s? 26 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Prior to that, it 27 was in like 1967, 1968 --28 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Okay.

MS. RUBY FIRTH: -- and 1969, 1 2 yeah, 1970s. 3 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Your 4 parents had no say in Linda being sent to this 5 place? 6 MS. RUBY FIRTH: No, no. They only found out after the fact --7 8 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Any idea why they characterized her as a delinquent? 9 10 MS. RUBY FIRTH: No, no idea at 11 all. 12 MS. IRENE FIRTH: No. But in the stories I hear, she's -- says what she says when 13 14 she needs to say it, and it was probably in the 15 manner that she was saying it, right? 16 MS. RUBY FIRTH: M'hmm. 17 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: She 18 resisted --19 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Yeah. 20 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: -- the 21 assimilation --22 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Yes. 23 MS. RUBY FIRTH: M'hmm. 24 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: -- the 25 oppression? 26 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Yes. 27 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Yeah. 28 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: I want to

thank you for the experiences and the knowledge 1 2 you've shared, and the wisdom. A lot of people sort of get confused that the Inquiry is only about 3 4 murder and disappearance. 5 MS. RUBY FIRTH: M'hmm. 6 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: You've 7 shared with us violence of all kinds. Denying your parents their rights as parents, and denying your 8 9 rights as children to have parents, that's 10 violence. Denying you your rights as an Indigenous 11 woman, that's violence, you know? 12 MS. RUBY FIRTH: I agree with 13 that, yeah. 14 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Denying 15 you medical care, the fundamental rights as a human being, that's violence. 16 17 I want to acknowledge that, 18 because this is what we need to be talking about. 19 I think I've said it before, it's not just about 20 bruises. 21 So thank you, thank you for 22 sharing that and teaching us about this. 23 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Yeah. 24 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: I′m 25 trained as a lawyer, so when you start talking 26 about fiduciary obligations and policies, it gets me all excited. You're speaking a language I know 27 quite well. The 1860 quote or -- where is that 28

1 from? Do you remember what document? 2 MS. RUBY FIRTH: I remember I used to always listen to CBC Radio, and on CBC Radio 3 they had a lawyer on there, and she started talking 4 5 about the Canadian assimilation process. 6 I'm a real writer, I write 7 everything down and I write -- I've got journals 8 from when I was young until today. So I really 9 love writing everything down. 10 When I heard this, I just grabbed 11 a pen and I wrote word for word what she said 12 really fast. I even forget her name, because I even wrote it down in one of my books, that if I 13 14 need to reference her I could like call her up and 15 say this. But I forgot her name and this, but this was way back in the 1980s that I heard this about 16 17 that. 18 It's either in the archives of 19 1860 or 1868. It's more likely 1868. 20 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: From what 21 you've experienced in your life, that made sense, 2.2 that that was what the government was trying to do. 23 MS. RUBY FIRTH: M'hmm. 24 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: I want to 25 talk a little bit and ask you a couple of questions 26 about what the establishment needs to do, what government needs to do in abolishing this style of 27 28 governance over Indigenous people. A need to adopt

a new style of thinking where the obligations of 1 2 fiduciary process has to be honoured. 3 If you could take Parliament, the 4 way the government is in this country right now and 5 change it, do you have ideas on --MS. RUBY FIRTH: Yeah. 6 7 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: I thought 8 so. 9 MS. RUBY FIRTH: You have to go to 10 the archives, go into the archives and take out the file, the actual first file of Indian and Northern 11 12 Affairs, take out this file on assimilation and take out this file on the fiduciary process of the 13 government. Go right back into the archives and 14 15 pull out this file. Just like any other office in 16 Canada, when you are progressing something you go back to the file and you pull out the file and you 17 18 open the file, and you read what is in the file. 19 Then keep it in the file, but also change the file, 20 update the files to this time and this generation. 21 Go back to that file that says 22 assimilate at all costs, and then change that 23 Aboriginal opponent to the Aboriginal people, not 24 -- change the wording. We are still their They are still treating us like we are 25 opponent. 26 their opponent, and it's across the board, it came from abroad. Abroad, meaning the Queen over there 27 in England started this process, it's abroad, it's 28

across the board, meaning it's all over Canada, 1 across the same board, the same platform they're 2 playing with, the same dual action lawyers fight 3 against, like dual action in court. 4 5 We need that dual action to be on the same playing level, on the same board, because 6 7 we are no on the same board, we are not on the same playing level. Go back to the archives, pull out 8 9 these files that state these statements, and then 10 change the wording in those statements. 11 We're not your opponents, we're 12 not -- and take care of your fiduciary process, take care of it open and honestly, not this old 13 John A. MacDonald stuff, bring it down to Justin 14 15 Trudeau stuff. You know, because it's 2018, just like Trudeau said it, because it's 2017. Change it 16 because of that, because it's 2018. 17 18 Update your files, tell all your 19 lawyers in the government to go into the files, 20 update them, and then give it to the Justice 21 Department. Give it to the Justice Department, 22 because there's a Canadian department, Canadian 23 Government department, and then there's a Justice Department. Give it to the Justice and let Justice 24 workout this board. We need to be on the same 25 26 playing level, be on the same board, not it came form abroad. It came from a board. 27 28 Let us be on the same playing

field. That's all we're asking for. 1 2 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Thank you. 3 Thank you both so much. 4 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Have to start 5 with the basics. COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Yeah. 6 7 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Yeah. 8 MS. IRENE FIRTH: In everything, 9 we need a starting point. Who knows where the end 10 point will end up, but you need a starting point. 11 You need to start with things people worry about, 12 basic --13 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Needs. 14 MS. IRENE FIRTH: -- housing, 15 living conditions --16 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Food and 17 security. 18 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Healthcare, that 19 is at par with the rest of Canada. You know, it's 20 having -- you walk into a health centre and they 21 say, oh, there's nothing wrong with you, here's 22 some Tylenol, go home. Then months later you're 23 diagnosed with cancer sort of thing. 24 We need things that are at par 25 with the rest of Canada. Start with the basics, 26 housing and healthcare. 27 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Yeah. 28 MS. IRENE FIRTH: You know, that

in itself would take a lot of worries away from 1 2 people, then they can begin to focus on other things as their healing journey and how to break 3 this circle of violence and alcoholism and 4 5 everything else that comes along with residential schools, missing and murdered, and these belief 6 7 systems that we were taught when we were in 8 residential school, how to break all of that. 9 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Yeah. 10 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Start with the 11 basics. That's it. 12 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Thank you. 13 Unless you have anything else you want to add? 14 15 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: No, thank you, Madam Commissioner. I believe that we're 16 ready for the next stage, because we've finished 17 18 the dialogue aspect of the hearing. 19 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Okay. 20 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So the 21 gift giving. 2.2 PRESENTATION OF GIFTS: 23 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Ah, I get 24 to give presents. We have a number of gifts for 25 you, little gifts. 26 One of the things that we were 27 taught early on is the importance of exchanging gifts to acknowledge. You've give us a huge gift; 28

