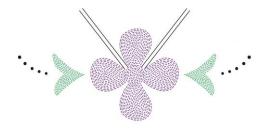
National Inquiry into Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and Girls



Enquête nationale sur les femmes et les filles autochtones disparues et assassinées

National Inquiry into Missing and Murdered
Indigenous Women and Girls
Truth-Gathering Process
Part 1 Public Hearings
Radisson Hotel, Ambassador A
Winnipeg, Manitoba



PUBLIC

Thursday October 19, 2017

Public Volume 13
Alaya McIvor & Rachel Willan;

Erin Houle, Gertrude Flett, Lisa Houle & Sonny Podolaniuk, In relation to Eileen Mary Roulette;

Jenny Lay, In relation to Linda Bighetty

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APPEARANCES

Assembly of First Nations	No Appearance
Les Femmes Michif Otipemisiwak /Women of the Métis Nation	No Appearance
Government of Canada	Anne Turley (Legal counsel) Amber Elliot (Legal counsel) Christine Ashcroft (Legal counsel)
Government of Manitoba	Coral Lang (Legal counsel) Heather Leonoff (Legal counsel) Samuel Thomson (Legal counsel) Kendra Jarvinen (Legal counsel) Mitch Kredenster (Legal counsel)
Manitoba MMIWG2S	Angie Hutchinson (Representative) Leslie Spillett (Representative)
Manitoba Moon Voices	No Appearance
Pauktuutit Inuit Women of Canada & Manitoba Inuit Association	Beth Symes (Legal counsel) Rachel Dutton (Representative, Manitoba Inuit Assocation)
Winnipeg Police Service	Shannon Hanlin (Legal counsel)

Note: For the purpose of establishing this record of attendance, counsel are considered present whether they attended one or all of the public hearings held over the course of the day at the Radisson Hotel, Ambassador Rooms A & B (i.e. the two main public hearing spaces).

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1	Winnipeg, Manitoba
2	Upon commencing on Thursday, October 19, 2017 at 9:04
3	MS. DEBBIE REID: Good morning, everyone.
4	We have some announcements to make just so we get everybody
5	comfortable with what's going on today. So, I'm going to
6	turn it over to my very, very best friend right now,
7	Terrellyn, the Director of Community Relations and Health,
8	and she's going to talk about some announcements.
9	MS. TERRELLYN FEARN: Good morning,
10	everyone. Thank you. I want to welcome you here this
11	morning. My name is Terrellyn Fearn. I am the Director of
12	Health and Community Relations. For those of you that may
13	be joining us new, I just want to share that I am a visitor
14	to this territory. I'm very honoured and humbled to walk
15	on the territory of the Treaty 1 people and the homeland of
16	the Métis people as well. I'm from a small community in
17	Mi'kma'ki, which is Nova Scotia, Glooscap First Nation.
18	So, I'm very honoured to be here.
19	We are moving into the fourth day of hearing
20	so many stories and sharing from our beautiful families and
21	survivors. And, I want to continue to honour them and
22	acknowledge them in their courage and their bravery to come
23	forward and to share. I want to acknowledge all those that
24	danced, those jingle dress dancers that danced in the
25	jingle dress healing dance last night. That was for in

honour of the families and survivors to provide them

support and healing, continuous healing on their long

journey. And, also acknowledge the drum group that was

there as well. So, many thanks for that.

Just some morning announcements. I want to remind everyone of the supports that are available to you. The beautiful fire that we have at Oodena, I want to acknowledge the fire keepers that have been there holding us all in their thoughts and prayer as we journeyed when that fire opened on Monday. So, we do have the shuttle that runs about every 15 minutes from the hotel to Oodena, and there's another one that comes from Oodena to here. And, that's just right out front in the lobby and it's complimentary.

I also want -- just to remind that we have the Elders Room just across the hall here, and there are many beautiful Elders, grandmothers and supports in that room for you as well. We have many different traditional supports, medicines. We also have faith-based supports as well for you to use and access. I know one night they held a prayer group in one of the rooms upstairs.

There's also private space for you to gather. If you would like to sit with someone and speak privately with them, we have therapists and support workers on hand that you can access. You can -- there's a schedule

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at the registration desk. So, I think it's Michelle and 1 Denise, the two friendly faces out there, if you go and ask 2 them, they would be happy to block some time. We also have 3 one of the Elders that's doing Reiki as well, so she's 4 happy to schedule some time. I had her work on my back a 5 6 little bit. It was fabulous. We also have our water, our breathing. 7 Remember to keep ourselves grounded as we walk throughout 8 the day. Just a reminder that the meals are served here as 9 10 well, snacks and dinner -- lunch, as well in the Family Room upstairs for families and survivors, and then the 11 feast again tonight at 6:00 for families and survivors 12 13 upstairs. 14 If you have any questions or concerns, or if you need to speak with someone, I'm here for you as well. 15

you need to speak with someone, I'm here for you as well.
So, please find me or any of the beautiful purple shirts
that are around, and we would be happy to support you in
what ways we can. We're also going to be checking in on
you as well. Anyways, I wish you all a beautiful day and
chi-migwetch.

MS. DEBBIE REID: We have been asked to take into account people of different faith. So, this morning, we're actually going to do three different prayers. We're going to do -- Josie Bear, if she would come up to do a traditional prayer, and then we're going to have Dolly and

Erwin do a Christian prayer, and then Annie to do our Inuit

prayer. So, Josie, would you like to come first? You're

all going to come up together? Excellent. You're scared?

Don't be scared. They don't bite.

MS. JOSIE BEAR: Bonjour. Creator, thank you for this beautiful day. Thank you for bringing us all together as one family. We just ask for strength for the families that are so courageous and brave to come up here and speak their truth. I just pray that you'll keep your hand upon them, and I pray that we listen with our ears open and our hearts open, and to be there to support, and to love and to guide. Chi-migwetch.

MR. ERWIN: As a husband, as a father and as one of the spiritual gatekeepers for our Treaty 1 territories, I'm here to stand with my wife who does the prayer so that I could offer empowerment to our women so that they can arise and pursue their destinies in life. I'll now turn this over to my wife.

MS. DOLLY: Thank you. Good morning, everyone. Can I just share something? As we sat in the debriefing the other morning, the other -- and as I sat there, I looked around the circle, and seeing the women sitting in the circle, and of course, a Bible part came to me where there's a whole chapter in the Bible that talks about a woman. It says, "Who can find a virtuous woman?"

Hearing - Public Opening Remarks

1	Who can find a virtuous woman? It says, "For her price is
2	far above all rubies." And, as I sat there and I looked
3	around, I thought, "Wow." I look and I see gems. It says,
4	"Her price is far above rubies." Women, you are costly,
5	you are priceless. You pay the price, women. A gem is
6	something that is very costly. You see my ring? It's
7	costly. And, just to think this is how this is how
8	we're described. We're described as a gem, something
9	that's paid, that's costs so much money. More than money.
10	You mean so much as women.
11	Then, I thought of I looked up the word
12	"virtuous", and you know what it means? It means warrior.
13	As I sit in this room, I look at warriors. We are
14	fighters, women. We are fighters. I'm a mother, a
15	grandma, a great-grandma, and I'm a fighter. I stand in
16	defence over our women. I know where I've come from, I
17	know my journey and I wasn't always like this. I was down
18	for so many years.
19	You know what? We've been married almost 50
20	years, and I know where I come from, eh? I was just
21	someone to iron his pants, had his lunch on the table at
22	12:00, 5:00 when he walks in the door. But, I want to just
23	I wanted to share this. I look out here and I see gems,
24	I see rubies, I see warriors. We're not quitters. We're
25	going to fight. We're going to fight. We will not keep

1 quiet.

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And, I'm just going to pray a little prayer.

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I love the prayer that Josie prayed. Creator God of the

4 whole universe, we thank you and we're grateful for this

5 day as we look about us. We're so grateful for life.

6 We're thankful for life, the life that you have brought to

7 us, the things that you have given to us, we're forever

grateful. Our families, our girls, our daughters, our

children, we're so thankful for our families today.

We're also thankful for creation. We're thankful for all walks of life today. There's no one as exempted from this walk, and we're so grateful, Lord. We just pray for the families that are in this room today that are going to come forth and will not be silenced anymore. And, Lord, we just look to you for strength for the workers, the people that are involved in heading up this meeting.

We pray supernatural strength into their minds and their souls, spirits, that you help them, give them wisdom, be wise, the words and give them understanding hearts that they're able to understand the people and what they have to share. And, we pray today that everyone in this room would be a strength to one another, that we can walk together cooperatively together where we can have impact, where we can have influence. And, Lord, we just

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And so, although they had originally

thought-provoking ideas and recommendations.

be courageously sharing stories of their lived experience

and they're going to be providing, I anticipate, some very

1	promised their truth, we will be asking them to give
2	another promise statement.
3	MR. BRYAN ZANDBERG: Good morning. Rachel
4	and Alaya, do you promise to tell your truth in a good way
5	today? Thank you.
6	MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: And so, this
7	morning, I understand that Rachel or, no, sorry, Alaya
8	would like to start with some comments.
9	MS. ALAYA MCIVOR: (Indiscernible), first
10	but foremost, I would like to acknowledge the territory
11	that we're gathered on here today is the Treaty 1
12	territory, territory of my ancestors, also the home of the
13	Métis Nation. Prior before I get started, I would like to
L4	acknowledge my spirit name, my spirit names. "She who
15	collects the medicine for the people" and "she who works in
16	the heart for the people". My clan is the Lynx Clan.
17	So, I'm here so prior, leading up to
18	this, so there was, I don't know, there was a mistake in
19	two stories that were trying to be put together. So, I'm
20	going to be telling my story of sexual exploitation and
21	human trafficking.
22	So, what do you call it, this story is going
23	to empower hopefully empower those victims whom are
24	being victimized across Canada to to see a light and to
25	to understand, not only understand understand that

1	they're a victim, but help them identify their roles and
2	responsibilities moving in from that victimization into the
3	survivor role, into the warrior role that they should be
4	in. So, I'm going to I'm not going to get into too much
5	detail. I don't want to take a lot of time.
6	So, one of the things I do and have been
7	doing for a number amount of years is educating our youth
8	across the province here in Manitoba on exploitation and
9	human trafficking. I think it's very important to educate.
10	Education is key when it comes to the issue because our
11	youth are very vulnerable as Indigenous youth.
12	So, one of the things, I actually was just
13	in Brandon yesterday educating Sioux Valley Dakota Nation,
14	a school from grades 9 to 12, on the realities of
15	exploitation, human trafficking and gangs. So, you know, I
16	was very surprised. They were very respectful on the
17	topics and very engaged. Not only engaged, but they were
18	key players in advancing their community and educating
19	their peers on on this issue that we tend to forget,
20	that we tend to not really talk about because of the stigma
21	attached to it.
22	So, I'm just going to start off of where I
23	come from. So, my name is Alaya McIvor. I originate from
24	the Sandy Bay Ojibway First Nation community, 186
25	kilometres northwest on Lake Manitoba shorelines. I come

from a single mother of seven. One of the things when I 1 share my story, I don't ask for no pity, no sympathy, first 2 3 but foremost. So, one of the things with my story is you'll notice that I do a lot of full circles in my story, 4 where I was and where I come from and where I'm at today. 5 6 So, my mother, you know, raised seven kids on her own, tried her best. I don't blame my mother, I 7 don't blame the systems, but what I do is I can help people 8 9 identify, you know, identify those gaps. Not only those gaps but, you know, moving forward in a positive way. So, 10 as far back as I can remember, you know, my mom, you know, 11 tried the best that she could. You know, my mom was, you 12 know, as any other single Indigenous mother that raised --13 tried to raise her children to the best ability as she can. 14 15 But, at the age of 7 was my first encounter with child sexual abuse. Child sexual abuse really 16 17 traumatized me and really traumatized me as a child. And, one of the things the perpetrator had said was that he was 18 going to murder me if -- me and my family if I came forward 19 20 and disclosed. And, to me, as a child, that always played 21 in the back of my head, and the first time I ever shared 22 was when I was 18, and that was a number amount of years to hold that pain. 23 24 But, prior before that, I was put in the 25 care of Child and Family Services at the age of 12 on a

voluntary placement, and this was 30 -- no, 23 years ago. 1 Twenty-three years ago I was put in the care of Child and 2 Family Services in a voluntary placement within my First 3 Nation community, which is Sandy Bay Ojibway First Nation. 4 I was put in the care of my family, and then I was reunited 5 6 on my 12th birthday with my family, and it didn't last for long; you know? It was my birthday and, you know, my --7 one of the things, me and my siblings, we always fought, 8 9 just like any other siblings would, and it was the evening and my mom was like, "You know what? I had enough." She's 10 like, "I can't do this." She's like, "All you guys do is 11 fight, fight." She's like, "Maybe Child and Family 12 Services can help you," you know? And, I was like, 13 "Whatever." And, one of the things was, in Manitoba, here, 14 15 when kids in care run, they're called AWOL. So, what do you call it -- so I went AWOL 16 17 within my community, and one of the things I did was 18 because -- one of the things, here I come here as a trans-Indigenous woman; you know? And, I'm very vocal and 19 instrumental, you know, in Manitoba here and, you know, 20 21 across Canada because there's not too much of people like me that speak up the way I do. One of the things -- one of 22 the things, you know, here in Manitoba, I never seen 23 24 someone that I can look up to, someone that -- someone that was a positive person here in Manitoba to -- to role model; 25

1 you know?

So -- because I see my -- my two-spirit trans individual sisters and brothers really marginalized and oppressed, and exploitation and human trafficking, you know, you name it. You know, so one of the things I wanted to do because I didn't -- I didn't see any of those role models within the community that I -- I told myself that, you know, if I can't -- if I can't see any of those role models, I will be that role model.

So, at 12 years old, one of my only options when I was AWOLing within my community -- one of the only options was suicide; you know? And, one of the things I -- you know, one of the things I tried to do was I tried to commit suicide. I didn't succeed in suicide, and I'm thankful for that. And, at that time, you know, I had thrown an extension cord on a tree and had wrapped it, and I was standing on a log and let myself go. And, what do you call it, I was hanging and that tree broke. And, for me, I didn't know what that would entail and what that purpose was, why that tree broke, up until years later in my life.

So, I was like, "Okay," and it was storming, and then I was like, "I might as well give myself up," and then Child and Family Services came and got me within my community, which is the Dakota Ojibway Child and Family

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Services. I then, within a 24-hour period, was given an 1 ultimatum was to stay in my community and/or to depart my 2 community and go into Winnipeg. Well, as an Indigenous kid 3 in a northern reserve, what would you choose? I chose the 4 city. And, within a 24-hour period, I was purchased a 5 6 Greyhound bus ticket. And, with that Greyhound bus ticket, one of the things was the DOCFS, that was probably the best 7 \$13.00, \$14.00 they ever spent to get a kid out of their 8 9 care not understanding that -- the effects and the trauma that would be bestowed upon that \$13.00, \$14.00 bus ticket. 10 So, what do you call it, I was taken to 11 Portage la Prairie and I was excited to come to Winnipeg, 12 you know, the fast life; you know? And, one of the things 13 my Child and Family Services worker told me driving --14 15 driving into Port, she was like, "You know what? Never come back to the community." And, I was like, you know, 16 17 "Whatever." The woman cannot look at me to this day when I go back home, and one of the things I do is I go back home 18 consistently. You know, that's the place where I need to 19 go back home to ground myself as an Indigenous person, 20 21 where I come from as an Indigenous individual. 22 So, she put me on that Greyhound bus with no one receiving me on the other end. So, when -- the bus 23 24 depot actually was downtown here in Winnipeg, just down the

street over there where the Holiday Inn is. So, one of the

things, I got off that bus, and there was an Italian man 1 standing there and he -- and one of the things with 2 3 Indigenous kids and Indigenous people, we lack that attention, so we seek it. And, one of the things was this 4 Italian man was giving me all of those attention -- all of 5 6 that attention that I wanted, I guess, or I was seeking at that time. And, he's like, "Come here," and he lured me to 7 a place where exploitation is very rampant in this city, 8 9 and he got into his car and picked me up and, you know, I serviced this perpetrator for a number amount of hours, and 10 only to not understand, again, what sex was. I didn't even 11 know what a condom was, I didn't know anything of anything 12 in that matter, you know, up until being, you know, 13 sexually abused as a child. 14 15 And, one of the things was he took me -there was a Coffee Time on Princess and -- Princess and 16 17 Notre Dame, which is just one block from here, one block 18 radius, and he gave me \$5.00, and he's like, "Go get us two coffees," and I'm like, "Oh, okay." And, this is how naïve 19 I was as an Indigenous kid in care coming to the city. 20 21 left out of his car and there he was driving off. So, those -- those behaviours started being normalized 22 23 instantly to me. 24 So, one of the things at that time, I was like, "Oh, well, he gave me \$5.00, maybe I should go do 25

that again." So, I went back to that same location where he lured me and got me into his vehicle, and this behaviour was normalized. And, one of the first things at 12 years old was my first hit of crack cocaine. No kid should be smoking crack cocaine at 12 years old. And, that would just escalate into a general spiral effect of addictions, exploitation. One of the things -- I needed to numb that pain, and one of the things with exploitation when you're victimized in exploitation, you really need to numb the pain of -- really numb that pain.

So, I went from that -- from the visual sex industry -- so one of the things, too, you're going to hear the proper language and terminology to use when covering -- covering this topic with me. So, I went into -- from the visual sex industry, I went online, and back then -- so online -- so it shifts; you know? Exploitation shifts and human trafficking shifts. So, back then, I don't know if you guys remember, but there was dial-up computers, you know, when internet was first coming out. Yahoo Chat sites were where I was exploited and human trafficked. I was picked up and taken from location to location. And, at -- like I only realized this just within the past 10 years that I was a victim of human trafficking and I didn't know. I call it taken. You know, that's how I identified it, as taken. And, you know, in reality, it's human trafficking.

So, those are forms of human trafficking, and I was taken to hotels, shipped out to Saskatchewan, you know, Duncan, British Columbia, Vernon, Vancouver, Calgary, you name it, I was there. And, one of my turning points was I was up probably seven or eight days, and I was at a trailer, a trailer park in Duncan, British Columbia. I was taken off the mainland of Vancouver. And, what do you call it, I was in this trailer park and I wanted to sleep. I was really deprived and very deprived of sleep, and I was, like, trying to sleep, and this guy had anal sex with me while I was sleeping and that was very discomforting. And, I was like -- woke up, and I was like, "Get the fuck off of me," and he's like, "No, I'm getting what I fucking paid for," and I had no choice but to let him.

And then I was shipped to downtown east side

And then I was shipped to downtown east side Vancouver and I stood there on Hastings and Cordova, and I looked around me and, you know, addictions and exploitation, human trafficking, it was just so open and so — so out there and just so normalized. Those behaviours are just so normalized. I had people overdosing here, people, you know, injecting there, people dying over here, like it was crazy; you know? Only to disclose to another perpetrator how bad I wanted to come home. And, one of the things, when I left Manitoba, I left with two white bags, those two white bags, and my two white bags had everything.

You know, I didn't have no I.D.'s, I didn't 1 have -- I didn't have nothing and -- but those two white 2 3 bags, and those two white bags were my everything because I lived a transient life, whatever, I was bouncing from one 4 couch to the next, and people started fighting for me, over 5 6 me, not even understanding it because I was so entrenched in addictions that they were actually fighting for me as if 7 I was a piece of property, and they were fighting over me 8 9 for them -- for me to be at their house or from that house to the next house, and I was like, you know, "What the 10 hell's going on around me?" 11 12 So, in 2004, I came home. Again, I had disclosed to one of my perpetrators and he drove me up to 13 Calgary and, what do you call it, he looked at me when we 14 15 pulled into Calgary and he told me, "This is far as I can take you." My heart fell to the ground. I was like, 16 17 "Well, what do I do from here?" So, I get on that CB, he was like, "You're guaranteed a ride." And, I got onto that 18 CB, within a minute, I got a response from another 19 perpetrator that I would service for two days at that truck 20 21 stop. 22 Finally, two days later, when -- and he finally started up the semi, to me, my heart was being 23 24 lifted back up because I was coming home. You know, on my way home, I was like, "Yes, I'm going home." What was I 25

coming home to? I don't even know why I was happy. I was 1 coming home to go back into the visual sex industry; you 2 3 know? Why I was coming home I don't even know. I didn't 4 even have a relationship with my family due to my addiction, you know, because I was so addicted and so 5 6 entrenched that I didn't even, you know, make time for my family or didn't even have that time to reach out to my 7 family because I just kept wanting to numb pain after pain, 8 9 after pain of servicing perpetrator, after perpetrator, after perpetrator. 10 So, in 2004, I came home, and shortly after 11 12 in 2004, September 29 to be quite exact, I'd seen my best friend for the very last time on Higgins at Waterfront 13 Drive. Little did I know, prior up to that, leading up to 14 15 that, a perpetrator had picked me up in that same location and asked me about, like, detailed my best friend. He's 16 17 like, "Where's that one?" I'm like, "I don't know," you know? And, I had serviced him and he dropped me off, and 18 then the night I last seen my best friend, you know, I was 19 devastated. She went missing September 29, 2004. November 20 21 the 3rd or 4th that year, her body was found 8 kilometres 22 outside of Portage la Prairie at a rest stop. Her name was 23 Divas Boulanger. She came from a northern community, Berens 24 25 River First Nation. She was a trans-woman. I lost it, and

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I lost my best friend. It was so traumatizing. It was so 1 traumatizing that I was asking every perpetrator that would 2 3 pick me up if they were going to murder me because if they 4 were going to murder me, to murder me now, because -excuse me. Because society had so much stigma and rather 5 6 judge us than understand us. You know, we couldn't go get proper supports from the general public that we -- the way 7 we can today. 8

> You know, back in 2004, you know, we utilized one place at that time, but during that time when the lead investigation -- the lead investigator came to us and started asking us questions, you know, a lot of people paint the RCMP with a brush, you know, with the same brush, not understanding that there are some good RCMP officers out there, and I was privileged enough -- we were privileged enough to have someone who didn't judge us for the lifestyle, did not -- did not -- he gave us dignity and he gave us hope. And, this guy took on Divas' case right from when her body was found, the RCMP, Brent Novakowski (phon), took on that case and he met us where we were at, he would come meet us on the street. And, you know, one of the things because -- you know, we are a community, we are a family whom are exploited and/or human trafficked. We hold a lot of pieces of puzzles that could possibly solve missing and murdered Indigenous women and girls' cases.

1	Little did I know years later that I would
2	be one of those people to solve my best friend's murder
3	with the information that I held. I didn't even know; you
4	know? And, because that the RCMP officer gave us that
5	safe space to come forward, and he built a relationship and
6	a bond with us that we were able to come to him at any
7	point in time when we felt we had any information leading
8	up to the disappearance and death of my best friend. And,
9	the perpetrator, Ted Theodore Herntier, who had picked
10	her up and murdered her, actually picked me up again and he
11	took me to his house, which was in the Chestnut area, and
12	he was like, "Do you want to sleepover?" But, I was so
13	addicted already because, like, I just needed to numb a lot
14	of pain, I was like, "Okay." And, I was laying on a futon
15	mattress, and then he got on top of me and he started
16	choking me, and I was able to fight him off of me. And, I
17	was like, "What the fuck are you doing?" And, I had jumped
18	up and I was like put my clothes on and I was like,
19	"Drive me back. Drive me back right now." He was like,
20	"Okay, okay."
21	And, what do you call it, he drove me back.
22	And, you know, today, I'm like would this guy was
23	probably going to murder me too; you know? And then
24	because I was such an addict, even though I was an addict
25	at that time, I remembered each and every perpetrator that

would pick me up and exploit me; you know? And, I had --1 I'm like this human filing cabinet that stores, you know, 2 3 and one of the things today, when I walk within our community and I see perpetrators, you should see how fast 4 they run. 5 6 But, with Divas' case, you know, it didn't 7 get solved right away, so I still lived with that trauma, you know, of losing my best friend, being exploited, you 8 9 know, not knowing who the murderer was. So, that was in 2004, and in 2004, I was in 10 an art project, one of the first, like, art projects here 11 12 in Manitoba who worked with exploited populations. And, one of the things was with that art project, we had a 13 chance to shoot a documentary. And, one of the things --14 15 because people watch -- our Indigenous sisters, peoples, watched in the movie, Pretty Woman, in that movie, depicts 16 17 the wrong picture, and I wanted to depict that movie and tell the true story of, you know, Pretty Woman. And, one 18 of the things at that time, I wanted to exit. You know, 19 20 it's called Pretty Woman in the Real World Trying to Exit. 21 And, it was compiled with seven stories with seven 22 survivors whom are, you know, making a difference today in 23 the community. 24 So, I shared my story, and during that 25 story, I was kept -- again, because I was still actively

entrenched in exploitation and people were still fighting 1 over me as if I was a piece of property, and -- I was kept 2 3 in the basement of 123 Sutherland for three days during the shooting of that film, you know, continuously being raped 4 and being beaten from a perpetrator. 5 6 I was able to get away, but one of the 7 things, getting away from that perpetrator, is I felt that perpetrator around me at all times. So, I would run from 8 9 one location to the next, to the next. I couldn't, you know, walk because he really traumatized me. He really, 10 really traumatized me. 11 So, during that time I, you know, was on 12 social assistance, and I had an appointment with employment 13 -- or social assistance, and I was so -- such an addict. 14 15 Like, I was so hardcore. I walked in and, at that time, I was on \$87.50 every two weeks. I had to live off of that, 16 17 and I didn't have no I.D. still. I didn't have any I.D., and one of the things I had to do was, you know, to cash 18 that cheque, I had to spend -- or give the person \$10.00 at 19 20 the grocery store, and then I was always left with very 21 little, next to nothing. 22 So, I went to my social assistance appointment with Crystal Damedalia (phon), who was a social 23 24 assistance -- or a social assistance worker here in 25 Manitoba. She was like, "You're making too much money."

I'm like, "What are you talking about?" "You're making too 1 much money on the street." And, she's like, "You should go 2 3 out there with a receipt book. I'm cutting you off social 4 assistance." I was cut off social assistance, and I was 5 6 like -- because I was such a mess, I was like, "Okay," because I didn't even know my rights yet. You know, I 7 didn't know anything and I walked out of there. I was 8 9 like, "Oh, I guess I have to do that," you know? And so, I went. And, what do you call it, when they had cut me off, 10 I was like, "I guess I have to try to come up with \$500.00 11 for rent," you know, how many perpetrators I have to 12 service for this. 13 So, in 2007, I was, you know, I -- again, 14 15 this is one of my turning points in 2007. I came in confrontation with the Winnipeq Police Service whom -- whom 16 17 took me to District 3 here in Manitoba, and interrogated me and taunted me for my gender, as being a trans-Indigenous 18 They were calling me brutal names and really rude 19 20 names for people with an authority figure. They really, 21 you know, took their power and used it to their ability to 22 degrade someone who was very marginalized. But, one thing I told them, I looked at them 23 24 when the whole district was standing there making fun of me, insisting that I had 2 ounces of powdered coke, that 25

they would never get away with it, that they would never 1 get away with it. 2 3 One of the things I did right after that, 4 you know, Nahanni Fontaine at that time was with Southern Chiefs Organization. You know, I called her immediately. 5 6 I was like -- that this is what these people did to me. And, she was like -- it really traumatized me, but one of 7 the things I wanted to do was shift that trauma, shift that 8 9 trauma and start making detrimental changes in systems. And, what do you call it, she came to me and I shared my 10 story with her, and that woman, like, you know, sat there 11 12 with me. I cried because it was so embarrassing, but not only embarrassing, but I started to realize that my human 13 rights are being violated. 14 And, what do you call it, and then I filed a 15 LEAR (phon) report, and then I was told in 2007 when I 16 17 filed that LEAR report after breaking down to this investigator that I would have -- it would be -- there 18 would be a 0.1 chance that my, you know, my disclosure to 19 them with the district would go anywhere. So, I lost hope. 20 21 I lost hope in that. 22 Then, in 2007, you know, because I was already, you know, thinking of my future, my future, I 23 24 wanted a future, and one of the things I did was, you know, I was sobering up, one of my attempts to sobering up. 25

was like -- I went to the -- back to the safe house that we 1 would utilize, and there was a woman who lost her kid there 2 3 that day to Child and Family Services sitting at a table. 4 This is a house full of women because a lot of women, after they lose their children here in the Province of Manitoba, 5 6 in Winnipeg, you know, self -- you know, they'll go to addictions, they'll go to -- you know, once that -- once 7 those drugs run out, they have -- they need to, you know, 8 9 continue on, and there's forms -- some of them will fall into forms of exploitation, and then end up there. And, 10 she had lost her kid, and I went up to one of those 11 workers, I was like, "Don't you think you should take her 12 into an office? She's going to start a chain reaction 13 here. All these women have kids that have been 14 15 apprehended." And, they're like, "No." And, I was like, "What?" 16 17 And then I went to another office to a woman with a lived experience, just someone like me where I'm at 18 today, I was like, "Is there anywhere we can get any sort 19 of money?" I was like, "Because, like, if you just seen 20 21 what I seen, you know, that's not how you work with us." And, what do you call it, she's like, "I'll look into it," 22 and she looked into it and, like, months later, she's like, 23 24 "Guess what?" She's like, "I applied for funding dollars with the Canadian Women's Foundation of Canada." She was 25

like, "And we got the money." And, what do you call it, 1 and I was like, "Really?" And, she's like, "Yes." She was 2 like, "What are we going to do with it?" And, I was like, 3 "Well, one thing we're going to start doing is we're going 4 to start educating these women on perpetrators; you know? 5 6 And, we're going to start showing them how to spend that \$87.50; you know? And, we're going to start showing them 7 how to get I.D.'s." 8 9 So, I used a lot of the things that I was lacking and turning that and shifting that, and it was 10 basic life skills to begin with, and one of the things is 11 12 we called it -- we needed a name for it, so we called it the Anti-Violence Advisory Team. 13 So -- because things shift continuously, and 14 15 one of the things are the perpetrator's licence plates here in Manitoba, and identifying licence plates, and showing 16 17 them what licence plates look like, how to leave your DNA within vehicles. So, that was just a little form, and this 18 was back in 2007. To date, the Anti-Violence Advisory Team 19 is still running on zero dollars; you know? And, it shows 20 21 you that programs can still run as long as you want them to run. You know, you don't need money to run them. 22 So, you know, I was going in and out of my 23 24 addiction till 2011. 2011 -- 2010, 2011, during that time, I would sit at the Sexually Exploited Youth Community 25

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Coalition. I was the only survivor that would sit in that 1 room with 50 executive directors. I felt this small 2 3 because these people had lots of education on me, and --4 but I was determined that these people weren't going to, you know, make decisions on our behalf without our consent 5 6 and our voices needed to be attached to that. 7 So, I sat there, and in 2011, that coalition seen -- had seen this -- my success. But, not only that, 8 9 that coalition and those partners with that coalition, you know, turned out to be my supports. And, one of the 10 things, rather than giving me a hand out, they gave me a 11 12 hand up approach. You know, and one of the things, working with survivors, you know, and victims, that's the approach 13 that needs to be taken, you know. And so, in 2011, there 14 15 was, actually, in this very same room, what do you call it, actually in this very same room, right there, I shared my 16 17 story for the very first time. It was called -- a 18 conference called "Dear John: It's Rape, Not a Date". I shared my story in front of 350 people for 19 20 21 was very liberating, very moving. It gave me hope to move 22

the very first time. You can hear a pin drop. To me, that forward, empowered me to continue on the work that needed to be done. That same day, I got an apology from Keith McCaskill, who was the Winnipeg police officer for his district, you know, for his influence on my trauma.

-- that day, there was policies changed with the Winnipeg
Police Service that when -- when trans, two-spirit people
do come incarcerated and their rights of being incarcerated
on strip searches and such.

So, also, that following -- that year or the following year, so one of the things, I don't know if you guys know about this hotel, but this hotel is trained to identify exploitation and human trafficking. With the Hotel Chain Association in Manitoba, this is one of the first hotels to -- to adopt that and implement it with their staff.

So, along the way, in 2011, right after I shared my story, it was very liberating, very moving, I was approached from stakeholders within the community to form a HOME. You know, a HOME was something that I was lacking, something that I didn't have, which is Hands of Mother Earth rural safe healing lodge. It's, I think, Canada's only healing lodge, Indigenous healing lodge for young victims of exploitation and human trafficking. So, one of the things, with 18 survivors of exploitation and human trafficking, we sat with an architect and designed this home from the ground up.

So, one of the things we did was we purchased ceremonial land from one of our respected grandmothers and we nourished that land. And, one of the

things we didn't want to just build on the land, we wanted 1 to build off of what was on the land. So, in that home, 2 it's a 6-bed safe HOME. It's not a -- it's not a group 3 4 home. It's a HOME, Hands of Mother Earth. And, one of the things we did was, in the duration of the planning, we 5 6 wanted to have a school in-house to -- to tutor the girls where they needed to be at, you know, to get them into --7 into the school systems. 8 9 So, from there on out, I started working on a lot of -- a lot of initiatives under Tracia's trust. So, 10 one of the things that I always do when I share my story is 11 12 I always acknowledged a young girl who was Tracia Owens, who was a young girl who succeeded in suicide here in the 13 14 Province of Manitoba. So, the province -- she fell through the gaps of the system, and the province opened a trust in 15 her name, and it pumps in or around \$11 million each year 16 17 into that trust. 18 So, one of the things that I always share is her name and that her spirit still lives within us, her 19 20 spirit still lives within the community. So, I always 21 acknowledged that young woman because if it wasn't for her, 22 and -- I don't think Manitoba would be where they are 23 today. 24 So, again, just some of those initiatives 25 that had come out of -- out of Tracia's trust is Dear John:

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It's Rape, Not a Date; All Children Matter; Protecting 1 Sacred Lives; Survivors Protecting Sacred Lives. And, one 2 3 of the things where survivors led these -- these yearly educational forums, and had up and around 300 to 400, 500 4 people at times come in and -- come in and be educated on 5 6 the realities of sexual exploitation, human trafficking. 7 And then in 2011, we lost my cousin to a murder, as I shared the other day. And then, again, I 8 9 shared the other day that 2011, one of the forums, one of those -- one of the action forums that we did, because I'm 10 all about action, is I joined a walk in Toronto to Ottawa; 11 12 you know? And, you know, I came back home and I was like, "Okay, well, what's next," that sort of thing. 13 14 So, we -- we, here in Manitoba, again, we 15 try and, you know, educate, not only educate, but champion what is coming within our jurisdictions of our communities. 16 17 So, we partnered with the Canadian Football League, NFL, NHL hosting in the Hotel Association in Manitoba leading up 18 to hosting the 104th Grey Cup and Tim Horton's Heritage 19 20 Classic Cup that was hosted here. So, the prevention and 21 intervention work in partnership with -- in collaboration with the coalition and stakeholders within the community, 22 you know, championing exploitation, human trafficking here 23 24 in the Province of Manitoba.