you've given us knowledge, you've given us wisdom, 1 2 you've given us recommendations. 3 We've got little gifts that are from the Inquiry. We have some Arctic cotton 4 5 gathered, I believe this one is from Nunavut, and 6 then some Labrador tea that was gathered in 7 Nunavik. This is a small gift from the Inquiry. 8 There is also, as this work has 9 started, the relationships from community to 10 community have grown, and communities we've been to 11 want to give gifts to the communities we're going 12 to and to the families and to survivors, and to acknowledge you, the matriarchs, the strong women 13 of the Haida Gwaii Nation want to gift you eagle 14 15 feathers from their territory. 16 The families in Thunder Bay and the people of the Thunder Bay area made little 17 18 beaded red dresses as pins. 19 Then the Native Women's 20 Association of the Northwest Territories is giving 21 a little blanket to each family. 2.2 So I get to hand these gifts off 23 to you, but they're gifts from many different 24 places acknowledging your connection, honouring 25 you, honouring Linda. So I'm going to put the mic 26 down and come see you guys with these gifts. 27 MS. RUBY FIRTH: Okay, thank you. 28 MS. IRENE FIRTH: Thank you.

Thank you for having us. I believe things happen 1 2 for a reason. Like I said earlier, this just came up all of a sudden. Something will come of it. 3 4 --- Exhibits (code: P01P09P0205) 5 Exhibit 1: Single digital 6 image of Linda Firth 7 COMMISSIONER ROBINSON: Thank you. 8 Hearing # 2 9 Witnesses: Angie Sabourin, Grace Sabourin and Violet 10 Sabourin. 11 In relation to Roberta Lynn Sabourin 12 Commission Counsel: Christa Big Canoe MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Good 13 afternoon, Commissioner Eyolfson. I'd like to 14 15 introduce the next family that will be sharing their story of Roberta Lynn Sabourin. Immediately 16 beside me is Angie Sabourin. I'm saying it wrong. 17 18 Can you say it once for me? Sabourin, is it? 19 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Sabourin. 20 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Sabourin. 21 I apologize, I'm wanting to over-pronounce 22 something, Sabourin. Right beside her is Grace 23 Sabourin, and then we have Violet Fabian(ph). 24 In support is Laureen "Blu" Waters 25 Gaudio, Max Mahoney, and we also have Cindy Harris. 26 We may be joined by Janice Sabourin, but she just needed to step out. She may 27 come back, and if she does she'll sit beside 28

1 Violet. Before we get started, the witness 2 in the front row here would like to promise --3 4 THE REGISTRAR: Hi. My name's 5 Gladys, I'm the Registrar. So, Angie, Grace and Violet, do you promise to tell your truth in a good 6 7 way to day? 8 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yes. 9 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Yes. 10 MS. VIOLET SABOURIN: Yes. 11 PROMISED: ANGIE SABOURIN PROMISED: GRACE SABOURIN 12 PROMISED: VIOLET SABOURIN 13 14 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Thank you. 15 I anticipate the family will be sharing the story of Roberta Lynn. Roberta was a 42-year-old mother 16 with five children, she had four daughters and one 17 18 son. Roberta died from an apparent stab wound in 19 the Mackenzie Place highrise in Hay River, 20 Northwest Territories on April 8th, 2015. 21 We want to start with Angie, who 22 is Roberta's mother. Angle was going to start by 23 sharing some of Roberta's strengths and some fond 24 memories. Do you want to tell us a little bit about Roberta? 25 26 PRESENTATION BY ANGLE SABOURIN: 27 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: My name is 28 Angie Sabourin and I'm from Hay River, NWT, and I

have my supporters here with me, my daughter Grace, 1 Violet, Cindy, Max and Laureen. 2 3 My daughter Roberta, she's a fifth 4 child and she has a younger brother and a younger 5 sister. Her younger brother's name is William and her younger sister is Nicole. As she's growing up 6 7 she seems to be a very quiet girl, but she's the youngest of the other older ones and as she's 8 9 growing up she's tried to be really protective of 10 her family. 11 She loved her family, and as she's 12 growing up she respected elders. That's the way I 13 brought them up, to respect their elders, all my kids, and to be smart in school and respect their 14 15 teachers and that. She followed my discipline very 16 17 well. As she grew older she had a daughter, her 18 first daughter, her name Desirée(ph). She grew up 19 to be a good mother to her daughter, but of course 20 she's young, she's outgoing and she had a two-track 21 mind at that time; she wanted to be a mother or she 22 wanted to go back to school. 23 Anyways, she went to B.C. Anyways 24 so she had Desirée then she had a boy, he was 25 Tory(ph). At that time she left and she went to 26 B.C. to go back to school and she wanted to be --Aboriginal law, so she did that. She want to B.C. 27 28 then she got settled in, then she came back and got

Desirée, she has her son with her, so she left and she moved. About -- Desirée was four and Tory was about three, then I don't know what happened between her and B.C. My younger daughter, Nicole,

6 had to go pick them up, but she stayed. Anyway, so7 after that she came back.

8 Like in her time, she did travel a 9 little bit, like with her cousins. She went to 10 Ontario and that, and from there she's been through 11 to the States, out of Canada for a while, and then 12 she came back home.

Then she met Mark, and they had a 13 little girl, and then she left again, back to B.C. 14 15 That guy, Mark, brought her to Peace River, from there she took a bus. Then she got lonely for the 16 kids, so she came back to Hay River. Then she got 17 18 settled with Mark. But there's so many powerful 19 things out there that never works for you. 20 I like Mark, Mark's like her old 21 man, like he's pretty good to her and they had a 22 little girl, plus taking care of the two older 23 ones. By then her daughter had her first baby, so 24 she became a grandma. Then, as time goes on, she 25 takes off, she goes on a trip or whatever. Then 26 Mark didn't like that, Mark wanted a quiet woman to settle down with and take care of the kids. 27 But Mark mostly took care of her kids while she did 28

1 what she wanted.

2 Then Mark had enough and told her straight out that he couldn't do this anymore. But 3 he kept the kids because her, she started going 4 5 around looking for work. Then she got a job with [indiscernible] Construction, they were real big, 6 she was doing that for a while. 7 8 Then she goes back to the 9 restaurant, waitress for a while. That's where she 10 met all kinds of elders from different communities and she loved the elders. So the elders used to 11 12 come from different communities to get their taxes. She's working, she enjoys that. 13 14 Anyways, now what happens was she 15 met Brad, Brad Jacobs, and everything's going good for a while again, and they had a little girl, her 16 name was Mykayla(ph), and then she had another one 17 18 named Kerissa(ph). But still, it's -- the quy 19 she's with he's more likely [indiscernible]. But 20 they try to be together for their kids. 21 Anyways, so she was still doing 22 what she's doing most of the time, goes to work and 23 he goes to work. Anyway, so I took her and I took kids to Edmonton to go spend time with her 24 daughter. We did that in spring break or in the 25 26 summertime -- yeah, in the summertime we went to visit Desirée in Edmonton. 27

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Then when we came back we ended up

with her kids, the two youngest ones, and did what 1 she wanted to do, we took care of her kids. We 2 tried not to get mad at her for doing what she's 3 doing. Well, she's old enough, you know, like --4 you know, she'll come home and pick-up her kids, 5 but -- she'll pick them up for a while and then it 6 7 happens again. 8 Anyway, so one day Social Services 9 brought them to us and asked if we could take care 10 of them until she decides what she wants to do. 11 Anyway, so we had the kids, and I 12 think they were four and two, four and three? MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Three, four. 13 14 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yeah. 15 Mykayla was four and Kerissa was three. Anyway, so about a few years later, just the year that she was 16 going to get killed, we went to Edmonton. I told 17 18 her, "You and the kids come with me and we'll take the kids for Easter break." Okay, so we left for 19 20 Easter break to Edmonton to go see her daughter. 21 We got to Edmonton on Thursday, 22 and then so it's Friday, Saturday, now she says she 23 wants to go back to Hay River. I told her, I said, "We're supposed to stay for a week." "I'll take 24 the kids back with me," she said, "I'll bring them 25 26 to Grace." I said, "Why you refuse, you want to rush back for?" I said, you know, "We'll just 27 visit for longer time." 28

But anyway, so she left on the 1 7th. We took her to the bus depot near my 2 granddaughter and we stayed around there until she 3 went on a bus with the two girls. Me, I stayed 4 behind because my sister-in-law was leaving on 5 6 Wednesday and I was going to get a ride back with 7 her to Hay River. 8 Anyway, so she left. We keep in 9 contact with one another for somebody to pick her 10 up in High Level and that, and she got somebody 11 already [indiscernible]. 12 Anyway, so she phoned late that night to let us know that she made it back to Hay 13 River, "I just dropped the kids off at Grace." I 14 15 said, "Okay. Well, that's fine, you made it home, okay." That was on the night of the 7th. 16 17 Anyway, so the next morning, it's 18 8:00, Clara came and picked me up and we left to 19 Hay Rover. My youngest daughter, Nicole's 20 birthday, and she phoned once. She said, "Mom, you're coming back already?" I said, "Yeah, I'm 21 22 catching a ride back with your Auntie Clara." She 23 said, "Okay. I'll check on you again after," she said. I said, "Okay." 24 25 Anyway, so she never called again 26 until we hit High Level, just seven hours before we get to Hay River -- no, three hours before we get 27 28 to Hay River, and she phoned me. I looked at the

time, it was 6:00-7:00, about 6:00, we're just 1 2 leaving High Level, and she called, and then my 3 phone was dying. 4 "Well," I said, "make it fast because my phone is dying." She said, "Okay, mom." 5 6 She said, "You're travelling with Auntie?" I said, "Yeah." She said, "Well, I'm going to be with you 7 during this travel," she said "I'm going to be with 8 9 you just so Auntie Clara gets home safe." I said, 10 "Okay." 11 Anyways, so she said, "I won't 12 phone again, you say your phone is dying." She started laughing and then she hung up. About 8:45 13 we hit Hay River, turning off to the reserve, and 14 15 my nephew Isaac got a phone call. She said, "Oh yeah, she's here," she says, and she handed me the 16 phone. She said, "Auntie Roberta got stabbed." I 17 18 thought it was just a minor, I took the phone and I 19 answered it. I don't know who was phoning me, they 20 said, "You'd better come to the hospital, Roberta 21 got stabbed." 22 So I told Clara, we turned around 23 by the -- one of the offices going to the reserve, 24 and we got to the hospital and I seen -- I seen 25 Elder Celine(ph) and her son George, I knew that it 26 was more than a stab. I knew something happened. Then when I walk into the hospital 27 28 my sister Violet walked up to me and said, "She

never made it." Three hours after she talked to me 1 2 she was dead. Everybody was crying and... Then mv daughter, she was behind us on the road, I quess 3 her too she come walking into... 4 5 She was -- my daughter Roberta was -- she inspired a lot of people in her special way. 6 7 She can be mean, she can be nice, she can respect you, and she can call you down. But best of all, 8 9 she likes people. There's no reason to say 10 anything to her, she's okay. But she had a lot of people I didn't know that was all there for her. 11 12 They said she was rare, very rare lady. She didn't inspire only people in the community, but she 13 inspired people all over the north that knew her. 14 15 Then she -- she's really 16 protective. That night that we got there was on 17 the 8th, and the word got around that she passed 18 The next day my niece phoned, she messaged me. on. They may be cousins, but when they're younger than 19 20 her they call her auntie. She said, "Auntie," she 21 says, "Auntie Roberta told you not to cry for her," 22 she said. That was her last breath, that's the 23 last words she said when they took her out of the highrise. 24

Anyway, so as time goes on -- that happened in April, yeah. April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November -- seven months later the -- was it the RCMP that called

you? 1 2 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Wasn't seven 3 months, it was less than two months. 4 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yeah. 5 Anyway, so the RCMP had called, told us they were going to have a meeting with us. So my daughter 6 7 Grace and her boyfriend Max, my sister Violet, myself, and my cousin Alex -- I just call him my 8 9 brother -- he came with us. So we got to the 10 police station and they put us in a room where there was an RCMP prosecutor for the Crown --11 12 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Investigators from Yellowknife. I can't remember the dates. 13 14 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: There was a 15 cop, the Crown, prosecutor, investigator --16 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: And a social 17 worker. 18 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: -- and the --19 yeah. 20 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: And the 21 investigative team. 2.2 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Anyway, so 23 when we sat there, want to listen to what they're 24 going to tell us about what happened to the girl that stabbed my daughter. They told us that -- was 25 26 that she pleaded not guilty. She pleaded not quilty, because she said she did it in self-27 defence. Since Lori had no criminal records, so 28

she didn't get charged. 1 2 When we went to talk to them the 3 session didn't take long. Just like they wanted to get rid of us. None of us showed up in court, they 4 5 never told us there was a court. We didn't know nothing about it. After it's over, then they tell 6 us that the court was over. 7 8 What did my daughter did to 9 deserve this? She fought on behalf of her sisters 10 and cousins and everything, but she never took a weapon to kill anybody. She never used a weapon 11 12 against no one. While I sat there I heard 13 different stories, three different stories from the 14 15 law. While she was down bleeding, did she get up again to attack her? No, because Shayda(ph) told 16 me the minute the ambulance came she said she never 17 18 got up, she got stabbed and that was that. But the law said she gets up and she go and run against the 19 20 knife or she was down bleeding already in self-21 defence. While she was down she still fought. 2.2 That is bullshit. Because that's three different 23 stories I heard while I was in that session. 24 So until today, that's what really 25 bothers me. 26 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: We still 27 can't get answers. 28 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Nothing

happened to the person that killed her. Today
 she's still walking around free while my daughter
 is gone.