And the influx of those games coming in ato

our province were very high online. So, on that online 1 department, you know, Backpage, Craig's List, Tinder, 2 3 Shemale Canada. So, we seen the influx in exploitation occurring and how -- how many -- how much people were being 4 trafficked into our city. 5 6 So, one of the things and one of the prevention pieces, we partnered with the Winnipeg Police 7 Service, and one of the things the Winnipeg Police Service 8 9 was doing was actually responding to each of those ads and paying them a visit, so outreaching to those -- to those 10 potential victims of exploitation and human trafficking. 11 12 So, one of the things, we never stop there. Leading up to that, we launched Buying Sex Isn't a Sport in 13 response to those games, and one of the things we did was 14 15 we started educating communities. So, we got billboards on buses; you know? We didn't only get billboards on buses, 16 17 but we -- we launched Manitoba's human trafficking hotline, 18 first of its kind in Manitoba which is still here today. So, one of the other things during that time 19 20 also, you know, I sat around the room with other survivors 21 of exploitation and human trafficking, and there was a need here in the Province of Manitoba for a 24/7 safe space for 22 youth. So, one of the things, sitting with those 23 24 survivors, we championed that. We got funding for it from the -- from the province and from the city, and we launched 25

it, and one of the things we identified in -- we wanted to 1 piggy back off of -- off of the expertise and knowledge, 2 3 not only knowledge of, in how one of our stakeholders had 4 been championing and how they came about, how their organization came about and why their organization came 5 6 about which was Nidena Way (phon), Nidena Way Resource Service. How that organization got started was because the 7 young youth whom were being exploited within those 8 9 communities, so we wanted to piggy back off of that and fund that piece there. So, during the duration of that 10 time, we started planning, meeting what a 24/7 adult space 11 would look like. 12 So, during that time last year, I think it 13 was last year or two years ago, Canada and the United 14 15 States came together for the very first time. So, I was one of the key partners in that identifying border cross 16 17 human trafficking. So, we got -- I had the privilege to sit with, like, FBI, border security, and educate them on 18 -- on the realities of exploitation and human trafficking, 19 sharing the realities. Also, some of the stories of 20 21 survivors across Canada are shared in the Globe and Mail, also on Al Jazeera television. 22 23 So, some of the work that's continuously 24 being done, currently, myself and Rachel work on an 25 initiative called Our Circle to Protect Sacred Lives with

the Assembly of Manitoba Chiefs. So, some of the things 1 that I've been very instrumental in, and that I am one of 2 3 the first trans-Indigenous women who sits on the advisory 4 council for the Winnipeg Police Board. I was also nominated as the CBC AM Manitoba person for trailblazing. 5 6 Also, just recently, I was in Toronto on a human trafficking summit with survivors. We are part of 7 1,200 Plus Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women, Part 2, 8 9 which is a documentary that will be released any day, as I was telling you guys the other day. Also, I sit on the 10 Board of Manitoba Moon Voices, which is an Indigenous-led 11 organization of women. And, I was recently identified 12 through Southern Chiefs Organization as 1 of 150 leaders 13 14 championing change with Status of Women Canada. 15 So, that's just some of the work that I have been doing and that's not done yet. You know, there's 16 17 still a lot of work to be done; you know? So, if anything, you know -- if you've noticed, I've done a lot of full 18 circles, and one of the things with Hands of Mother Earth, 19 I had the privilege enough -- I was privileged enough to go 20 21 back and go back there and work with young survivors and, you know, see where -- where our vision had went, you know, 22 23 to see the impacts of the vision. 24 And so, it's very empowering, you know, within -- like, every day that I came to work, it was --25

you know, it was touching because now I was actually, you know -- you know, giving these young women gifts. You know, I would sit around the drum and drum with them and, you know, giving them those gifts that they should have, you know, that they should carry. One of the things I implemented last year was, you know, we need to make them drums. We need to make them those pieces for their bundles when they depart the home, you know, to -- for them to go back to, sort of thing.

So, leaving off on that, so one of the things, people tend to forget, you know -- and one of the hardest things, you know, because I just recently switched employment, and I took some time off because I burn out, you know, and burn out is very rampant when you're working frontlines. One of the things I tried to do, go back to social assistance, and it's very hard to stay off that system, and I've been fighting that system for two years, you know, to stay off of it; you know? So, I've been paying, like, hardcore tax dollars; you know? I'm being taxed like, you know, deadly.

And, anyways, one of the things, you know, moving forward, you know, I really hope that our taxpayers' dollars here that are being put into this, because people tend to forget about Indigenous people and think Indigenous people get things for free; you know? I'm just as that

non, you know, Indigenous person paying as much tax as that 1 other person, you know, that it's being -- you know, my tax 2 3 dollars are being actually implemented into something, from my perspective, you know, seeing that it's actually making 4 change in victims' lives and moving them from those stages 5 6 of being victims to survivors to warriors, because if it wasn't for the community, you know, if it wasn't for those 7 partners, you know, those people -- those people who have 8 9 seen my gifts with -- and helped me identify my gifts and my tools along the way, I don't think I would be here 10 today. I think I would still be marginalized and oppressed 11 12 in those systems. So, across Canada, you know, a lot of --13 there's a lot of our women who's having a conversation with 14 15 your legal lawyer here last night. If you go a block, it's like -- you'll -- in Manitoba here, 97 percent of those who 16 17 are victims to exploitation and human trafficking are Indigenous, and it's in the visual sex industry. And, a 18 lot of them, you know -- I told them too -- I told her too, 19 if you go down -- if you walk down the block, because 20 21 you're Indigenous, you know, you'll get propositioned. But, that's just the reality here in Manitoba and in Canada 22 how -- how they look at us Indigenous women, you know, and 23 24 how they see us; you know? Like, still to this day, you know, I'll be 25

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walking to a meeting and I'll get propositioned from 1 perpetrators, and one of the things, I'm like, "You're 2 3 still driving around here after how many years? Like, give it up already," you know? You know, still preying on the 4 vulnerabilities of victims; you know? So many years later, 5 6 you know, it's just sickening, and gross, and disgusting 7 all around. So, some of the things too is, you know, 8 9 moving into the recommendations component, when it comes to exploitation and human trafficking, we really need to set a 10 precedence on and when people are charged on that matter. 11 12 You know, we need to change the justice system in that format and hold these people, these perpetrators, 13 traffickers, accountable for their actions in -- in the 14 15 trauma that they're bestowing upon these victims. You know, they really need to, you know, be slapped with 10-16 17 year sentences for victimizing and traumatizing an 18 individual. Also, assuring that survivors have the opportunities for employment within their services they 19 accessed when victims to advance them into the roles of 20 21 survivors and warriors. Also, one of the things we can do, which are very tangible, helping them identify their gifts. 22 23 You know, their gifts and their strengths rather than their 24 weaknesses.

1 implementing a wraparound approach when it comes to addiction services, mental health, housing, detox, 2 treatment centres. Even though they're a wraparound 3 4 approach -- you know, when I talk about a wraparound approach, you know -- you know, not having your doors 5 6 closed; you know? And, when they want treatment, like 5 minutes, they get that treatment in 5 minutes, not next 7 week to go get a medical clearance. That should be all 8 9 housed in one place. Not to put any Christians out of place, but there's a lot of detoxes, a lot of treatment 10 centres I have accessed. One of the things -- okay, one of 11 12 the things -- I'll go back to the things -- one of the things that I tried to access. 13 You know, one of my first attempts at 14 15 accessing treatment, I didn't even know who I was. I didn't believe in anything, I didn't even know who I was as 16 17 an Indigenous person, but I had access to Anchorage program 18 here. And, on my first day, you know, they threw a Bible in front of me, and as soon as that Bible hit the table, I 19 was out that door because, you know, I didn't even identify 20 21 what -- you know, who I was or, you know, my values. don't mean that in any -- any forms of disrespect. You 22

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know, but, you know, it took me years to actually go into a

church and, you know, I do go to church now. I really --

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1 perspective, also a Christian-base. So, one of the things is having more Indigenous-led treatment centres. 2 3 So, some of the things that need to be 4 implemented within First Nations communities is -- because it's occurring within our communities and it usually stems 5 6 within our communities, exploitation. So, one of the things with our circle to Protect Sacred Lives -- so I've 7 been fortunate enough to go into these fly-in communities 8 9 for the past couple years and go in and build partnership, and help community identify, you know, what exploitation, 10 human trafficking looks like, and help them use proper 11 language. And, you know, proper terminology overall and 12 helping them design a safety plan of what that safety plan 13 looks if and when a survivor comes forward within those 14 15 communities, and partnershiping with jurisdiction communities within their jurisdiction. 16 17 So, curriculum, also, for schools. know, it's very key. You know, those are very tangible 18 things. And, when this curriculum is developed, it's 19 20 developed from survivors. You know, that's very important 21 because if you take it into -- it's not going to mean anything, and it has to be survivor-led. All of these 22 initiatives should be survivor-led, first but foremost, not 23

A survivor's empowerment model to help, you

led for us but by us, sort of thing.

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know, victims. Uniting mothers with children in care. 1 That's one of the biggest ones. If you reunite a family, 2 you know, because there's, like, lots of women who lost 3 4 their kids and had moved to exploitation. If you reunite those families, you know, you're going to see a success 5 6 rate of our Indigenous women stop being victimized. You know, there's a lot of women that I know whom lost their 7 kids in care. You know, if we integrate their kids into 8 9 their care, they'll be successful, and not just give them their kids in care and just think they're going to do the 10 best, but going through community and giving them that 11 12 community wraparound approach. And, when I say "community", you know, you 13 have those partners that are -- right? You have those 14 15 partners. Child and Family Services, you know, Anchor, the Leadership. You know, you have that support, you know, 16 17 that wraparound approach. We are giving them that hug around approach where you're leading with them, not for 18 them, they're leading themselves, but just helping them 19 20 identify their strengths. 21 So, one of the things too is, at this point 22 in time, this morning, I got up really early. I get up at,

like, 5:00 sometimes, and I just start doing what needs to

be done, and this morning -- you guys are asking for an

extension. Please don't ask for that at this time.

1	guys have a lot of money, you know, you guys have a lot of
2	money right now. You guys have \$53 million. You don't
3	need an extension at this time. Please refrain from that.
4	You're only hurting us more.
5	But, you know, I'm saying that in a nice
6	way. There's a lot of money there, you know, because that
7	\$53 million isn't being put into these funding these
8	recommendations. That \$53 million is actually being
9	being put just for things like this that you guys are
10	freeing from asking for any more money at this current
11	time, you know, because that \$53 million should be more
12	than enough.
13	You know, if you're going to ask for more
14	money, you ask for more money for those recommendations,
15	for the implementation and action for any of these
16	recommendations, not for to extend these things because
17	it's these are you know, we'd rather see action now.
18	Like, for myself, again, I don't consider myself a victim
19	anymore when it comes to exploitation and human
20	trafficking. If you notice, you know, I am a survivor, a
21	warrior and it's about time that we start really, you know
22	putting our money where our mouth is, you know, sort of
23	thing?
24	So, I think I'll leave it off at that, but
25	again, also, remembering to each and every victim out

there, you know, not -- if I can do it -- you know, and 1 community, if I can do it from the community approach, not, 2 you know, rather than a hand out, a hand up. If I can do 3 it, anybody can do it. So, I'll leave you guys off at 4 that, and I'm going to just pass it on to Rachel. 5 6 One of the things that I might do with 7 survivors and also, too, one of the things I didn't share was back in 2011, I formed a survivors' circle, you know, 8 9 that really -- that's really instrumental now, and helping them identify, you know, and own, you know, because one day 10 I want to do other things; you know? And, I would like 11 12 them to start owning it. One of the things, too, is that, you know, 13 when it comes to exploitation and human trafficking, we, as 14 15 Indigenous women, never chose or choose that life style. We never choose to be exploited. We never chose to be 16 17 human trafficked. And, one of the things with Indigenous 18 peoples is we don't look at the sex industry as a form or any forms of employment. That is not employment. So, I'd 19 just like to leave you guys off at that. Thank you. 20 21 Migwetch. Hi. I'm just going to --22 RACHEL WILLAN: I'm going to be really quick. I'm -- I know I shared some 23 24 hope, and that's the message I wanted to convey on Monday 25 with my husband. And, I also have another part -- another

direction, and I felt a bit uncomfortable sharing with my 1 husband beside me because, for me, what I have with him is 2 3 special, and what I have out there, it was not special. It was taken from me and that's part of the streets. I've 4 been exploited and trafficked. 5 6 I -- I'm just going to touch upon some 7 things and that's -- being out there for the very first -actually out on the street other than the bars, I started 8 9 off in the bars early -- really early, and eventually it led to the streets. And, in the beginning, when you're out 10 there and you're young, you become the newest, kind of, 11 girl on the street and, you know, you're like the new fish. 12 So, you're constantly picked up and, you know, you're 13 basically just used and over, and over, and over, and over. 14 15 And, for me, at that time, it seemed like I was special. You know, I was given the attention. 16 17 And, I wasn't always dumb. I could say that even at the age -- at that age, I learned pretty fast and I 18 got tired of that. I got tired of giving my body away 19 20 after a certain point and it became aggressive after I --21 that's why I say I learn quick. I learned to take it rather than do anything. I said, "Well, no, I'm taking it. 22 Good bye." Out. 23 24 And, I exposed myself to lots of violence. When I say "violence", I mean being thrown out of cars, 25

being strangled just unconscious, and that person's no longer alive. And, you know, I was -- I jumped in and I drove four blocks down, and I was so high that I didn't even look at the person I was jumping into the vehicle with. I got to the back lane, and arms were wrapped around me so tight, and I just kept flinging my right hand as hard as I could, and I must have stunned the crap out of this person because he let go and threw me out backwards and almost ran me over.

And then it wasn't till when I went -- I got institution, I went -- I went into this institution that I was reading the newspaper. We get an hour a day out of our rooms, and I was reading the newspaper and I looked, and I'm like, "Huh, this person was -- this is the person that did that to me." But I also seen them prior to -- after the incident because we all know the way the houses work. I ran into him and I'm like, "Okay, that's the person that did it to me." And, because it's such a -- the drug world with the women, you tend to all know one another.

So, he -- the person did -- I felt a bit validated, or whatever, happy, because he got smacked around, you know, there, but I still don't think they deserved death. But, the reason why that person died that I followed the trial through the media was because there was sexual advantage on another person too, and then that

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person ended up doing that. 1 So, in a sense, when I think about my past 2 3 and all those -- you know, being out there for 20-plus 4 years, I was -- I always knew that there was something out there in the universe. I didn't know whether it was 5 6 Christian, I didn't know whether it was traditional, I didn't even know who the hell I was. I was just walking 7 down the dark streets by the tracks, made it out to 8 9 Toronto, made it out to Calgary, made it out to -- you know, Toronto was the most scariest, but the funnest, I 10 must say, and that's been picked up in Winnipeg and I've 11 12 travelled across out that way. And, I bought new clothes, showered at the 13 rest stop, did this, and I knew that if I left the guy that 14 15 took me there, I was going to be left out there. So, I pretty much dragged his ass, he was smaller than me, with 16 17 me everywhere I went. Whether I was high or not, I made sure this quy's not leaving my side. My partner, the girl 18 we went with, she got lost out there and left out there. 19 20 And, ironically, we ended up in Winnipeg the same time. 21 So -- but most of the time being out there, I -- it was the most horrid time of my life when I think 22 about -- you know, I don't question why my life -- I give 23 24 great -- I give gratitude for that, but I always wonder how

could I made it out of those situations. I think that all

the violence that occurred in my early age was -- I was 1 able to have that fight and that resiliency to hang onto 2 3 something and know where I wanted to go. You know, I didn't know, but I knew, and I could just remember so 4 vividly just drinking and drinking like a 26 straight, and 5 6 then going to go look for the first person in my path was going to get it, and it was really sad. 7 And -- but there was also good times. 8 9 not going to say the thing's bad, but for me, I contribute that to bad -- to the wrong -- what I didn't want and 10 that's how I lived for the longest time, and it landed me 11 just this full circle of repetitive behaviours that I 12 didn't want, but I travelled the dark, dark streets. And, 13 at that time, when you were charged with prostitution, if 14 15 you were charged on Jarvis, the parameter from Jarvis --Main and Jarvis all the way up to Arlington, all the way up 16 17 to Selkirk, and all the way up to Main again, all around 18 there, you were not allowed back in that, like, block. You had to stay out of there. So, that pushed us further out. 19 That's how it went. And I'd go back, breached over and 20 21 over, and over. That's a different story because I lived 22 in that area, and I couldn't understand why they're telling me I couldn't go back in this area. 23 So, every time I was walking, I would be 24 told that I'm working, "Keep going, keep going," and 25

actually following me; you know? Following me. And, I 1 remember -- you know what? I could remember that 2 3 challenging myself, I always walked in the dark back lanes 4 because I felt shame. I knew some of my family were driving around, so I would go right into the back lanes, 5 6 and that's where I travelled, really dark, and I always think, now that I'm sober, I'm like, "Huh, I'm not walking 7 down back lane," you know? 8 9 But, I -- and I -- but at the same time, in my head, walking down the back lanes, I would literally 10 carry, like, a weapon right in the open and just walk, and 11 if anybody came at me, they were going to get it. And, it 12 wasn't nice, but I -- I was in such a dark place that I 13 chose to walk down the dark streets. 14 15 And, that's where I was for a long time, and I could remember some -- sometimes having no choice to be 16 out there because I didn't have nowhere to live because, 17 18 again, like, what Alaya's mentioned, yes, it was a terrible and it continues to be a terrible system to be told that 19 20 you can't get your basic necessities met, such as a home or 21 an apartment, a place to lay your head. And then, you 22 know, you're given this one form that has all the food banks on it and all these things, and that's what they send 23 24 you away with. And, because you don't lose your I.D. -well, you know how many pairs of shoes I left inside 25

vehicles and how many purses and how many jackets running around in the middle of -50 with just a pair of shoes because you just needed that next fix and you needed to survive? We have never had that.

So, our system, when it comes to that system, that's always been -- and I made sure this time that I was not going to be part of that system. So -- but my recovery came on its own. I don't want to focus on too much on the street part, but I definitely spent a lot of time out there, and I was writing down some things here -- sorry, writing down some things, something that -- I'm trying to keep this as positive as I could because that was before, and we all know -- like we all don't know, but the basic 20 plus years that girl -- some perpetrators were Winnipeg Police.

I remember being pulled over and being told I had three warrants. One was for my initial charge, and most of them were breaches, and the only way that I could let go -- and I remember it was Thanksgiving Day, and I was on William and Isabel, and I got pulled over, and the only way that I could not go to prison that time was by providing services to the police officer. And, I remember his name, and I will not say it though, and when I see him today, he's now, I don't know, up in the chain of command, he wears the white shirts, so he's -- and I always knew

that if they're by themselves in the car that they've

become a supervisor, they're no longer -- you know, their

command went up when they're by themselves.

So, he was always driving around, and I did

service him, and he tried it a few more times, and the very

service him, and he tried it a few more times, and the very last time, I said, "Oh, well, you know, F that. If you're going to charge me," bang, and I got out of the car. And, he would purposely pick me up in front of drug houses and, like, arrest -- like, apparently arrest me or, "I just have a question for you," and I would be so afraid because people would think that I'm a rat or I'm talking. So, I would literally, like, hide down and just bend down right on William and Isabel because I didn't want to be seen in their undercover police car, and he would drive down the lane. And -- like, this was nonstop for about three months.

And, finally, you know, there was another one -- I don't know, you must know the one that walked the beat and, you know, what I'm getting to there is that most of our -- there's a lot of law enforcement too that are predators. That's what I'm saying. Like, not all of them, but I've endured lots and that's just one of my stories that I'm going to share.

Another one that I have right here is -- that I'm going to share is -- this is more recently. This

1	is updated August 30th, 2017. "Charges stayed in sex case
2	against former Winnipeg Crown lawyer." He was charged
3	while I was employed at our only service provider in
4	Manitoba that provides services to exploited women. He was
5	charged during one of the stings here, and just so
6	everybody knows, I've been speaking at John School since my
7	sobriety and that's going on 11 years.
8	I speak at least three times a year, and
9	when I'm speaking, and the very beginning of the first two
10	years, I have had a hard time to be not to be angry
11	because I felt angry. But, this guy right here, his
12	charges were stayed, and if you can relook, which I didn't
13	look up, but in the Winnipeg Free Press, there's an
14	article, not this particular article stating, "Well, it
15	happened. What can I do? All I can do is move forward."
16	And, the attitude that he gave to the
17	Winnipeg Free Press just threw me off like a loop; right?
18	And, that was in one of the whenever they get their
19	kids, but the article is it's charges stayed because he
20	completed John School. "Justice Official," I'm just
21	going read some of it. "Richard Smith, 55, was
22	arrestedand charged withservices for consideration
23	for abetting the victim to breach a court-ordered curfew."
24	So, because this woman had charges, he
25	turned around, to his advantage, and kept repeatedly

getting sexual services from her. "Court heard the now 26year-old victim worked at a Winnipeg massage parlour
between 2013 and 2015. That's where she met with Smith."

So, this was ongoing. All of his charges were dropped
because he attended John School. That's there.

And, one of the things that -- that's part of my past, but one of the recommendations that I have as survivors is -- is, you know, the 24-hour safe space that we hope to get. I know that when our women are murdered or missing, we always hear it the next day, and that means that from 4:00 in the evening till 9:00 in the morning, if you go back and look at the data of the time of deaths of our women, you're going to find that they've probably been -- been murdered mostly during that time. You're not going to find too much. You know, I'm not saying that, but that's something to look into because when we don't have those services, when we close our doors and go to the comfort of our home, our women are out there and we don't have anywhere to go, and I was one of them for so, so long.

One of the -- the things that also is new to my kid, and this mentioned my kid. My child is, you know -- he was just more recently taught in the last curriculum about Indigenous culture. And, I noticed a decline in my little boy when he was coming home. So, I got a pretty -- you know, the email was pretty vague for me and it was

1	saying how it it expressed all the negative. He's not
2	doing his work, he's not doing this, la, la, la, la, so
3	I questioned him. I said, "Mike, what are you doing in
4	school," I said. And, he said, "Mom, we're doing this
5	thing and we're learning about our culture."
6	So, for me, I replied back. I had to read
7	it twice. I replied back and I said, "Did it ever occur to
8	you that my child's maybe going back to his childhood from
9	when he was in child welfare?" I said, "Instead of you
10	focusing on negative, what are you doing for our children
11	other than just running through the mill from the book that
12	we all know that happened to Canada, the history of
13	Indigenous people?"
14	So, I questioned him, and he goes, "You
15	know, you're right." And, I said, "There's lots of funding
16	dollars with the TRC that your school right here can pull
17	out of," I said, "to do self-care with those children.
18	But, rather than send my children and tell my child that
19	he's not doing his work? He's doing it because he's going
20	back to the abuse."
21	He took all the time. So, one of the
22	another thing is with I felt like I had to fight to get
23	my time here, and that's how I felt and that was her fault.
24	And, I feel like just walking out of here because, you know
25	what? Rushing is the worst, being told to hurry up

constantly. 1 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Rachel, take your 2 3 time, please. Take your time. It's okay. That's not what we came 4 MS. RACHEL WILLAN: here for. I'm so tired of being polite. 5 6 COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: If somebody 7 just mentioned or said to you that you have a few minutes left, it's -- I didn't hear from the translation, so take 8 9 your time. MS. RACHEL WILLAN: You know, there's so 10 many people that I lost, and I don't come here and 11 12 represent just one single person. I have family members that I've lost. But, you know what? I speak up for 13 everybody. When I come here as a survivor, I speak for 14 15 them, not just for myself, but I also speak for my children because when we're talking about the inquiry here, I don't 16 17 see anything here for our youth. I don't see nothing. 18 That was one of my recommendations. Sitting in bed, I'm thinking, "Why couldn't this inquiry do 19 20 something really hopeful for our people? Like, bring in 21 the Theo Fleury, Jordin Tootoo, somebody that can inspire 22 our youth and have a day for our youth to be part of this 23 National Inquiry? Because those are the ones that are 24 going to be the next generation and probably wiping all of our asses. And -- you know? And, I don't see no youth 25

1	involved here.
2	MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: May I suggest that
3	we absolutely want Rachel to take her time and tell her
4	story, but may I suggest that we just have a short 5-minute
5	break so that we do have an opportunity just Rachel, are
6	you good with that? So, she would like a break. So, could
7	we please have a 5-minute break?
8	COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: Five?
9	MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Yes, thank you.
10	Upon Recessing at 10:41
11	Upon Resuming at 10:58
12	MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Velma, can you
13	please come up?
14	MS. VELMA ORVIS: (Speaking in Native
15	language). Migwetch manidoo for this day, for everyone
16	here in this room. We say migwetch for the Commissioners,
17	for all the helpers and for the families that have come to
18	share, and we send them our love and our best wishes.
19	We ask Mishomis and Nokomis if they could
20	come stay with us until we're finished and help us be
21	grounded and balanced so we always do things in a good way,
22	so that we can share with each other and care for each
23	other; to be kind, to be respectful and to love each other
24	equally the way Creator would want us to. Also, to be
25	honest and truthful, and have the humility and courage to

- 1 do that. We ask that from our hearts. Ahow (phon)
 2 migwetch.
- 3 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Commissioner
- Audette, if we could continue with the hearing? And, I
- 5 would like to give the microphone back to Rachel.

6 MS. RACHEL WILLAN: All right. One of my

7 questions to the Commissioner -- Commissioners and the

8 whole inquiry is, knowing that you're coming into Treaty 1

9 territory in Manitoba, knowing that we have the highest

number of missing and murdered Indigenous women and girls,

11 also the most Indigenous people per capita, everyone knows

that and the numbers are only growing, it feels that we're

crunched into five days and we literally have to fight for

our time, and that's something that should have been looked

at from the Commission from the beginning, because now it's

16 creating hurt feelings.

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You know, we can't be cut off from our time, and my -- you know, that's how I felt prior to going out and having a few minutes to regain myself. And, the reason why we're having this as well, it's technology. Most of our people don't, or can't afford or are way far, so we have so many people walking in because they know the inquiry is here now. So, this is their one opportunity to walk in and say, "Hey, I want to share my story," because they don't have the means of technology and to share, to

get a hold of you and do emails. I'm learning that and I 1 went through education. I've graduated from college and 2 I'm still learning about technology. I don't even know how 3 4 to use Snapchat. I have to find somebody to screen my kids' Snapchats because that's -- it's advancing every 5 6 single day. So, you know, that's how it feels coming here. 7 Another recommendation that I have is, other than the times of death of most of our women is probably 8 9 going to be after 4:00 and I had made mention of that, are harm reduction. We lack harm reduction. We don't have any 10 safe places. You know, as a survivor, at 2:00 in the 11 12 morning when I wanted to get high and I didn't have no utensils to use, I picked out of a bucket of dirty needles 13 and I just prayed to God and that I was not picking the one 14 15 that was going to kill me one day, and that's the reality of what we have to face. And, I did that, did that many 16 17 times. 18 I had unprotected sex, and I've had women say, "Well, you know, this -- this guy offered me this much 19 money, you know, \$10.00 to do this," and, oh, no, I 20 21 wouldn't do that and, you know, I was very bold in that, the outside world of us women surviving out there. I said, 22 "You know what? Don't act like your better because we all 23 24 have to do what we have to do," and there's times that I did things for \$10.00, and I'm not ashamed of that today 25

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because I had to survive and I did it unprotected. And, 1 today, I could say that I'm living example that I was being 2 watched, and I was -- I had my protection all along, and I 3 4 just never knew it. I have always known that I was loved, but the love that I knew is not the love that I know today. 5 6 It was more of a need and I also needed to be loved. just pulled myself away from the people that loved me. 7 And, like I was saying, John School, they 8 9 call it John School, and it's run through the Salvation Army in Manitoba here. And, Salvation Army is the one that 10 represented the Crown attorney here that was Richard Smith. 11 He paid the \$1,000.00. He paid that money to be able to do 12 the program and use his voice, and share -- share his story 13 and he got let off. 14 15 Well, you know what? We were not let off. We had to go in front of courtrooms, surrounded and packed 16 17 with people, and you know what? I didn't even know what a 18 fellatio was until the judge -- I asked my lawyer, "What's a fellatio," I said, and he said, "A little bit of both," 19 and I felt severe humility. Like, I was just ashamed. 20 21 was like -- and the courtroom sitting packed, that's what 22 we had to go through as women. And, these guys, through John School, get the one opportunity because they have the 23 24 money, privileged, you know, people that have that money to

pay their way out. And, you know what? They're not even

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put on a registry, but our names are publicly shamed in the courts, and that's not how it should be and that's still happening today.

Some policies, legislation and laws need to change because, you know, as far as I know -- I'm aware, and I say this to these men, and it's been almost 11 years I've been sharing my story there, and the message to them is that, I'm a forgiving woman, but I always ask them, "How many here have a little special girl in their life or somebody that they know," and you'll see one hand pop up. And, I said, "Oh, come on. All of you men have a special little lady in your life, whether it's your wife, whether it's your niece or granddaughter." And, you know what? I said, "How would you like if somebody went and asked them to suck, you know, their cock," and, you know, they -their eyes bulged. I said, that's the reality of what you're doing to our women. And, I said, "You have the privilege right now to go home to your home in tuxedo and drive your Porsche out of here. We don't," and that's the sadness because their names are never given. This one got some of special treatment, obviously, because his name is out and he walked away a free man to go back into the courts and do the same thing that he's doing. We never get those opportunities.

At John School, you know, they said it's a

law that their names can't be given; right? And, I said,

"Well, why?" I think that everybody should know that this

pastor over here or this -- this person right here, or my

neighbour is a perpetrator picking up women out and

cruising at night. Their name should be on public -
public document because ours were and they haunt us to this

day.

And, when I go there, I've learned to say what I want to say, and I continue to go there. And, you know, what we're paid is -- we're paid \$100.00 to share our story, to give a piece of our heart away. In a sense, I find it a bit healing, but it's not healing. It's just -- makes these perpetrators a little bit smarter of what not to do. That's what that's teaching them. They're becoming more wiser and they're finding better ways. So, they park down the street, they get out of their car and they say, "Meet me at that car over there. You'll see me sitting inside there." That's what they're doing. I see it every single day.

When I was doing outreach, I -- you know, I would see 50 women, and the meaning of "outreach" consists of 8 hours solid driving down every single back lane. You know, at any given, I could be shot, I could be stabbed, I could be whatever. You know, people block me in the road, I'll run them down for my safety. I would.

1	That's what I did. And, you know, when our
2	women are are going into employment, our survivor
3	sisters and everybody going into employment, and then we're
4	offered \$13.00 an hour? Well, you know what? Why are we
5	devalued with all the experience and knowledge that we
6	have? We're given the the lowest amount on that that
7	chain because we don't have these degrees or diplomas, and
8	that's unfair.
9	You know, as far as I'm concerned, I'm
10	pondering I do want to go back to school, but I'm
11	thinking, "Well, should I?" Because I have what it takes
12	right now to make change and be a voice and keep the ball
13	rolling; you know?
14	And, also, one of the questions I have for
15	the Commissioners are, after you leave Manitoba, when are
16	we going to hear back again from the Commission? When is
17	there going to be transparency? What are your findings
18	going to be? Like, you know, we all know like sitting
19	here is gathering information, but we all know the systemic
20	barriers of why all this happened. It's not something that
21	we don't know. So, because we know that, what's going to
22	come out of this and how long is it going to take?
23	We've got the recommendations from the
24	Jordan's Principle, we have recommendations from the TRC.
25	They're not even all implemented. So, are we going to be

sitting and collecting dust and have 1,200 more or 4,000 1 more women missing again? Like, it's nice to have some 2 transparency throughout this whole inquiry and let us know 3 what the next process is, and let us know what -- what's 4 going to be done about it because as far as I'm -- what I'm 5 6 thinking, is the next Liberal government, his platform is, 7 "We'll promise you to give you this if you vote for me." That's what he's going to say and he ain't getting my vote, 8 9 that -- I promise that. But, that's what he's going to do. Regardless of any government, it's a moral, 10 human right to have our basic needs met. And, when those 11 12 are not being met, there's something wrong with this world; you know? There's more violence. We -- you know, our 13 prisons are filled up with women. They're overlapping 14 15 women. The men, they're easiest, fastest and oldest solution is just to throw -- lock them up; right? And, you 16 17 know, when they come out, they come out more battered than 18 they even went in with -- to begin with. So, there's the cycle. 19 That's a huge cycle that we need to combat. And, you know what? Whatever 20 21 happened to our old laws where we sit as a family, even 22 perpetrators; you know? Going through my education, there's one community, I'm not going to mention that 23 24 community that actually sits the perpetrator in the circle and they all forgive him and they work -- it's repetitive 25

work. And, you know what? He gets to remain in that community, but he's constantly watched, but also forgiven.