That day before it happened she talked to a whole bunch of friend that were in Hay River. She told them that she got threat by her before and then she got threat again that day, and she wanted to approach her, talk to her and why, you know, why she wants to kill her.

10 Anyway, so that was really 11 bothering me, was that Lori didn't get charged 12 because they said she had no criminal record. It's 13 just -- that's when my daughter promised that she 14 was going to change her life. She talked to me 15 about it, and she was going to get her babies back 16 and stuff like that.

But until today we've still got the girls. They were too young anyway to think about what happened. Yeah, it was just -- it's the little girls that I'm really -- no more hugs from the mom or presents or anything. That is hard going through this life.

MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Grace, can I ask you a couple questions too? Did you want to start with sharing some of Roberta's strengths? Then maybe I can ask you some questions about what you remember from the hospital and after.

Thank you.

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PRESENTATION BY GRACE SABOURIN: 1 2 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Okay. Her strongest strengths were her friendship. She got 3 along with everybody and anybody. She made friends 4 5 very easily. Every time you see her -- if we 6 didn't see each other for two days we still got a 7 hug, all the time. If we seen each other within 24 hours, every time we seen each other it was always 8 9 a hug, everybody, every family member got a hug 10 regardless and a big smile and whatever kind of joke she wanted to tell, she always told us jokes. 11 12 So anyway, she was a strong people person, made friends very easily and she loved. 13 She had a big heart. If some people had no place 14 15 to stay, she opened up her home and her heart to them. That was just the way she was. Very 16 friendly, laughed all the time, liked to smile. 17 18 That's probably one of her strongest points. It's 19 so hard to say. I try to think about it sometimes, 20 I try not to, but once in a while it does hit. 21 Every time people seen her and I walking together, they always, "Oh, here come the 22 23 Twisted Sisters." Like, we got along so well and 24 we laughed a lot. We fought too once in a while, we argued, but we always became friends again 25 26 within a short period of time. Never stayed mad at each other for long. 27

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She loved every single one of us,

some equally, some more. But it didn't matter, as 1 2 long as she loved us, and we loved her. 3 That's one of her strongest points, was her personality; strong, friendly. 4 She 5 had lots of friends. Everywhere we went she was always talking to somebody, I'm standing on the 6 7 side waiting while she's always yapping and always greeting people, people I don't even know 8 9 sometimes, so she'll introduce me to them. She's 10 more outgoing than I am, so she was more of a 11 people person. 12 So that's one of her strongest was 13 that, was her personality, her happiness. If she was down and out and whatever, she always gave me a 14 15 phone call. It was so weird, because sometimes we'd look at the phone, either I would call or she 16 would call, and we knew exactly who it was. I bet 17 18 Roberta's going to call I'd be thinking, sure 19 enough the phone would ring within seconds. I'd 20 pick it up, "I knew it was you." I'd always say 21 that. Or I'd call her, "I knew it was you." That's how close we were. 22 23 So that's -- yeah, we had a big 24 powerful relationship together. 25 That day when that happened I was 26 at my daughter Misty's because Misty and her common-law husband work at the mine, so I was 27

watching my grandchildren, and also Roberta's two

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daughters, her youngest ones. My granny, when she 1 was alive, she was there with us too, and Max, and 2 3 two of Sonia's friends. We had a whole trailer 4 full. 5 Roberta and Brad showed up 2:00 in the afternoon, it was beautiful outside that day, 6 7 April 8th. We were sitting outside just with tshirts, no sweaters or anything, sitting around the 8 9 -- well sitting outside on a deck anyway. We sat 10 there for four hours, laughed and joked around and 11 teased each other. 12 Then they decided to leave at 6:00. So she left first and then Brad -- it was 13 her and Brad showed up, her common-law. So after 14 15 they left I got the first phone call at 9:00 at night, said Roberta was involved in a stabbing. 16 Of course, I thought it was just a superficial one or 17 18 maybe she's got a little bit of stitches and stuff 19 like that. So I didn't take it seriously. 20 Then 11:00 I got a phone call 21 again, and demanding that I go to the hospital, I 22 don't think my sister's going to make it. Of course, again, I never thought to take it 23 seriously, never thought anything that devastating 24 or horrifying had happened. 25 26 So I got to the hospital and everybody was -- of course made sure the kids were 27

-- because it was Easter long weekend, so there

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were no school so the kids were still up when I 1 2 left. So I walked in there, there was people all around, nobody even gave me any warning. 3 4 So I walked into the emergency 5 room and there was -- she was laying on the whatever you call it, the bed. There was a doctor 6 7 in the middle and the two nurses standing on the side and they just looked at me, just shook their 8 9 head. I understood what they meant and I collapsed 10 on the floor and I took my parka(ph) and I covered 11 myself with it. I just screamed out loud, as loud 12 as I could. I still couldn't believe. That's when Max came in and he 13 walked me out. As we were walking out my mom was 14 15 coming in. I couldn't even face her, I couldn't even look at her, the hurt was -- I still couldn't 16 believe it. So we walked outside, went to the 17 18 truck and regrouped a little bit. 19 Then I walked back in. By then my 20 other auntie was there -- my auntie was there 21 already, Auntie Violet. So I just stood there and 22 I started rubbing her arm because she was still 23 warm. So I was rubbing for as long as I can because she was still warm. 24 25 Then I just went home, went back 26 to my daughters. Brad didn't want to be by 27 himself, so he came there and slept. My mom also didn't want to be by herself, so they joined us at 28

1 my daughter's trailer. So we had a trailer full of 2 family.

3 Now try to explain that to her two youngest daughters that me and my mom were bringing 4 5 up already. We already had them in custody with 6 us. Still today, me and my mom are still bringing 7 up her two youngest daughters, they're eight and 8 nine now. Now they are starting to recognize and 9 starting to try understand what happened to their 10 mother.

11 I know it's going to affect them 12 as they get older and older, because only now they're trying to comprehend what happened to her. 13 14 That they realize that their mom's never going to 15 come back. They really miss her. They still -they write little stories to her, they make cards 16 17 for her and stuff for Mother's Day. They still do 18 that. Once in a while I find little notes in their 19 little notebooks, their little journals, about how 20 they talk about their mom. They always call her, 21 my mommy. Mommy did this or mommy told me this and... 22

23 So it's kind of hard bringing up 24 two little girls who lost their mother. So I'm 25 thankful me and my mom are there for them, and the 26 rest of the family.