That model of working -- and our offenders

are sitting in jail for thefts for trying to survive and cope? I mean, they're spending \$2,600.00 or whatever it is a year to house one person, and you don't get no help when you're in prison. They can say what they want. You don't — you can't smudge like you can, you can't wake up in the morning and walk to wherever you are and light a smudge in your bowl and, you know, pray that your day's going to be good, and you make it through that day in institution. You don't get that ability. Why? That's inequality to us, especially when we make up the highest percentage rate of people and population, like in women wise. It's crazy.

And, I have one more -- one more thing that I wanted to -- to share is our youth. I feel that throughout this whole inquiry, we're focused on survivors, we're focused on -- on our stories, and this needs to be done and it's hard work. I've never been so exhausted in my -- in a long time inside, and emotionally. But, our youth are forgotten about throughout this inquiry. They are not even mentioned here, our little ones that are going to be taking care of us; you know? It would have been nice to have a day where we bring in some motivational speakers and we end off our inquiry with those speakers.

If you can spend -- get paid \$271,000.00, we 1 can pay somebody \$20,000.00 to -- to fly in like Theo 2 3 Fleury, Jordin Tootoo, whoever it is, and bring them in and 4 give us some hope and some -- to leave here with. It's not much to ask for, because staying on a positive and an --5 6 the resiliency that we have as Indigenous peoples, it's 7 important to walk away from something such as this inquiry feeling good. 8 9 So, I say that in further going, we -- our youth need to be remembered. And, when it comes to the 10 child welfare, I know that there's a new platform being put 11 out from the PC government. And, you know what? Has he 12 consulted with our Elders? Those are our children. He has 13 no business making his platform whatever he wants to. Our 14 15 Elders are not included in that. Those are our children. He can say what he wants and whatever he has up his 16 17 sleeves, but I'm not going to believe it. I was a product of the system in 53 different homes and my children became 18 products, and I hope -- pray to God that my grandchildren 19 20 never, ever have to be exposed to such a flawed child 21 welfare system. 22 And, the last thing that I want to say, and it was very difficult for me to say this, is that -- is 23 24 that we hope -- this inquiry has done a great job, but it's 25 been really rough and emotional for everybody here,

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including myself. And, I'm grateful for the opportunity to 1 share my story of being a survivor, but also being --2 3 bringing my -- my husband, involving him, because people do 4 change. And, I know that the Commissioner and 5 6 everybody in life, morally, we want the best for people. 7 We want them -- you know, the spiritual, all our four to be balanced. And, when we're -- at some point along here, 8 9 some emails were going back and forth, and we ask that Manitoba have, you know, some survivors as health care 10 people, people who are advanced in their lives to be part 11 of this inquiry too, because then we would have more 12 survivors here. You know, I see very little survivors 13 here. And, when I -- if I was to go into the house where I 14 15 was working, there would be 50 sitting in there right now, and there's maybe two or three sitting in here today. 16 17 Like, that's just -- that's sad. 18 So, when I'm talking about healthy people, I don't know how your Commission picked your health care 19 20 workers, but I know that we want the most healthiest. 21 know, we're not perfect, but we do expect at a higher level 22 of accountability that we have some health care workers that are healthy themselves, and that's a fair way to say 23 24 it because there are some health care workers that are not

healthy here and working out, and I'm not going to say

them, but -- I can get into detail, and I'm not going to. 1 And, Christa Big Canoe knows what I shared with her 2 3 personally last night, and I don't want to pinpoint anybody 4 out. But, it's not fair that we have people that 5 6 are not healthy working with us, who have not once 7 approached us and have only approached us to tell us that they just, you know, got out of a psych ward. And, I said, 8 9 "Oh, my God." Well, where do you pick up your health workers; you know? Like, God forbid, I'm going to ask 10 somebody to help me that just walks out of an institution? 11 I'm serious. Because, you know what? I'm not condemning 12 the state she's in, but I'm questioning why is that person 13 here? 14 15 It takes time for us to get well and heal, and there should have been some healing time before she 16 17 walked out of those doors or they walked out of those doors and started to come and be a helper here, frontline, 18 because coming up to me as a survivor, I was shocked and 19 I'm like, "Oh, well, are you okay now?" You know, "Are you 20 21 feeling okay?" My job to come here is not to be a health 22 worker. My job is to come and share my story. 23 So, when we're talking about that, there 24 needs to be some real, rigorous background checks, not just -- just because you don't have a criminal record, you 25

qualified to come and be a helper here. It doesn't work 1 like that. There's mental, there's all parts of us that we 2 have to be aware of. So, when you're looking for people, 3 make sure they're healthy people. That's what I'm saying. 4 And, that's -- I'd like to thank everybody for sharing. 5 6 MS. ALAYA MCIVOR: Sorry, I just needed to 7 touch on a couple of pieces that I didn't really talk about. What do you call it, so the process of the court 8 9 hearings with Divas Boulanger, so one of the things prior to the court hearings of Divas Boulanger's case, leading up 10 to that case, I didn't know I -- I was the -- the piece of 11 12 that puzzle that would solve the murder of Divas Boulanger. So, one of the things, I didn't even know I 13 was a dangerous witness to that case up until I started 14 15 piecing together the puzzle myself when I was taken into protective custody and put in a hotel outside of Winnipeg 16 17 during the trial. 18 And, one of the things with that case is how -- how those people whom are testifying against the 19 20 perpetrator that have perpetrated a crime, how they're 21 devalued from the defence lawyer. But, seeing because I was at a good place, you know, at that time and still 22 23 currently am, it was very hard for the defence lawyer to 24 try and break me. He couldn't break me. That was one of the hardest things, like, for him. He was getting very 25

frustrated in the court process to try and break me, and he 1 tried every which way he could to try and break me and 2 3 tried to put words in my mouth. And, I kept reiterating to him, I was like, "No, those are the words that you said. 4 This is what I'm saying," you know? 5 6 And then, also, too, because I was 7 exploited, he was using terminology that I don't even use towards our women that he was referencing back to me 8 9 because I was exploited at that time. So, he would call me really degrading names, and I was like, "I'm not here for 10 that. I'm here testifying on behalf of, you know, my best 11 12 friend that that guy had murdered," you know? So -- also, too, the sentencing, we actually 13 -- it took 12 years -- 12 years to bring justice for Divas, 14 15 and it would have been nice to have her family here. You know, that would have been a form of healing for Tammy. 16 17 You know, 12 years we had to, like, you know, go through 18 this process, and little did we know that the person responsible for murdering Divas, his brother was a Winnipeg 19 police officer. 20 21 So, one of the things I -- one of the things 22 that I had to carry every day knowing that I was the 23 dangerous witness after figuring that out was, was I next 24 again; you know? Is the Winnipeg -- does the Winnipeg Police have it out for me? I learned how to forgive, you 25

know, that process. So, as you heard in my story that 1 those circles have -- that I am now sitting on that 2 3 advisory committee circle with the Winnipeg Police Board. 4 So, I learned how to forgive in that format, but not forget. 5 6 So, one of the things, 12 years later, I 7 don't forgive him, I will -- I don't think I'll ever forgive him, he stole my best friend, is -- you know, he 8 9 got life in prison and it took 12 years; you know? But, he has a chance to get out in 10; you know? So, those systems 10 are just -- you know, can be revictimizing to the family in 11 itself. 12 Also, when we talk about the difference in 13 social service departments, when it comes to Salvation 14 15 Army, thank you for touching on that topic, that is a very huge topic here in Manitoba. So, one of the things with 16 17 Salvation Army here in Manitoba, Salvation Army, there is no salvation in that army; you know? There isn't. You 18 know? 19 So, one of the things with the social 20 21 service department, they will pay up to \$1,180.00 per individual to be housed in Salvation Army. But, when that 22 individual wants to seek their own private accommodations, 23 24 that number drops from \$1,180.00 to \$271.00, which is a decreasing amount of \$909.00. So, you do the math; right? 25

And, you not only do the math but, like, why is it that 1 they're building up someone's empire, you know, rather than 2 trying to build that individual up, then take them down and 3 4 let them be so marginalized and oppressed? And, again, too, as I said to you as a 5 6 trans-Indigenous woman, you know, I don't see a lot of trans, two-spirit folk here; you know? I don't. There's 7 no safe space for them. So, when I -- again, remember when 8 9 I talked about why I'm here? Because I've never seen a role model, a role model, someone that I can look up to 10 because they identified as me? Well, you know, for me, 11 when I talk about GLBTTQ folk, some of our GLBTTQ folk are 12 Indigenous and they come from a northern community. 13 14 Usually in those northern communities, 15 they're shamed out of their community where they leave their communities, and then they come to the city, and the 16 17 only thing they know is to be victimized, and then those 18 behaviours start being normalized with the majority of them, and then they lead into, you know, exploitation, you 19 know, human trafficking. You know, and it breaks my heart 20 21 to see them there. And, you know, I try to empower them 22 and show them that, you know, there's a way out; you know? There is a way out. 23 24 Also, too, when we talk about missing and 25 murdered Indigenous women, we tend to talk about Helen

Betty Osborne a lot when it comes to the issue. Nobody ever talks about her sister, Rose Osborne, who is trans, who was actually murdered. Nobody ever talks about Rose Osborne. She was murdered. You know, she was murdered just as brutally as her sister, Helen Betty Osborne, actually here in Winnipeg.

So, some of the things we can do as a community and, you know, as partners, you know, and allies is removing the stigma attached, you know, when it comes to those vulnerable populations; you know? So, one of the other things Rachel had touched on is, you know, how -- how, you know, these perpetrators go to -- I don't call it John School. To me, it's perpetrators, plain and simple. Abusers is, you know, what they are. You know, I don't -- I don't sugar coat it; you know? I don't sugar coat it because that's who those men are. You know, that's just the way Salvation Army, you know, labels them, I guess you can say.

So, one of the things, because we are a coalition here in Manitoba, and having a coalition championing the exploitation and human trafficking of our youth and adult women, one of the things, because we're so active and proactive on strategies, one of the things we did was we put together a proposal from, again, survivorled — a survivor-led approach proposal to fund a 24/7 safe

1	space. And, when this 24/7 safe space it's not just a
2	place where someone's going to come and lay their body down
3	and just rest.
4	So, there's envisions from from survivors
5	themselves on what this what would be housed and
6	entailed in this $24/7$ safe space, which would be giving
7	them that wraparound approach and helping them to identify
8	their self-worth and self-identity, and helping them move
9	from, you know, those roles of being victimized to being
10	survivor, to warrior.
11	So, we put together that proposal for
12	\$600,000.00. It was denied. It was denied. So, it only
13	shows you what our women are actually worth to the
14	government; you know? It's pretty, you know, pretty sad.
15	They did it was, you know, something very tangible that
16	could have been met, \$600K, you know, to run a facility,
17	you know, a 24/7 safe space for adult women, you know, to
18	help them you know, help them along their journey; you
19	know? Because not once have I ever envisioned that I
20	wanted to be exploited and/or human trafficked; you know?
21	And, I don't think any of our women ever our Indigenous
22	women that they wake up one day and say, "Oh, well, you
23	know what? That's what I want in my life," you know, sort
24	of thing?
25	So, I think we're going to leave it off at

that. I did have, like, more to go on, but I'll leave it 1 off at that because I would like you to ask some questions. 2 COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: Merci 3 Thank you very much. And, do we have a copy of 4 all those recommendations or -- I know we registered it 5 6 here, but if you had -- was -- very good. Very good. Okay. So, we have -- for sure, over here behind me with 7 Bryan. 8 9 Very, very concrete resolution -recommendation, or tangible we say? And, to respond to 10 your question, Rachel, about what's next. You mention in 11 12 your presentation something very dear to many of us, that five days is not enough. I can imagine also when we'll go 13 to Vancouver. You talked about Vancouver and the downtown 14 15 east side. There's so many survivors and family members and supporters there that also have so much to say, like 16 17 here in Winnipeg and surrounding Winnipeg. And, think also 18 about the family who doesn't want to testify in their own respective territory because for safety reasons, so they 19 20 ask to come here. 21 So, it is something that we are very aware about that, very sensitive and very, like, "We have to come 22 23 back." It's something that we have to do. How and when? 24 This is the battle that we're preparing for PCO, and we want to go up north. We had an official invitation. We 25

received an email from a family member to go in Thompson. 1 We hear a lot of families who say, "There's things also up 2 3 north, so you better come here." So, this is something 4 personally and collectively we're very, very sensitive, and across Canada also to places that never had a voice, never 5 6 had a chance. So, it's in our mind. 7 And, the process was for smaller, let's say, hearing or -- was like three days, but those days are over. 8 9 Even in small communities or remote places, more and more because the voices that you have right now here has an 10 impact in the north to say, "If they can do it, I want to 11 do it." 12 So, I commend you for that sincerely, and 13 now we have more people registering or getting involved and 14 15 say, "I want to be part of private, healing circle or public." And -- or testimony. So, even in the north, 16 17 three days we believe that it won't be enough. It won't be enough. So, we are lots of warriors from inside to say, 18 "This is what needs to happen." 19 20 And, there are different steps, if I say in 21 the right way, where the families, to respond to your question, the family hearings is to honour your truth, to 22 collect the fact and all that when you meet and take --23 24 when you meet before you arrive here, and it's helping us to ask the hard question to that second step or stage or 25

moment, which is the hearing with the institutions. It's
that moment where we will come back for asking questions to
the Manitoba government and those institutions under this
government.

Our job is not to do the job of the police because we didn't have that mandate legally, but -- and when you look at the terms of reference, and I'll speak from my heart, not being -- I'm not a lawyer, this too is giving us the power and the authority to say, "We want to know how you did the investigation. We want to see it. We want to understand why it didn't happen. How come?"

So, we want to make sure that those people are met and say, "What went wrong here?" So, we can make sure that it's in a public -- you know, this is a public -- a national public inquiry, so people need to be accountable. People need to be accountable when I say that part of the institutional hearing.

Do they say good things? Do they have good initiative? That too we want to hear. How come it stayed short-term? So far, everywhere we go, we hear that initiative, couple months, couple years, it stopped. And, yesterday, I'm sure you witnessed, we've heard from a person that needs to be long-term, needs to be long-term. So, it's by hearing all that, Canada now cannot be, like, ostriches, like, "It doesn't happen in my yard." It does

1	happen in our territory. It does. Every day.
2	This inquiry will stop everything? No, but
3	it's a tool. A tool to make sure by your strong voice and
4	your truth that community hearings and institutional
5	hearings will make those recommendations hard to defeat.
6	Hard. Okay. And, to make sure that they stay alive.
7	That must be the concern of every
8	Commissioner. We know what happened with the RCAM, Royal
9	Commission. 444 recommendations, if I remember, about
10	4,000 pages, the report from here, the inquiry in 1989, the
11	list is getting longer with lots of recommendations. More
12	than 1,200 recommendations over the years. We want to know
13	why it's still there, the systemic causes or
14	(indiscernible), and all of that.
15	We know the cause. We faced it every day.
16	We feel it, hear it and it's imposed to us every day.
17	Thank God we have warriors. Thank God we have warriors to
18	influence, change our stuff or bring changes like you
19	mentioned, Alaya, in your presentation, all what you did
20	that forced this government to do things differently. Can
21	you imagine if we were adding Alaya like this across Canada
22	or you that what you did to change some policies?
23	So, this is one part of the concern that
24	when we will table this report. Government is listening
25	is listening right now. They came to every hearing that we

did or expert panels. I don't call this an expert panel. 1 For me, we are family members, the experts on this tragedy. 2 And, they listened carefully because they will be preparing 3 themselves at the institutional hearings; huh? We all know 4 that. But, it doesn't stop a municipality or a federal 5 6 government, or a provincial or a territorial government when they're listening to your testimony, your message, to 7 apply those recommendation. When we hear that we will see 8 9 what the Commissioner will present, we can remind them that you don't need to wait. You can act now. That, you're 10 allowed to say it more than me. 11 12 And so, for me, I hope and that vision that I have, it's our children, Rachel, our children, everywhere 13 we go, we have an event with youth and children. Sometimes 14 15 also with non-Native children, and to make sure that they understand who is the Indigenous women and girls and why 16 17 there is that movement across Canada. That would give those recommendations to each premier of this country and 18 to Monsieur Trudeau and say, "This is the voice of my mom," 19 20 or "The spirit of my mom. Act on it now. Make sure that 21 they're not dusty like the other one." 22 But, it's a dream that every morning when we lay down tobacco or for us in Maliotenam, it's going to be 23 24 another prayer, another ceremony that it stays alive. That's my biggest, biggest, and I'm not lying, fear that 25

the recommendation, because honouring the truth and giving 1 life to that truth, I want to make sure that they will do 2 3 So, that's a fear I have and I'm not afraid to tell 4 you. So, it's something that we push from inside all the time. Merci. Thank you for your strength. Thank you for 5 6 your love. 7 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Thank vou. --- EXHIBITS (code P1P03P0401) 8 9 Exhibit 1: CBC news article "Charges stayed in sex case against former Winnipeg Crown lawyer" by Dean 10 Pritchard, posted August 30, 2017 7:38 PM CT, 11 12 two pages stapled top left corner. Exhibit 2: One-page handout "Eat Free Everyday in 13 Winnipeq" 14 15 COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: family member, a beautiful woman who asked me to be with 16 17 her for the next two hours. I was supposed to be back at 18 1:00, so I want to honour her request. So, I will be away for the next two hours. So, maybe your lunch will be 19 20 longer? I am so sorry. 21 MS. CHRISTA BIG CANOE: Okay, commence in 22 two hours. --- Upon recessing at 11:39 23 24 --- Upon resuming at 14:14 25 Hearing # 2