But after that when I first found
out that Lori had got out on bail due to -- that

was the first session that we had with them was 1 2 when they told us that she was going to get out on bail, due to because she had no prior charges or 3 criminal history. 4 5 I can't remember if it was in May, but I think she went to court in June for bail, and 6 7 then we found out after that, I don't know what day it was, because then it was a blur. 8 9 Then what I did was I turned to 10 alcohol of course to try and kill the pain, 11 grieving, and went through a couple panic attacks, 12 anxiety attacks, crying and screaming for no reason at all. It's a good thing Max was there, because 13 he grounded me. I didn't want to do it in front of 14 15 my family, so I just mostly did it privately. To me, justice was not done, she 16 got away with murder. Just because my sister had 17 18 - because of her lifestyle and her previous history 19 of assault and stuff like that, but never once in 20 those assaults has she ever used a weapon, which my 21 mom said is true. 2.2 Still today I'm still grieving. 23 It's not as hard as it used to be, but it's still there. I still breakdown and cry once in a while 24 25 thinking about her. Her daughters too are getting 26 closer and closer to me. I think it's because now they realize that their mom won't be here, so now I 27 28 get the hugs and kisses that my sister should have

1 been getting. So it's a hard process to go 2 through.

3 The grieving is not as bad as the 4 beginning, but it's still there. Sometimes I think 5 she should have been here, she shouldn't be where 6 she is right now. She's supposed to be here with 7 us, not over there. It's just really hard to talk 8 about sometimes, but I'm glad to bring it out. 9 Still, it's a hard process to go through. I still 10 believe that she should receive justice. 11 What I really wish for is this 12 case to be reopened and her to be retried, and to let her know that we did not forget what she did to 13 our sister, my sister, grandmother -- she's also a 14 15 grandmother, an auntie, daughter. Like, all that was taken away from all of us when she did that to 16

18 To me, no justice has been served 19 thanks to the prosecutors. Thanks to them, it's 20 just like they wanted just to close the case as 21 fast as they could and basically just forgot about 22 her. It's like they didn't even try hard enough. 23 Is it because she was an Aboriginal woman and her lifestyle? Just because she liked to party and 24 drink? That was no reason for her to die and for 25 26 them to just ignore her and close the case so 27 quickly.

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my sister.

Not even four months, and then she

got away with murder, she walked scot-free. 1 Meanwhile, my sister's six feet under. 2 3 I just want people to know that if other people are going through this, try fight for 4 5 reopening the case if you know that what happened to your loved one was wrong. The court system, the 6 criminal justice system, failed her and us. 7 8 Thank you. 9 QUESTIONS BY COMMISSION COUNSEL: 10 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Grace, 11 before you pass the microphone, can I just ask you 12 a couple quick questions just to clarify? You've read this article? 13 14 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Yeah. 15 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: In the article -- there's an article that I'll be passing 16 up to you, Commissioner Eyolfson -- it's titled, 17 18 "Murder Charge Stayed in Stabbing: Crown says it can't prove the accused did not act in self-19 20 defence." That's the title. 21 But the part I'm referring to, 22 Grace, is closer to the end of the article, because 23 what you've just shared with us is your 24 frustrations at not understanding how they couldn't even call the evidence. They didn't even call 25 26 evidence, it was a decision made, they brought you 27 into a space and just told you there wasn't enough 28 evidence.

1 In the article it says that you 2 were holding out hope, that maybe they'd find more evidence. 3 4 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Yeah, that's 5 what I was hoping for, yeah. 6 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: This article was back in 2015, and so obviously there's 7 been some time passed. I think your biggest 8 9 contention was the fact -- you had stated, in fact, 10 "Grace Sabourin said, the family was told her sister had walked into the knife." Can you explain 11 12 that to us a little bit more? MS. GRACE SABOURIN: I can't 13 14 remember -- I heard it -- it might have been when 15 we went for that -- that initial interview when 16 they warned us that she's going to get out on bail, and I'm pretty sure that's when they said that, 17 18 that she walked into the knife. 19 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yeah. 20 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Yeah, because 21 you heard it too, right, when they said that? 2.2 Yeah. 23 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: 24 [indiscernible]. 25 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Yeah. 26 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: I'm sorry, 27 just one more question. 28 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Okay.

MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So when 1 2 they announced the murder charge was being stayed, because that actually happened in court, and the 3 media touched based with you, you spoke with some 4 media to explain the family's frustrations? 5 6 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: That was over the phone, yeah. 7 8 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So you're 9 the one that ...? I just missed the last part of 10 your answer. 11 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Oh, they 12 contacted me over the phone that time. 13 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So you were just responding to what happened in the news. 14 15 But your mother had said that you guys didn't go to court, so you didn't even know that --16 17 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: We knew when 18 the court date was. You see, back then it was such 19 a blur because I went on a -- I went on a... I 20 don't know if it -- well, it's because the pain was 21 still there and it's like we didn't really want to 22 face it. Because to -- it was still too 23 unbelievable and too fresh. Like, it was too soon, 24 how fast the justice system went and dealt with it. 25 Like, you know, other trials go 26 for like one or two years and stuff like that, but 27 that one went just like that. It was too quick 28 even for us even to -- to even try get beyond that.

She just died and then we have to go through the 1 2 court process and stuff. 3 So when we heard that stay 4 charges, I know what that means, they wait for on 5 year unless new -- new evidence -- unless they find new evidence. Nothing was forthcoming, waited a 6 7 year and nothing. It's just -- it was just too 8 fast, too quick. It's like they just, poof, let's 9 get this over and done with and close it so we can 10 move on to another case. 11 They didn't treat her as a human 12 being, as a person. Just like a case, that was it, 13 a file. 14 So thanks. 15 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: I know 16 Violet was just about to add something. 17 PRESENTATION BY VIOLET SABOURIN: 18 MS. VIOLET SABOURIN: I just 19 wanted to mention, on the day that the 20 investigators had called in -- called us in for a 21 meeting to discuss about the -- what was going to 22 happen, what happened in court. So that was the 23 day that Angie and I and Grace, and my cousin Alex 24 and Max was there also. Anyway, the investigators 25 had talked with us about what was going to happen 26 to Lori. That's her name, right, Lori? They explained to us how she had 27 28 pleaded not guilty because she claimed self-