Witnesses: Erin Houle, Gertrude Flett, Lisa Houle and Sonny 1 2 Podolaniuk In relation to Eileen Mary Roulette (nee Houle) 3 Heard by Commissioner Michèle Audette 4 5 Commission Counsel: Wendy van Tongeren Registrar: Bryan Zandberg 6 7 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Madam Commissioner, 8 we are ready to proceed with the next family. And, it is about 18 minutes after 2:00 and today is October 19th, 9 2017. And, this is the first afternoon session in this 10 11 particular room. And, we have actually a number of -- we have a sign that is indicative of the person who is being 12 commemorated today. It's Eileen Mary Roulette Houle, and 13 14 there are members of her family here. So, I would like to start, please, by 15 introductions. And, my name is Wendy van Tongeren, V-A-N, 16 T-O-N-G-E-R-E-N, and I am one of the Commission lawyers, 17 and I will be conducting this session with you. And, I'd 18 like each member to do something similar to that, to say 19 your name and spell it, and then tell us the relationship 20 that you have to the family, to Eileen. 21 22 So, just basically it would be like identifying that you're a sister or a daughter, and then 23 24 indicating if you are here for support or if you're

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actually going to speak today, okay? And, by the way, you

- won't actually be held to that because we appreciate that 1 2 some people may not have decided exactly what they're going to do. 3 MS. LISA HOULE: My name is Lisa Houle. My 4 5 sister was Eileen, my younger sister. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. Give it to 6 7 Erin. 8 MS. ERIN HOULE: My name is Erin Houle. 9 Eileen was my mother. MR. SONNY PODOLANIUK: Hello. Oh, sorry. 10 11 My name is Sonny Podolaniuk, my wife's sister was Eileen. MS. GERTRUDE FLETT: Hello. My name is 12 Gertrude Flett, my little sister is Eileen Houle, and I 13 14 want to say migwetch to everybody that's here. Thank you. MS. KAREN HOULE: Hi. My name is Karen 15 Houle. I'm here for support of Auntie Eileen. 16 MR. DAVID MEECHES: My name is David 17 Meeches. I'm Erin's uncle. 18 MS. DEACON HOULE: My name is Deacon Houle, 19 20 my auntie's mom. 21 MS. MARY CRATE: My name is Mary Crate; I'm 22 here to support the family.
- 24 Hillson; I'm here to support the family, a health worker.

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25 MR. IRVIN WILSON: My name is Irvin Wilson.

MS. DONNA HILLSON: My name is Donna

1	I'm here to support the family. Health worker.
2	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, Sonny, do you
3	mind if I attempt to spell your name, just so the
4	interpreters have it? Please correct if I didn't do this
5	properly. It's P-O-D-O-L-A-N-I-U-K; that's correct? And,
6	Flett, Gertrude, F-L-E-T-T. Okay. Thank you.
7	So, first of all, thank you everybody for
8	being here. It takes all of this breath to create this
9	miracle that bringing people together to bring light to
10	very dark and difficult subjects. So, thank you so much
11	for coming.
12	And, the first matter of business as well,
13	is that some of you chosen to speak, and there's Alice and
14	Erin, and potentially Sonny. And I'm sorry? Oh, sorry.
15	Lisa. And, there may be others, but we would start perhaps
16	with the three of you. And, I understand that you would
17	like to hold an eagle feather and to affirm to speak in a
18	good way for this hearing; is that right?
19	So, Mr. Registrar? Lisa, Erin and Sonny.
20	And, Gertrude, would you like to hold one? Thank you.
21	It's certainly not our intention to exclude anybody; we
22	just want everybody to be comfortable.
23	MR. BRYAN ZANDBERG: Good afternoon, Lisa,
24	Erin, Sonny and Gertrude. Do all of you solemnly affirm to

tell your truth in a good way this afternoon? Yes? Okay.

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Thank you. Welcome.

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2 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Now, I haven't met Alice and Sonny before, but we spoke on the phone and we 3 just met briefly outside. Sorry, Lisa. What do I keep 4 5 calling you? What did I call you by mistake? I'm sorry. Lisa. I meant Lisa. And, Erin, we've spent some time 6 together, haven't we, preparing for today? 7 8 So, I am inviting you, Erin, to be the first person to speak and are you comfortable with that? Okay. 9 Now, the place to start in terms of the speaking is to just 10 11 reiterate or indicate that you've come here voluntarily because you wanted to speak to the Commissioners about 12 certain matters; is that correct? And, what are the 13 14 subjects, just so that the Commissioner has a bit of a heads up about what you're going to be talking about? What 15

MS. ERIN HOULE: The violence against 17 vulnerable native women. 18

> MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Anything else? Okay. That's okay. So, let's start then, by you telling us a little bit about yourself, how about your age, your family, your occupation?

are the topics? Okay. Here's another important piece.

MS. ERIN HOULE: I am 31 years old, a mother of four. I have my aunties and my uncles here, and many, many other family from Ebb and Flow Manitoba. I have 12

aunties and uncles -- I mean 11, 12 including my mom. 1 2 Numerous -- very numerous cousins. Yes, I have a degree in office administration. I'm supposed to be working, but my 3 children are -- they come first. 4 5 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you see the banner behind me, and that is a banner which is 6 7 commemorating your mother; is that right? 8 MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you're here 9 today to tell the Commissioner at least the information 10 11 that you have about what happened to her? MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. My mother was 12 murdered by a man. A man, like, killed her and -- well, 13 14 the point of this was the violence that -- also that I went through with my partner through 16 years. Like, I wanted 15 to tell my story through what I went through, the violence, 16 and she suffered also, like -- you know? 17 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, where would 18 19 you like to start? 20 MS. ERIN HOULE: Tell the story of what 21 happened to my mother. 22 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. Go ahead. 23 MS. ERIN HOULE: I quess she was -- I was only, like, 14 at the time -- well, 13 in August, and then 24 -- it happened in August; I was 14 the next month. I 25

really -- I was really, like, young at the time and --1 2 like, my story of what happened was not actually what 3 actually happened because now that I'm an adult now, like I'm finding out more of what really happened. So, it's all 4 5 coming to me now, because I didn't want to know what happened before. Like, I blocked it out. And, my family 6 7 here are the ones that are probably going to tell you more 8 of what happened to her. 9 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. But, you -first of all, your mother, as far as you know, she was born 10 11 in 1966? 12 MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you were born 13 14 in 1986? MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. She's 20 years older 15 16 than me. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Yes. And, how 17 old ---18 MS. ERIN HOULE: Exactly 20 years older than 19 me. She would have been 51. 20 21 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, how old are 22 you today? 23 MS. ERIN HOULE: 31. 24 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: That's exactly 20

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years.

1 MS.	ERIN	HOULE:	Yes.
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2 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Now, what -- when

your mother died, she was living outside of Winnipeg; is 3

that right? 4

5 MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes, she was living in

Bacon Ridge, Manitoba. It's, like, part of Ebb and Flow, 6

Manitoba, it's -- they're very close by, but it's off

reserve. It's like a Métis settlement.

MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Mm-hmm. 9

MS. ERIN HOULE: But, it's not part of Ebb 10

11 and Flow.

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12 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, what do you

remember about actually moving there?

14 MS. ERIN HOULE: I was excited to move back home. Like, I've never lived in Ebb and Flow -- well, as a 15 -- like, she raised me in Winnipeq. We were home for one 16 month when this happened. I wasn't home. I was with my 17 auntie, Maureen Gabriel, in a Pow Wow in Long Plains when 18

that happened. She was at a dance -- well, it was -- there 19

was a wedding that time and she went out with family and --

she went out with family and she was going out to have a 21

good time. She wasn't going out, like, to -- like, she's 22

not, like, an alcoholic. She doesn't drink, like, all the

time, like -- so she went out to have a good time

25 apparently and...

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And so, what you're
2	telling us now comes from information you've received from
3	family members; is that right?
4	MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes, there's
5	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And so, what is it?
6	What is the narrative?
7	MS. ERIN HOULE: Well, I was only like I
8	said, I was only 12 at the time well, 13, and what I
9	thought happened was, like, well, he was supposed to give
10	her a ride like, he was supposed to give her a ride home
11	and she was drunk at a party and there was like it was a
12	family party. It was a wedding of our family; right? That
13	guy that guy that murdered her was actually our cousin
14	well, that was our cousin; right? So, I don't know.
15	She was missing. There's no date on her
16	actual death. We don't know which day she died on. It was
17	he he had told us, like, what happened and I want
18	to pass it on to somebody else right now. She should tell
19	the story, she knows.
20	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. Sure. Lisa,
21	do you think you can finish the story? Okay. Go ahead.
22	MS. LISA HOULE: She wanted to celebrate her
23	birthday. She never went anywhere. She went out. She
24	wanted to come home, looking for a ride. The only person
25	there was his mom's vehicle Darcy McIvor's mom's

- 1 vehicle. She jumped in there, and we never seen her until 2 -- well, we never saw -- we couldn't see her. It was a closed casket. 3 4 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. So, Darcy 5 McIvor was the man who was charged with the killing; is that right? 6 7 MS. LISA HOULE: Yes, it was. 8 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, he had a mother, I think, whose name was Marilyn, was it? 9 10 MS. LISA HOULE: Yes. 11 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, did you know 12 Marilyn? MS. LISA HOULE: Yes, I know her to this 13 day. 14 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. And, the car 15 16 that she was in, to whom did that belong? 17 MS. LISA HOULE: I believe it was her and her husband's. I forget his name, but... 18 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Now, at this time, 19 were you actually living in Ebb and Flow yourself or in the 20 21 area? 22 MS. LISA HOULE: No, I was living in the 23 city.
 - MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, what was it that occurred that alerted you that all of this was going

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- on, that there was something that was potentially dangerous 1 for Eileen, your sister? 2 MS. LISA HOULE: Well, if she ever came to 3 the city, she would leave me a message just saying that she 4 5 was there. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: 6 Mm-hmm. 7 MS. LISA HOULE: She never did at that time. 8 And, I just waited on my family to call me back with no luck until halfway home from Winnipeg to Ebb and Flow when 9 they found her body. 10 11 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, did you receive information about that at that time or near to that 12 time? 13 14 MS. LISA HOULE: Yes. Yes, they -- not too sure if the police went and got him at his house and took 15 him to where she was at. 16 17 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, he was living with his mother at that time? 18 MS. LISA HOULE: He was living with his mom 19 and whoever lives in that house. 20 21 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, you were living 22 in Winnipeg. And, did you at any time around the time
- 25 MS. LISA HOULE: Yes.

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Flow?

where she went missing, did you find your way to Ebb and

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, what happened
2	when you went there?
3	MS. LISA HOULE: The following well, she
4	went missing Sunday morning, 5:00, 6:00-ish. Sunday went
5	along. We didn't even find her till Monday morning-ish,
6	like 3:00 or 4:00, or earlier maybe. And, I remember just
7	a lot of family in the yard and stuff.
8	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: At Ebb and Flow?
9	MS. LISA HOULE: Mm-hmm. At my mom's place
10	in Bacon Ridge
11	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay.
12	MS. LISA HOULE: where she lived.
13	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: In Bacon Ridge.
14	MS. LISA HOULE: Mm-hmm.
15	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, were you
16	actually in the Bacon Ridge area when the body was found,
17	when Eileen's body was found?
18	MS. LISA HOULE: Well, I wasn't there
19	because the police already took Darcy over to this where
20	she was and whoever the coroner took her already and we
21	all went to where she was at, where she laid dying.
22	Apparently, he burned her up, burned her head, burned her
23	feet. So, she doesn't walk.
24	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And so, this is
25	MS. LISA HOULE: Burned the car, he also

1	in the woods.
2	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: I see.
3	MS. LISA HOULE: Far away from the road.
4	Far.
5	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, this is why
6	later it was a closed casket, is that what you're saying?
7	MS. LISA HOULE: Yes, because he burned her.
8	Burned her. Tried to burn her up. I don't know if she ran
9	away because she wasn't she was far from the vehicle.
10	The car was, like, I don't know how much. Maybe 20 feet or
11	30.
12	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, when was the
13	last time you had actually seen Eileen before she passed?
14	MS. LISA HOULE: About a month. About a
15	month, because she just moved over there.
16	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Yes. So, how many
17	months passed that she was there before this happened?
18	MS. LISA HOULE: Not long. About a month
19	and a half, maybe even two months. Maybe. Because she
20	just moved there, and I think her and her husband were not
21	having getting along and she moved to Bacon Ridge. She
22	was living in the city, but she moved.
23	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: How long had she
24	been out of Bacon Ridge, living in Winnipeg?

MS. LISA HOULE: She was always living in

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1	Winnipeg, and then she moved to Ebb and Flow, Bacon Ridge.
2	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: I see.
3	MS. LISA HOULE: Then two months into her
4	where she started to raise her kids, that's when she wanted
5	to go out and celebrate her birthday, but that person
6	didn't bring her home.
7	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Right. There are a
8	number of siblings of Eileen. Your mother had a number of
9	children, didn't she? How many was there?
10	MS. LISA HOULE: I have five brothers and
11	six sisters, including her would have been seven of us
12	altogether. So, 12.
13	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, what was going
14	on with the family in with the impact of this tragedy?
15	How did they take it? What did they do?
16	MS. LISA HOULE: And, it wasn't good. It
17	wasn't good at all because that was my mom's relation. It
18	wasn't good at all. I don't think we ever gotten back to
19	being friends with the whole family after that. No. We'll
20	say hi, but
21	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Anything else you
22	would like to tell us about at this point? There might be
23	something further down the road, but
24	MS. LISA HOULE: Not that I can think of
25	right now. But, she was a caring lady. She loved her

kids. She loved my kids also and I have two.

Hearing - Public Erin Houle, Gertrude Flett, Lisa Houle & Sonny Podolaniuk (Eileen Mary Roulette)

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2 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Yes. So, Erin, would you like to start your talk about the impact that 3 this had on you? 4 5 MS. ERIN HOULE: Well, in the courtroom, at Darcy McIvor's courtroom, it was packed. It was, like, 6 7 family and -- from what I know, there was only, like, two members of his family -- well, his, like, immediate family. 8 We wrote victim impact statements and read them. I know 9 that I read mine, like I know that, but I don't remember 10 11 what I wrote. It was so long ago. I was hoping you guys could get, like, copies of it. I don't know if that 12 happened, but he just sat there and just stared -- like, 13 14 after we just all kept -- kept telling our stories. What I recall is people just screaming at him and crying and 15

yelling, and he just sat there. He just sat there.

Marilyn McIvor is our relation, that's my kookoo's, like, cousin -- first cousin. So, Marilyn his mom, like her mom, my kookoo Theresa, like, traced the whole -- she told us, like, immediately, she forgave that family. She was at their house, like, paying cards right away. She's -- she told us to forgive them, so I forgave them -- like, for myself though. I forgave him for my healing. Like, I forgave Darcy for my healing.

The courtroom at that time was like -- it

- was in Dauphin, Manitoba, the court -- the court case. 1 2 And, I feel that he was given a slap on the wrist. Like, manslaughter. And, he's living a full life right now. 3 He's married, I think. I've heard he's married and, like, 4 5 that's not (indiscernible). But, I've also learned that the reason why it was a manslaughter was because she fought 6 7 back and he had scratches on his face. Like, that's why it 8 was manslaughter. So, was it a family 9 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: member that told you that or somebody else? 10 11 MS. ERIN HOULE: What? 12 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Who told you about the reasons for the manslaughter? 13 14 MS. ERIN HOULE: That whole -- there's -it's all, like -- like, it's not all, like -- like, it's 15 rumours and stuff. So, like, I've heard of the stuff that 16 17 I know. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, on your point 18 about the victim impact statement, the Commission has a 19 parallel project of asking for and receiving records, and 20 this will be one of the records that will be asked for and 21 22 to answer some of these questions for the Commission and 23 others. So -- and perhaps on the issue of manslaughter as 24 well.
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So, Erin, you were 15 years old at that

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time, and all of a sudden, there was this very significant 1 2 void in your life. How did you cope with it?