defence. So then was there anything else that you 1 2 quys -- was there anybody else that was interviewed at that time of the -- that -- when Lori killed 3 Roberta? He told me this, that she -- she claimed 4 5 not -- self-defence. Then the second time he -- they 6 7 were -- continued talking and then -- and then they told me that -- they told us how Roberta had ran 8 9 into the knife -- or the weapon. Then I said, 10 "What?" I said, "I cannot see Roberta running into 11 a knife." I said, "I cannot see her doing that." 12 I said, you know, she can -- she will -- she can defend herself. But to run into a knife is -- is 13 not what I see Roberta doing that at all. 14 15 I said, "She had the knife on her." I said, "How in the world is Roberta 16 supposed to run into a knife?" I said, "I cannot 17 18 see it happening." I said, "You're saying she's 19 pleading not guilty or she's pleading self-20 defence." I said, "Well, you guys, how do you know 21 that it's a self-defence? Roberta's not here to 22 defend herself. She's not here to speak. She's 23 not here to tell us what happened. The only one 24 who was also there was people that were in that same apartment." 25 26 Her little cousin, who happens to 27 be my granddaughter, was with her at that time. 28 During that time I spoke to the RCMP, that if
they're to interview my granddaughter, I wanted to 1 2 be there. Because at that time my granddaughter was going through a lot of things. 3 4 When she turned 12 years old she 5 started hallucinating and they said -- the doctor said that she was psychosis. This is why I asked 6 7 the investigators that if they're to interview her, 8 I wanted to be there with her when that happened, I 9 said, because she's not well, and she's not going 10 to remember a lot of things that happened. But anyway, they did interview her 11 12 and they didn't -- they didn't even let me know or try to contact me until I heard someone saying that 13 the cops had -- the RCMP had picked up my 14 15 granddaughter. By that time they were -- I found out it was already too late, they had already 16 spoken with her. I was really upset about that. 17 18 I tried talking to my granddaughter and she wouldn't -- she wouldn't talk 19 20 about it. I'm not sure what they said to her, 21 because she was probably -- she was 15 that time, I 22 believe she was 15 that time, and she's not going 23 to remember anything. She's -- that's because she had mental problems. 24 25 Then they interviewed her what, 26 two days, maybe a couple days after that that 27 Roberta passed away. 28 When we were in the RCMP station

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and it's like telling us what was going to happen 1 2 and how the charges were going to be dropped, because she pleaded self-defence. 3 4 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: There was 5 another thing too, was nowhere did we ever hear about, even from the investigators or for the RCMP, 6 7 if Roberta had even laid a hand on her when -- that night when that happened. As far as I know, that 8 9 they were having words. There's nowhere, come to 10 think of it, that we heard about Roberta even touching her, laying a hand on Lori. 11 12 After that happened, my cousin that she's talking about, my Auntie Violet's 13 granddaughter, she went -- because this happened on 14 15 the 7th floor, and Shayda went -- went running down to -- through the stairs to the 4th floor where 16 Roberta's common-law husband was, Brad, and told 17 18 him that Roberta got stabbed. So he took off up 19 the stairs to the 7th floor. She was laying in the 20 hallway. 21 By the time he got there, because 22 he -- she got her in the heart, by the time he got 23 there the blood was pumping out of her heart, and

25 stop the bleeding, but it wouldn't because she
26 stabbed the main artery, and she died basically in
27 his arm.

he had -- he stanched his hand over her trying to

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So I'm kind of happy that -- I'm

glad that he made it there so she didn't -- she 1 2 didn't die alone. 3 Thank you. 4 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Hello, I just 5 wanted to say another word, is that where was this guy, that it happened in his apartment at the 6 highrise? I heard that she said he was in the 7 bathroom and didn't witness anything. Surely he 8 9 must have did, because commotion and that, you 10 know, you've got to go check and see what's 11 happening? But why, was he scared and stuck in the 12 bathroom while these things were going on? Lori's the one that started the --13 with Shayda, and Shayda is just a little girl, you 14 15 know, and I think that's what took place between Roberta and Lori, because she tried to protect 16 Shayda. Anyway, she got Shayda out of the way and 17 18 Roberta was trying to grab the knife. 19 I think that's what Shayda told me 20 on the Facebook. She messaged me, she said, 21 "Auntie, Lori had a knife and she's going to 22 Roberta, and Roberta tried to grab the knife away 23 from her by grabbing her arm -- by grabbing her 24 arm, and then she had that knife up and she just 25 stabbed Roberta." 26 She stabbed Roberta by the door. 27 Did Roberta get up -- went against the knife after

what happened? She never got up after she got

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stabbed by that door. That's where they got her --1 2 well, the ambulance I mean. Like, in all the meantime this guy, he's in the bathroom or what? 3 That's one thing that's really puzzling me all the 4 5 time. 6 Like, every time I see him around town I want to approach him and ask him, but I 7 don't want to start nothing with those people. 8 Ι 9 just wanted to let it pass. But coming to think of 10 it, something has to be done about this. Like, are 11 they going to get away with murder? 12 You know, I know criminal record is a really bad record, but from the day you stab 13 somebody, there's your criminal record. They say 14 15 just because she had no criminal record she -- they let her go free. We didn't even get called for 16 court, nobody told us anything. We don't know what 17 18 was going on. We thought the law will handle it 19 for sure, handle it like what... 20 I feel like freaking out at that 21 session, but I was held back, really held back. 22 QUESTIONS BY COMMISSION COUNSEL, CONT'D: 23 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So the 24 family has now shared a couple of things. I want to kind of circle back around and touch on -- one 25 of them was coping, like following the loss of your 26 sister there were different ways to cope. I'm just 27

28 curious if there was any services.

So regardless of what was 1 2 happening with the charges and when they got stayed, did Victim Services reach out to you, did 3 4 you have --5 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: No, nobody. Not, not as far as I can remember, no, nobody even 6 7 offered or... Well, our family too, we kind of 8 depend on each other. We're kind of like a private 9 family. Even how big we are, we have a big 10 extended family and we kind of use each other for support. So that was our support system then after 11 12 that happened. 13 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: But you can't recall specifically while --14 15 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: No. 16 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: -- you're 17 waiting for the bail or while you were waiting for 18 anything --19 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: No. 20 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: -- whether 21 the family dealt with Victim --22 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Nothing. 23 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So if there were things available, or now, would you want 24 to access things so that you guys can take that 25 26 time to bereave and potentially if you wanted 27 counselling -28 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: I don't know,

because like it's -- it's been -- this April will 1 2 be three years already. I don't know, it's so hard 3 to say on my part, but I'm just speaking for myself 4 right now. 5 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Was there anything that would help after, when you first lost 6 Roberta, would there have been services or 7 something that might have helped you? 8 9 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yeah, because 10 like -- to me, like after I lost my daughter, like 11 -- just like we drifted apart. The family drifted 12 apart, because we lost our most favourite person there. I tried to talk for us to stick together, 13 so we just mourn all by ourselves, and that didn't 14 15 seem to help at all. 16 It took me about a year to a year and a half to be back at what I'm doing. I enjoy 17 18 - like, after I retired, I enjoy sewing, go for my 19 walks. It's no use for me to do that. What do I 20 want to live for anyway? You know, I lost my girl, 21 I don't want to live. 2.2 But then I didn't realize that I 23 had other girls over there who are not 24 communicating as much as they used to. Janice here 25 in Yellowknife and Nicole was in Calgary, and 26 William is in Calgary, Arnold's in Edmonton, that we all drifted away. 27 28 So I had two girls, my girl Grace

and Kim, and just like sometimes we don't know what 1 2 to say to one another. We may -- we may love each other, but then the one we lost was the most 3 important thing in our life and she's gone, and we 4 5 had no use for anybody else. That's what we -- it was all in our head. 6 7 But come to think of it, like 8 Roberta had other daughters and sons out there, 9 granddaughters and great-granddaughter, and that --10 that kept me going. 11 My mother -- lost my mother too 12 that same year -- no, a year after. 13 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Same year, 14 mom. 15 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: 2016 --16 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Actually, maybe we can have that family picture. 17 18 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: -- and then I 19 lost my mother 2016, yeah. 20 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Maybe we 21 can have that family picture pulled up and you can 22 point for me. 23 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yeah. 24 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Maybe can 25 we ask to have the one group family picture pulled 26 up? See the picture? So if we're talking about the three women in the middle that --27 28 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: That's my

mother, right there, my daughter Roberta and my 1 2 sister Irene. All those three in a row like that, they're all gone. Yeah, I lost my sister to 3 cancer, the one in the back. Then there's me, 4 5 Nicole, Grace and Janice. 6 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So the 7 family had a hard time keeping connected without 8 the person that kind of connected you the most. So 9 would there have been something or is there 10 something you would like, some type of service or anything, counselling, that would maybe help, that 11 12 you would be interested in? MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: 13 14 [indiscernible]. 15 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Is there a type of -- because you didn't get that chance, is 16 there any type of services or counselling or 17 18 anything that you and the family might be 19 interested in doing? 20 So just so we're all on the same 21 page here, then the Commissioner knows what 22 everybody's chatting about. When I say is there 23 anything that could help, like self-care, some type of programming, counselling, not necessarily today, 24 but moving forward, that might help? 25 26 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: I'll probably 27 have to look into it to see which kind of program 28 would probably suit me. But I'll have to search

and find out, because I haven't really looked for 1 2 any help yet besides just certain immediate family 3 members. 4 I have -- I find it hard because 5 I'm a private person, it's the first time I'm actually sitting here talking about this. 6 7 Sometimes I think I can deal with it on my own, but time will tell, I'll have to find out for myself. 8 9 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: One of the 10 other things I wanted to ask, and whoever's in a 11 position to answer it, I understand both Angie and 12 Grace take care of Roberta's two youngest 13 daughters. Their names again were...? 14 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Mykayla and 15 Kerissa. 16 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Kerissa? 17 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Kerissa. 18 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Kerissa 19 and Mykayla? 20 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: Mykayla's 21 nine, Kerissa's eight. Kerissa will be 10 at the 22 end of February -- no, Mykayla will be 10 at the 23 end of February, Kerissa will be nine at the end of 24 March. So we've been looking after them, probably a 25 year before -- two years before this happened, a 26 year and a half. That year when Roberta passed 27 away they were working on getting the girls back, 28 yeah, because my mom and I we're still raising them

right now. 1 2 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So, you 3 know, you both had talked about the fact that they're going to grow-up without their mom. 4 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: M'hmm. 5 6 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: But that 7 they sometimes do things like write Mother's Day 8 cards. There was something, Angie, you had told me 9 about the girls taking pictures of their mom. Can 10 you tell us that, a little bit more about that, what the girls do with pictures of their mom? 11 12 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: What do the 13 girls do with pictures of their mom? 14 The used -- they take them to bed 15 or they hang -- they actually hang them all over the fridge with magnets. 16 17 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: They 18 sometimes take them to bed, do I understand, and 19 put them under their pillows? 20 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: That's her 21 granddaughter. 2.2 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: That's her 23 granddaughter. So in that --24 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: 25 [indiscernible] through her grandkids. That's my 26 daughter, Roberta's -- my daughter Roberta's 27 granddaughter, Ember(ph). That was the last visit she had with them. Today she's seven. I believe 28

she was five right there, starting kindergarten. 1 2 Yeah, she just got off Head Start and today she's seven years old. Her last visit to her daughter --3 4 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: So I 5 understand though one of the things her daughters do, and they both live with you, is they take 6 pictures of their mother sometimes to bed with them 7 8 and put them under the pillow. Why do you allow 9 that or why do you -- what's important about that? 10 When they go to bed with the 11 picture right under their pillow, that you thought 12 that's really important because ...? 13 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yeah. Well, her daughters -- well, they're still young, but 14 15 they always have their mom's picture under their pillow. That's Kerissa, the last baby she had. 16 Ι 17 let them be, to have their mom's picture under 18 their pillow. But sometimes I will get very upset 19 because Mykayla will pick on Kerissa right about 20 now, and Kerissa will throw herself on a couch or 21 wherever she can - can be, and she'll be crying, 22 "Mommy! Mommy!" if Grace is not there. 23 She'll get that on Sunday only, like kind of hard for me to calm her down. "I want 24 my mommy! I want my mommy!" That made me cry too. 25 26 I told her, I said, "Mommy's picture up there, she's looking at you." I said, "Mommy's an angel 27 now," I said, "she's with you." 28

I told Mykayla, "Don't pick on her 1 for nothing. You're older, you're supposed to be 2 protecting her, not picking on her." Yeah, 3 sometimes they get out of hand by picking on one 4 5 another. 6 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Typical sisters then? 7 8 MS. ANGIE SABOURIN: Yeah. 9 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: I just 10 want to make sure that I'm not missing anything 11 that any of the family members wanted to share 12 before I ask the Commissioner if he has any 13 questions or concerns. 14 I may ask for just a brief break 15 before do get to your comments. But, first, I want 16 to give you the opportunity to add anything if we've overlooked anything. 17 18 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: I just wanted 19 to thank the Inquiry team for continuing this, and 20 hopefully to teach the RCMP and the prosecutors 21 that they just can't ignore cases like this. 22 Because when that happens there's a lot of victims 23 at the end and it's lots of hurt and pain that we 24 all go through. 25 Them just to brush aside a case 26 like this, it's like they don't even treat the 27 person as a person, it's just a file, an number. 28 Okay, that's closed, that's gone, that's it. Case

closed. But, to us, it's never closed. 1 2 I'd just like to than the whole 3 team. Thank you. 4 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: I'm just 5 going to see if I could just have one moment, then I'm going to actually see if you have some comments 6 7 or questions as well please. --- Upon recessing 8 9 --- Upon resuming 10 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: 11 Commissioner Eyolfson, did you have any questions 12 or comments for any of the family members? QUESTIONS BY COMMISSIONER EYOLFSON: 13 14 COMMISSIONER EYOLFSON: I just 15 have a couple of follow-up questions. 16 Christa was asking you about, you know, what services may be of assistance. I'm 17 18 wondering if in raising Mykayla and Kerissa without 19 their mother are there any resources or needs that 20 might assist with that that you can think of or 21 recommend? 2.2 MS. GRACE SABOURIN: They were 23 getting counselling, but because right now they're 24 still under the foster care system and so me and my 25 mom are basically raising them under foster care, 26 and they did -- they were going for counselling, the two little ones. But the only thing we 27 28 couldn't get was the proper resources to get a ride

1 to and from there. They said that we can use 2 medical travel.