MS. ERIN HOULE: I would just like to -- I would like to mention also that I have, like, two other siblings, a younger brother and a younger sister. All three of us, our lives are, like, totally, totally not -like, I don't feel like we fulfilled our -- like, we could have been, like, better in life, but because of the loss of our mother, we haven't done much.

> My sister is, like -- she put herself in care because our stepfather was not a good father. My brother, Daniel, he tried to commit suicide and he was in an accident too and his friend died, that was, like, recently, and me -- my -- I started drinking almost immediately my mom died. I just went, like -- like, this. Like, all the way down. Like, for a long time. Like, a long time.

Like, and I was only, like, 14 years old. I met my -- I met somebody, like, the very, like, same time that my mom died and I was with him for 16 years. four children with this guy and we drank heavily, like -but -- and I was living with my dad for a bit in Bacon Ridge when this happened, and I didn't get along with him either. I didn't like him. Because they weren't together when she passed away and he came back and, like, just

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seeing him just -- I knew something was wrong, like, 1 2 because he was the one who broke the news to me about my mom's -- like, what happened to her. So, when I saw him 3 walking through the door, I was like, something is really 4 5 wrong and I was not happy to see him. 6

So, he's in my mom's house taking care of me, my brother and my sister. I eventually move out and go live with my kookoo, Theresa. I quit -- I'd go to less school. I started drinking. I'd get into fights. Well, my ex was -- like, he -- he liked to drink a lot in Ebb and Flow, and we would fight all over. He would fight, like, a lot of people. Like, he would go and fight a lot of people all the time. It was insane. Like, every weekend, he would be scrapping out a different person. He's, like, very violent. I don't know why I was with this guy, so attracted to this violent quy. I was with him. I don't know.

MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, why were you with him? I know -- we've -- you've talked about this before and just think about this from a -- was there any connection between being with him and the fact that you had just lost your mother?

MS. ERIN HOULE: When I was with this guy, it was just like -- he was like my crutch, like I needed him. Like, I didn't care, like -- like, I liked him and,

like, it was -- it was, like, more of a -- I don't know. 1 2 We didn't talk or nothing. All we did was drink and party, that's it, but still I stayed with this guy for so long. 3 2001, that's when I was 14. Then, 2002, the 4 5 drugs and -- that's when me and him started living together and his sister, like the next year; right? I moved into --6 it was him and at his sister's house. And, a lot of 7 emotional abuse. Like, I needed him. I turned into, like, 8 this really, really crazy person. Like, I obsessed over 9 him because I just -- like, I didn't have my mom with me, 10 11 right, so I used him as -- to fill that void for my mom. Like, I couldn't -- I couldn't sleep at night without him. 12 So, that's why I kept running to him and --13 14 like it made -- I don't know. Now, it makes, like, total, like, sense, but it didn't before and I -- I did some 15 pretty crazy stuff to him, like just -- because I wanted 16 17 him to stay with me. I didn't want him to leave me. Like, you know -- like, all we did was drink. We never talked 18 about anything. 19 20 He never went to my mom's grave, not even 21 once. Like, whole 16 years we were together, not once has he been to my mother's grave. Like, he would tell me --22 23 like, if we were going to break up, he would say, oh, I'll 24 go to her grave with you. Like, he would use that as, 25 like, a tactic. So, like, that's 2002.

2003, like the next year, like it was 1 2 getting worse and worse, right, the drinking and the fighting. Yes, he was -- like, fights all the time and 3 it's like -- I would never see him lose a fight. Like, 4 I've never see him lose a fight. He would always be the 5 one punching people out, like it's -- but I would, like, 6 take my anger out on him too. I own some of that too 7 8 because, like, I can tell I started -- like, his arms too because I'm scratching him. It was just violent. Like, I 9 don't know, just a bunch of rage. So, that goes on for, 10 11 like, three, four years after my mom died. Like, I kept going back looking for security. 12 2004, I couldn't get over him. I tried, 13 14 like, many times and I couldn't. I kept going back -- I ran back and, like, we tried to have, like, children and 15 never could. So, in 2005, I did get pregnant, then I had a 16 miscarriage, and then we started -- he left me at his 17 sister's and was living in Winnipeg with my cousin, and I 18 had a miscarriage in Bacon Ridge where he left me. So, we 19 break up there, 2006, like we're not together. It's, like, 20 on and off again. 21 22 He doesn't get really violent until fucking, like -- like, this is when we started doing drugs. Like, I 23 24 was, like, probably -- the date's here. I was probably 14

or 15 is when I started doing, like, all these drugs

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together and it just gets worse and worse. Like, losing my 1 2 mom, I went through, like, this -- a lot of drugs. Like, I just started doing like drug abuse and -- like, I'm clean 3 now and sober, but all this -- my dad was the one -- like, 4 5 when I was, like -- he was the one who started smoking crack with me. Like, I got that from him, Danny. 6 7 So, like, this is 2007 -- I'm trying to find 8 the timeline here that we made. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: I think it's on the 9 sheet that you made ---10 11 MS. ERIN HOULE: I'm 20 years old now and, 12 like -- yes. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, the drugs, were 13 14 they on and off as well? MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. 15 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, what actually 16 inspired you not to do drugs? Because I think there are 17 some times in the timeline where you just make a decision 18 to quit. 19 MS. ERIN HOULE: We -- I have my daughter, 20 21 right, Rihanna. I stopped doing drugs there. 22 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Is it 2007? When was Rihanna born? 23 MS. ERIN HOULE: 2007. Well, this is, like, 24

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where I stopped doing drugs, where it's, like -- I started

to believe, like, nothing, like -- I don't know. 1

2 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: What's that?

MS. ERIN HOULE: (indiscernible) some of 3

this got wrong. 4

MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Oh, there's some of 5

6 it wrong?

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7 MS. ERIN HOULE: I think so.

8 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. Well, just

tell the truth. Just correct it so it's the truth. 9

10 MS. ERIN HOULE: So, yes, anyways, I have my

11 daughter, Rihanna Houle, she's -- in 2007. I'm not with

Lyle this time; that's not his child. So, we break up and 12

then Rihanna's -- I quit doing, like, all the drinking and

all the -- like, the crack and all that shit. Like, that's

all gone. I go to school, like, with -- to Brandon 15

University for three years. And, Rihanna is three years 16

old and, finally, she -- like, he comes back into my life 17

and, like, he accepts her and, like, everything is all good 18

again. Like, I believe, like, I'm happy he's back and,

like -- to me, that was like a -- to me, that was like a

miracle that he came back to me. I was so happy to have,

like, Lyle back in my life.

23 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, just to insert

here. In your studies, you were studying a Bachelor of

Arts in Education; is that right?

MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes, to be a teacher, which 1 2 I went to school with two of my aunties also, and one of my aunties graduated and... 3 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you almost 4 5 finished ---MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. 6 7 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: --- that degree? 8 MS. ERIN HOULE: It was a five-year program. Yes, I was getting, like, As and Bs, and -- like, it was --9 I enjoyed school, like, so much. I was doing so good. 10 11 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: You did. And, you hadn't finished high school. And so, you upgraded 12 basically and got these amazing marks once you started; is 13 14 that right? MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes, you can -- yes, I 15 applied as a mature student to Brandon University and I 16 got, like, As and Bs, and you obtain regular student status 17 after so long, keeping good grades and -- yes. And then I 18 had him back in my life, I buy a van off these guys, and he 19 steals it and -- like, he ruined it -- he ruined it for me. 20 I don't know. He was supposed to, like, help me, like, 21 with the baby and so I missed my -- I missed my exams, and 22 then I just decided just to leave, so I go -- that's when 23 Anderson's born; right? My 8-year-old, Anderson, 2009. I 24 give birth to his son, Anderson Malcolm. 25

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Right.
2	MS. ERIN HOULE: A few days after leaving
3	the hospital, like it's our birthdays are all in
4	September; right? So, Rihanna's birthday, then my
5	birthday, September 17th. Rihanna's September 15th,
6	Anderson is September 12th.
7	So, my birthday, I decided to go have a
8	like, a drink with my neighbour, and then I come home and
9	he like, I have a I have, like, a chipped tooth, like
10	he I hit my head on the dresser. I woke up on the floor
11	and I have, like, a scar right here from hitting my head on
12	the dresser, and Anderson is crying in the crib. I wake up
13	and he's crying in the crib. He's not even there. So,
14	then, that's when I go to a women's shelter here in
15	Winnipeg. I had Ikwe I go to Ikwe's women's shelter,
16	they take me and Anderson and Rihanna, and we go stay
17	there.
18	Then, I get a place, it was a friggin' awful
19	fucking place. Spence Notre Dame, the school I hate.
20	Anyways, I get this three-bedroom apartment and I'm there
21	for, like, six years. It's horrible. I felt so stuck
22	there. Not at first. Like, when I got there, it's just me
23	and Rihanna and Anderson, it was okay. And then
24	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, during those
25	years, are you finding any resolve or ease in the suffering

1	around your mother? What are you how is this
2	interrelating?
3	MS. ERIN HOULE: My drug addiction and all
4	that gets worse, but I'm there. I start we both
5	develop, like like a really, really bad, like,
6	addictions on prescription pills and like, I thought I
7	needed pills to fucking live. Like, I took Xanax to get
8	through the day, then Restoril to sleep at night so that I
9	wouldn't stop crying about my mom. Like, I thought I would
10	need a pill to sleep because I would stay up all night
11	thinking about her. And then during the day, I would take
12	a Xanax just to I don't know, just to like, just
13	thinking about her non-stop, my mom.
14	Like, for the longest time, that's all I
15	ever just think about her in that apartment. Like, this
16	is, like, how many years now? That pain just doesn't go
17	away. That's, like, constant and you think you think
18	you'll be okay after this many years and like, I just
19	felt so alone and I like, he would see me crying in my
20	room, holding my baby, and he wouldn't even ask me anything
21	about like, if are you okay? Like, he we never
22	talked about my mom. Never. Never.
23	So, I give birth to our second child
24	well, third, baby Lyle. Like, our second son I should say.
25	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: In 2012; is that

right? 1 2 MS. ERIN HOULE: No, Lyle was born in 2012. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Oh. So, Anderson 3 is your first son and Lyle is your second son? 4 5 MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: 6 Okay. 7 MS. ERIN HOULE: And, after giving birth to 8 Lyle, like, it's the same thing that happened before. I go out on my birthday and he doesn't like that. And, all our 9 birthdays are, like, in September. Lyle's born on 10 11 September 18th. All four of us, same month. We celebrate the kids' birthday, we take care of them. Like, everything 12 is all good. Like, they have their birthdays and -- like, 13 14 I'm always, like, left out. Like, I go and do something with my friends, then I come home, and the same thing 15 happens again. He fights me in front of my kids when I 16 come home, after I have a baby. After Lyle's born. Like, 17 it's the same thing that happened. 18 Like, by this time, like, he's smoke --19 we're both smoking, like, crack together again, like --20 because like -- he starts, like, selling -- we're selling 21 weed together and then -- like, this -- it just gets worse 22 23 and worse and worse, right, the drugs and the fucking --24 like, the drugs and -- yes. Like, the cycle; right?

So, I'm still with this guy, like even after

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1	he's fought me all this time. Like, that's the kids' dad.
2	He's, like he's a great father, but like, that's what
3	I keep telling myself, he's a great dad. But, he is.
4	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: I think you
5	actually had conversations with him about getting married
6	and having a family, that type of thing?
7	MS. ERIN HOULE: He would be the one to
8	like, he kept talking about our weddings. Like, he would
9	get drunk and talk like, he planned out our weddings and
10	like
11	So, after baby Lyle, then we have another
12	child, right, Eric. This time after he's born, I come home
13	like, same thing happened, right, like after every
14	single birth, and then this time he's kicking me non-stop
15	until he passes out in front of the kids, and the kids are
16	just crying, watching me getting kicked over and over
17	again. And, the police actually stopped issuing a
18	protection order against him because the first time they
19	put the protection order in place themselves with Anderson,
20	like back in that year, in when I was back in Ebb and
21	Flow
22	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, the protection
23	order put him on conditions not to contact you or what
24	was

MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. So, that's why he

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was, like, always, like, hiding stuff and -- like, we were 1 2 together, but it was like we weren't supposed to be together, but he was there anyways, like -- and that's why 3 when I charged him, they don't want to put a protection 4 5 order on him because I didn't show up in court before, like when we got back together, but then when I really wanted 6 to, like, leave him, they wouldn't do it. So, like, it's 7 just -- it's like a cycle. It's like... 8 So, after he's kicking me -- like, when I'm 9 -- when I'm -- after Eric is born, after that happened, I 10 11 go to the shelter again with all my kids, all my children, all four of them, at Ikwe, and I'm there for six months. 12 And, my kids get apprehended from Ikwe and I lose my kids 13 14 because he's coming to the shelter -- like, I felt trapped at that shelter. I couldn't leave. I couldn't leave 15 because he knew I was there, and if I was to get to another 16 place, like, he would, like, come there. So, I really 17 didn't feel like there's any way out of that place. I felt 18 so trapped at Ikwe, like... 19 When I was at the shelter, they -- I thought 20 they were helping me. I really believed that they were 21 22 trying to help me, but Lyle was coming there to pick up the 23 kids, and that's a shelter for women; right? And, he's the 24 abuser. And, he's coming there to pick up his sons, but -he's entitled to see his sons. I can't -- I don't know. 25

- When the kids got taken, we -- I got a place and we have 1 2 visits with the kids, like, after that.
- At our visits and our court dates, he -- he 3 gets violent after our court dates. Like... 4
- 5 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, now, is this criminal court or some other type of court? 6
- 7 MS. ERIN HOULE: Our -- well, together --8 when the kids first got apprehended, we were together. So, we went to court together and everything, and when he was 9 getting -- fighting me after court and after the visits, I 10 11 separated the court and separated the visits. That's when -- in August, that's when I decided to leave him. It's 12 when -- after the kids were apprehended. 13
- 14 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, that was in -when was that? 15
- MS. ERIN HOULE: 2015. Like ---16
- MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: 2015. Okay. So, 17
- 18 just -- not long ago.
- MS. ERIN HOULE: That's -- that's when I 19 finally decided to leave this guy, like after our kids got 20 taken and -- like, I tell him, like, I don't want to be 21 22 with him no more and, like, he just tries to drag me home with him and I don't go home no more. It's not a home no 23 24 more. The kids aren't even there. Like, it's not -- it's 25 not a home.

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, the children
2	are still living with you now, aren't they?
3	MS. ERIN HOULE: Now?
4	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Yes.
5	MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. I have my all my
6	children back.
7	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: In 2017. Okay.
8	And and you are are drug free?
9	MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes, I am well, I went
10	to BHF for eight months.
11	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: What's BHF?
12	MS. ERIN HOULE: Behavioural Health
13	Foundation in St. Norbert. I don't care what anybody says,
14	it's an amazing place. I loved it there.
15	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, how about
16	alcohol?
17	MS. ERIN HOULE: Alcohol.
18	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Do you still drink?
19	MS. ERIN HOULE: Oh, I had I had I was
20	sober, like, eight like, a year and like, over a
21	year, and then, like, a month ago, like I yes, I had
22	I had a relapse. And, I'm taking, like, all these, like,
23	programs and stuff, but I've always been taking them.
24	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you've told me

that you've actually seen counsellors from time to time and

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they've given you some coping strategies, or a way to, kind 1 2 of, self-regulate so that the suffering isn't quite as painful. Who were your teachers and what type of things 3 did you learn that worked? 4 5 MS. ERIN HOULE: Counsellors. I ao to Family Dynamics, I take group counselling. There's even --6 7 I go to the North End Women's Treatment -- the North End 8 Women's on Salter and Selkirk there. Catherine was my drug counsellor. I see her every Tuesday. It's -- it's 9 ongoing, like the -- the work. 10 11 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Mm-hmm. MS. ERIN HOULE: 12 Yes. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And so, what are --13 14 what are some of the principles of the work? In other words, like if there's a formula, like one and one equals 15 two? So, it's a combination of what and what that helps 16 17 you with your suffering and helps you stay away from drugs? MS. ERIN HOULE: I think it's like -- it's a 18 combination of whatever works for you. Like, I -- I go to 19 I love AA. It's like -- it's awesome there. I go to 20 21 the one on Spence and Portage, the Finding Freedom. 22 There's like a one hour, like -- like, lecture, and then one hour you get to listen to -- like, do the work and the 23 24 steps and -- yes.