3 But, to me, if they really want to be involved, Social Services, and show that they 4 5 care, because they're actually under them, that I 6 figure that they're the ones that should be picking 7 us up and bringing them -- bringing them there to 8 the foster care. Like, it's 13 kilometres out of 9 town. In the wintertime it's all the way around --10 or, no, wintertime we've got an ice crossing, but 11 in the summertime it's all the way around. 12 That's the only support I was trying to ask them for. We never really got it, 13 right, we had to find our own way to bring them to 14 15 counselling. Sometimes they wanted to take them out of school. But, to me, school's more 16 important. Or may have some kind of counselling 17 18 services even on the reserve or have them bring 19 someone over or something. Just so they won't miss 20 so much school because of this.

21 But that's it, just the transportation, there and back. So that's only my 22 23 concern, because I would like to get them back into 24 counselling again. It's been over a year. I think they really need them because they're getting at 25 26 that age now where they probably do need the help before they start -- before they get older and 27 before it starts affecting them more seriously. 28

1 Because there's only so much the 2 family can do, we can do. Yeah, it's only so much we can do. Thank you. 3 4 COMMISSIONER EYOLFSON: Thank you. 5 I don't have any other specific questions, unless 6 there's any other comments or recommendations you 7 wanted to make before we close this session. 8 MS. VIOLET SABOURIN: I just 9 wanted to mention about Mykayla and Kerissa. Last 10 summer I got to keep them for a few months because Grace and Angie needed a -- they were going through 11 12 a rough time. So Social Services got me to watch 13 Mykayla and Kerissa at that time. 14 The time that they spent with me 15 Kerissa would have -- when she was sleeping 16 apparently I guess she -- she would cry at night 17 for her mom. Because I work in the morning and I 18 send them to bed early, it was my -- my daughter 19 heard them -- heard Kerissa crying in the middle of 20 the night, and she was crying for her mom, she was 21 calling for her mom at that time. So my daughter 22 had told me this in the morning after they went to 23 school. 24 So then I called the social worker 25 and mentioned it to her, that the girls should get 26 some counselling, and because this is what the girls -- well, Kerissa was doing at night. She's 27

the youngest one, who is still crying for her mom.

28

I also heard that when she would 1 2 spend the nights over with her little cousins, and my daughter would also hear her crying at night for 3 her mother. She was telling me this, that -- she 4 also told me this, and it kind of like really 5 brought tears to my eyes. She said, "Mom," she 6 7 said, "Kerissa was crying last night for her mom," 8 she said. 9 So I told Crystal(ph) that, "How 10 many times was she doing this?" She said, every 11 time she comes, like at night, with her -- one of 12 her youngest daughters, she said, she would hear her crying. So I said, I'm going to have to do 13 something and talk to the social worker, so we can 14 15 try to like do something for her. 16 I said, she's -- she's too young 17 to be like -- I know she misses her mom, I said, 18 but we have to always remember Roberta and, you 19 know, we've still got to tell her daughters and 20 remind her daughters that you never forget your 21 mother, and your mother's going to always be in 22 your heart. I always tell her that. 23 So that at that time when I had them for the two months I got them to go see a 24 25 counselling, and I brought them to go see the 26 social worker, and she said she was going to take them to go see counselling. I'm not sure if that's 27 28 -- they were still trying to help them with that.

But then two months after that the girls went back 1 2 home to Grace and Angie. 3 I just wanted to mention this. 4 COMMISSIONER EYOLFSON: Thank you. 5 Angie, Grace and Violet, I just want to thank you very much for coming and sharing 6 7 with us today and telling us about Roberta and contributing to the work of the Inquiry. 8 So I just appreciate you coming 9 10 and sharing. We have some small gifts of appreciation for you sharing your truth with us 11 12 today. I'm going to ask Grandmother Blu to help me with this. 13 14 PRESENTATION OF GIFTS: 15 MS WATERS GAUDIO: So, Angie, we 16 want to give you this scarf which was made by the Native Women's Association, as a token of 17 18 appreciation for your coming and telling the story 19 of your daughter and your family. 20 Also in there is an eagle feather 21 for you as well to help you with your journey, to 22 help you with your healing, and to help you with 23 the work that you've taken on with your grandchildren and doing that work. We'd like to 24 just offer you this as a token of appreciation of 25 26 hearing your story and bringing that information to the Commission so they can come forward with 27 recommendations. 28

1	To each of you an eagle feather to
2	help you with your journeys with the work that
3	needs to be done. So we want to just offer this to
4	you so that when you use this you can be at peace
5	knowing that that eagle flies the closest, so your
6	prayers will be taken up to there. There's
7	Labrador tea so you can make some tea and enjoy a
8	nice relaxing evening.
9	Thank you for your words.
10	MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Thank you.
11	Thank you again for sharing.
12	Chief Eyolfson, if we could
13	actually adjourn for today. The hearings will be
14	in the main room of the Nova commencing at 9:00
15	a.m. tomorrow morning. So if we could adjourn
16	until then I would appreciate it.
17	COMMISSIONER EYOLFSON: Okay.
18	Let's adjourn for the day.
19	MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Thank you.
20	So the hearings are adjourned for the day.
21	Exhibits (code: P01P09P0206)
22	Exhibit 1: Folder containing
23	15 digital images and one
24	PowerPoint presentation
25	displayed during the
26	witnesses' public testimony
27	Exhibit 2: PDF of Hay River
28	Hub newspaper edition

1	published December 16, 2015
2	(43rd year, No. 43), which
3	includes cover headline and
4	article "Murder charge stayed
5	in stabbing" by Paul Bickford
6	(20 pages)
7	Exhibit 3: CBC article dated
8	December 11, 2015 titled,
9	"Lori Hansen stabbed Roberta
10	Sabourin In self- defence
11	(sic), say lawyers," by Mitch
12	Wiles, last updated December
13	11, 2015 7:18 AM CT, print
14	date January 24, 2016 (one
15	page)
16	Whereupon the hearing concluded at 6:24 p.m.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I have, to the best of my skill and ability, accurately transcribed from a pre-existing recording

the foregoing proceeding.

Jennifer Cheslock, Transcriptionist