I've tried -- like, I've done -- I've been

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- doing, like, all these treatment programs, even at --1
- what's that one in North End? The ---2
- MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: I don't know. If 3
- there's anyone that can help? 4
- 5 MS. ERIN HOULE: The Pritchard House, yes.
- 6 Pritchard House is like a one-month program.
- 7 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, you see the
- 8 thing here is that the Commissioners have got the huge task
- of inquiring and reporting on some of the things that 9
- systemically have contributed to the vulnerability of 10
- 11 Indigenous women and girls and two-spirited people. And
- so, you are -- you've lived it. You've lived the 12
- experience of losing a mother when you were just a young 13
- 14 and vulnerable teenager ---
- MS. ERIN HOULE: It's my alarm to pick up my 15
- baby from school. 16
- 17 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Oh. And, some
- things have truly transformed your life. 18
- 19 MS. ERIN HOULE: My kids.
- MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. And -- and 20
- 21 that's another interesting thing is I've heard that your
- 22 mother was equally devoted to her children, in the same way
- 23 that you are to yours.
- 24 MS. ERIN HOULE: I was always told -- like,
- our families, like, we always tell -- we -- my mother and, 25

like, they told us, like, take care of your kids. 1 2 -- your top priority is to take care of your children. And, I was never without anything. My mom took really good 3 care of me. I've got to do the same thing, pass it on and, 4 5 like, all of our -- all my aunties, they always tell me that and they tell their children that. Like, your 6 children are your top priority, you have to take care of 7 8 them. Like, put them before yourself. That's what I did. I -- the hardest thing to do was to let Lyle go and I let 9 him go. Like, that was really hard to do and -- but I 10 11 chose my kids over him. They -- I couldn't take care of him and my 12 kids. He took out a lot of energy out of me that I -- I 13 14 didn't have that energy anymore to deal with him. So, when I stopped fighting with him and letting him go, and I just 15 -- when I let him go, I -- I had the energy to -- to work 16 on myself and my kids, and to see them and to take care of 17 them and to do all that work that to -- to get sober. I 18 just had to change my priorities. My priorities now are 19 not him. He was my priority, which was sad. I -- I -- I 20 made him my priority over my kids, that's how it was. 21 22 Like, I see now how that was. 23 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, if you were thinking yourself as -- as a helper to the Commissioner, 24 and you think back to when you were 15 and that week after 25

your mom's death, and if there was a table, and on that 1 2 table was all the programming, all the things that were available to you to help you now cope with that void that 3 has been created because of your mother's death, what would 4 5 be on that table? What would have prevented you from getting into the obsessive relationship that you had with 6 7 Lyle and getting into the many drugs, and making the 8 decisions that you made in -- in light of the -- the suffering that you endured? What would be on that table 9 that would have prevented some of that suffering and ---10 11 MS. ERIN HOULE: Well ---MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: --- put you on a 12 path more like what your mother would have kept you? 13 14 MS. ERIN HOULE: Well, at that time that happened, I lived in Ebb and Flow. So, on reserve, I don't 15 think there would be much for children, like for youths on 16 -- off -- on reserve, but if it was -- if this -- if this 17 tragedy would have happened in Winnipeg, it could have --18 there could have been, like -- I don't know. It could have 19 been different. Maybe there's, like -- there could have 20 been like counsellors and stuff on the reserve but, like, I 21 22 don't know. 23 When I was in Ebb and Flow, I spoke to a

therapist, but once -- like, that was only there once.

Like, once a week or something, but there should have been

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1	someone there more, somebody that I could relate to maybe
2	as as a youth. I just didn't I didn't like the
3	counselling at first, but now I'm like I'm embracing the
4	counselling. Now as an adult, like I'm 31 now. When
5	when I lost my mom, I did try the counselling, like my
6	auntie told me to go to the health office and try that,
7	so
8	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Have you engaged in
9	ceremony to assist you over the years?
10	MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes. Well, smudging is,
11	like, what got me through at BHF. Like, sleeping
12	before, like, I wouldn't be able to sleep unless I smudged.
13	Like and when I would wake up, if I didn't smudge, I
14	would have a bad day. Like, it was like doing it over and
15	over again, just to have good days and good nights, being
16	able to sleep and I didn't press "dismiss" on this,
17	sorry.
18	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Is there something
19	we should be doing? Is your child okay?
20	MS. ERIN HOULE: No, it's I keep pushing
21	snooze.
22	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Oh, I see.
23	MS. ERIN HOULE: It's a reminder. It says,
24	"Day care reminder".

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MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, what about

education? You know, you've actually pursued quite a bit 1 2 of education, haven't you, with the university and then college, and you received a certificate, so that you are 3 now a qualified administrative assistant? 4 5 MS. ERIN HOULE: I took that at Ka Ni I did that program, their information -- yes, 6 Kanichihk. 7 the -- it was a -- it was through three -- three programs, 8 the Institute of Trades and Technology, the one on Higgins and Main, and Red River, and Ka Ni. Like, there was, like, 9 three that put that IOAA program there, Information Office 10 11 Ad -- and it was, like, all, like, Native women that took it. And, this -- I was pretty lucky to have that program, 12 like, close to my place too, and -- like, the day care 13 14 and... MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And so, what role, 15 if any, has being further educated, so not only do you have 16 new horizons to visit when you are thinking, but also you 17 have new skills that will help you in your life and in your 18 -- in your work life, your career. What -- has there been 19 any connection between that teaching and learning and the 20 suffering that you have had with your mom, your loss? Has 21 22 it helped you with your suffering? MS. ERIN HOULE: I -- I don't know. I don't 23 understand the question. Could you ask -- could you say it 24

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again?

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Yes. I'm just
2	wondering if if the fact that you are going to school
3	and going to classes and learning things, that you could
4	I'm sure many of them apply to your life. In other words,
5	it would mean that you actually would have a goal about a
6	job that you could apply for, you might have some ideas
7	about your world view and how you're going to look at life
8	and work with other people, and how you treat your children
9	and friends and family. How much of this came out of your
10	college education and the courses that you've been taking?
11	In other words, how important is education has it been
12	to you in your growth?
13	MS. ERIN HOULE: Well, education is
14	important. Like, for me, like, school is fun. Like, it
15	gave me it gave me like a like, a like, a like,
16	I felt proud. A sense of, like like I could do it.
17	Like, I was doing it with my children and
18	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. Is there
19	is there anything else you would like to say?
20	MS. ERIN HOULE: I guess the losing
21	losing my mom and going through, like, all this was like
22	like, the the drug addictions and the violence, and like
23	breaking free from all the violence and, like, the drug
24	addiction, like there's there's like, you need I
25	don't know. I wanted to change. Like, it was and I

don't know. I just -- I just found -- I just found a way, 1 2 like, a strength in myself to change, and I don't know. It wasn't easy, like -- but -- it's not easy. Like, the --3 the pain is still there. Like, it's always going to be 4 5 there. You just -- I just got to find better ways to cope with it. 6 7

MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you have talked about the -- the uniqueness of an individual. And so, one thing that works for one person may not work for another, and vice versa.

11 MS. ERIN HOULE: Yes.

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MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: But, for you ---12

MS. ERIN HOULE: Definitely. Yes. 13

> MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: For you, if you were to name, sort of, the top five things that helped you absolutely, you know, reframe your life, transform into a human being, taking your place so that you can look after your children, what are those five things? It could be a counsellor that you dealt with, it could be a book that you read, it could be just being separate from your boyfriend, it could be ---

MS. ERIN HOULE: I think it was just like seeing my children at visits was, like, enough to make me want to change. Like, just -- when -- when my -- when my son would, like, be happy to see us is like -- just these

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little things that hurt, they -- they pushed me. The stuff 1 2 -- the stuff that hurt the most was, like, what pushed me to change. Like, I -- I didn't want to hurt no more, so --3 like, I just -- I fixed my own problem by seeking 4 5 treatment, like asking for help and -- there's like -- my children are like -- yes, they are -- they are my -- my 6 main reason obviously, like, to do all this. 7

> My baby would cry for his foster parent and he -- when he got apprehended, like I -- I was -- I used to breastfeed -- I breastfed all my -- my children; right? And, when he got taken, it was like -- it was hard. And, that was probably the hardest thing to see, was to see him running and crying for her when she would leave and drop him off at a visit, and he's only, like, 1 or 2. Like, a little baby. Like, that's my baby, you know? That was the hardest thing for me to see.

> I guess also being -- being hungry and being homeless was another thing. Like, another reason. After losing everything -- like, I -- when I -- when I left him, he took everything from me also. He took -- he used to tell me, like, it's your fault your life is like that. Everything is your fault the kids got taken. It's all your fault, like -- then I realized, like, it's not my fault. Not everything is, like, my fault. Like, I took ownership in what happened, but -- like I forgave myself, so -- and

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then I got help. But, he -- he wouldn't admit to his 1 2 problems and -- and his addictions. He would still use and still, like, think there's nothing wrong. I admitted that 3 I had a problem. He never did. 4

> So, he wanted to come with me to treatment, but he didn't want to admit that he had a problem. like holding someone's hand when they're laying down on the ground and you're, like, trying to walk, you know? Like, two -- two -- two addicts in a relationship doesn't work. There's -- it -- it never works.

When -- when I go to treatment, you never see two couples together in a treatment centre that work out unless -- I don't know. There is, but I just think it just usually doesn't work out.

MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, this is one of the reasons why I felt it was so important for you to -- to tell this narrative, is the difference between a person who can barely move your legs through a healthy day and -because of your pain, and as a result of your own fortitude and the love of your children and some assistance from some people, including your family and other agencies in the community, you are able to come here today and tell us this, tell us this truth as a sober educated woman. So, congratulations.

> MS. ERIN HOULE: Thank you.

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Are you going to
2	talk to us? Okay. So, Gertrude, would you like to say
3	something?
4	MS. GERTRUDE FLETT: Okay. I'm going to
5	I'm blessed with three daughters, one son and 14
6	grandchildren. And, to talk about Eileen is it's hard.
7	I I was hurt when she when that happened. She was,
8	like, my little daughter. She I was older, nine years.
9	Like, my mom helped us go through this. It
10	was always said by her, she was very she had her fate.
11	She was a single mother/parent raising us, raised all of
12	us. When we lost Eileen, my siblings, we were all
13	devastated. My mom protected us, tried to protect us all
14	our life all our lives. She raised her grandchildren.
15	And, I was okay as long as my mom was there.
16	She was my rock. My heart was okay as long as my my
17	mom. And then 2005, she was diagnosed dementia. I seen my
18	mom go through go through that and that's when she
19	started talking about Darcy McIvor, swearing at him. And,
20	yet my mom always prayed. She always prayed first. She
21	taught us to. Took us to church every Sunday.
22	And then when she went into that dementia,
23	she every everything changed. In 2007, I mean, after
24	she went into a nursing home, I I cried for a year when
25	my mom left because she was always there. Every day, I

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went visit to see my mom. I took care of my mom. And then 1 2 when she -- put her in a nursing home, I was hurt more. She had to go. 2008 -- she was in a nursing home for three 3 4

years. 2008, my mom passed away, then I was at peace with

my mom because she didn't need to suffer anymore.

We all suffered when Eileen died, because Eileen was a nice person, kind, everything. She always smiled. When she moved back in June, I visit her every day. Every evening I went and checked on her to make sure she -- she had enough of -- for her kids too. And, I always talked to her. She said, "You know what, sister, I came home. I took -- I brought my kids home to raise them in the country."

And then in August, that's when she came and seen me, and my other sister, Joanne. They came and seen me that Saturday before they left to the dance. She came and asked me, "Come with us." And, I told her, "I don't want -- I don't feel like going anywhere. I have my own --I have my kids too. I don't want to leave them." So, when they left, that's the last time I seen my sister. She was so happy.

And, that Sunday, my -- my daughter was getting married on August 25th, we were -- that Sunday, we were at my friend's house there and we started, like -- we made perogies there, get ready for her wedding. And then

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that Monday, we still didn't find my sister. We still --1 2 they didn't find her anywhere. And then that's when I -- I knew, like, what happened and where she was, because that 3 was our family that -- that took her life. It was a young 4 5 boy. So much -- so much happened that time. I couldn't sleep for six days. Every time I looked in the bush, shut 6 my eyes, I would see my sister laying -- laying -- laying 7 in the bush. 8

> It was hard for us, because my mom raised -raised us to love, have faith, but my belief is the Creator and he's with her. Sadly, two years ago, my grand -- my first grandchild, she was 20 years old, she died in a car accident. My precious pride and joy, I raised her, but I know she's with my sister.

That Marilyn McIvor, that was my friend. When she got married, I was one of her maid -- maid of honours. Everything changed after. We were like sisters, Marilyn and I. After when Darcy did this -- nobody deserves abuse. My mom left relationships to stop that. And, I thank her for that every day because -- my little sister is here, Lisa. I see her too. Joanne, who is the youngest -- or is the baby. I mean, that's who I look up to, is the Creator. And, I pray for my children and my grandchildren and my family, because without faith, there's -- there's no way to go on, to go beyond -- above and be

1 anything. 2 I couldn't talk -- I couldn't talk for a long time. I kept this inside because I love my sister --3 my sisters. But, for her to go through that, that was --4 5 there's many women out there. When my sister passed away, 2001, my 6 marriage ended. I left my husband. We were separated for 7 8 five years. My girl was only -- my baby was only 13 at that time. I told him because he wanted to drink. I asked 9 him, I said -- my husband is Danny Flett, whoever knows 10 11 him. I told him -- I asked him, I said, "Stay with me for one month", because I was so traumatized. I couldn't even 12 go outside. I was even scared to look at an abandoned car 13 14 because that's where my -- my sister was -- was last in. I asked him, I said, "Can you at least stay 15 with me, like, one month?" Then, he just left. Took his 16 quitar, left. Then that's when I -- I -- because I was so 17 mad. I was so mad. Even -- to even drink alcohol. I --18 we drank -- I was so mad to even touch alcohol. That's how 19 hurt I was. And then I told him, "Just go. Do what you 20 have to do." I only have one daughter to raise. All my 21 22 other children are already on their own. 23 And then five years after we separated, he 24 came, we reconciled. He begged. I said, "I will. Okay." 25 We tried -- I tried. And then when he started getting

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sick, he was on -- he's on dialysis and he's sick. 1 2 started emotionally abusing me. And, that's when I knew, like -- I even told my daughters that "I'm doing this for 3 you girls, because nobody deserves abuse." I was 4 5 emotionally abused by him. Putting me down. And, I tried. Three months ago, I left -- I left home. I left my 6 7 husband. My daughters are looking after him. I couldn't 8 do it anymore. I went and lived with my daughter in Brandon for three months. 9

And, I'm with Erin now and I believe I was meant to come and see Erin. I didn't know it was -- she was -- it was this bad for her, because I love kids. love her -- her boys too. They call me auntie, Auntie Gert, my favourite name. So, I'm happy to -- to be here with Erin. I'm still hurt by my sister, Eileen. I'll never forget my sister.

Right after my sister passed away -- this is a good story. Right after my sister passed away, August 18, that's when she was buried, I dreamt about her. She was all dressed in white. And, I -- in my dream, like there's a blanket -- and three of my granddaughters are, like, playing around. Then all of a sudden, I pulled out a blanket and then here she comes, like standing up, smiling. And then I ask her, where did you go? Look at this, the chariot card, where did you go? We missed you. And then

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she's just smiling, smiling. She said, "You know what, 1 2 sister? That wasn't his fault." I didn't understand what he meant. In order for me to heal, I had to forgive him. 3 And, I did that. 4 She ran out -- she ran outside to my mom's 5 house in -- like -- all of a sudden, like there's snow, 6 7 she's running, and I can see her footprints, and I'm just 8 following her. Then, as soon as you walked into my mom's house there, seeing Danny, her husband, sitting there, and 9 I'm going to the -- like, I'm so happy. I'm just -- you 10 11 know? Like, I go to the kitchen sink, I open the tap, start washing dishes. And then when I look back, that's 12 when I woke up, and that's the last time I dreamt about my 13 14 sister and that was, like, 15 years ago. 15

But, I'm glad she came to me and I don't know, sometimes -- but everybody has to follow whatever you believe in. Follow, like -- carrying her was Erin, right here. She came and lived with me when she was 8. She stayed with me for eight years. I call her my pizza pop. But, I thank the Lord every day for my mom, because without her, we -- we wouldn't be here. And, I love my family. I want to thank Lisa too for being here. My sister Joanne takes it very hard because she was the last to -- to be with -- to be with my sister, Eileen.

I have a big family. I have five -- five

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brothers and seven sisters. When my mom passed away, she 1 had 50 grandchildren, 48 great-grandchildren. That was, 2 like, around 2008 then. I don't know what she has now. 3 With my -- I have an older sister too, she -- she's --4 5 she's good too. She watches over everybody back home.

> So, I want to say migwetch. I know there's nothing -- nothing -- you can never change what happened to my sister. That happened, like, 16 years ago. And, that's -- that's my -- after she passed away, I was so hurt. I was so -- I couldn't even go on. Like, I -- I didn't know what -- I didn't know what to do and -- I don't know how I -- how I survived on this. My mom bought me a carton of smokes that time and -- but, during the wake, I -- I just smoked. Sat outside by the fire. I didn't understand about the Native culture.

> My brother, Ralph, was the -- he was the spiritual healer, but -- after my mom died, I looked up to him. He passed away 2013, diagnosed with meningitis. And, I -- I was hurt when my brother died too, because he was a spiritual healer. He was the one that always talked to me about everything, life. I even sewed for him, cooked for him, but this isn't -- migwetch. I want to say migwetch to everybody and bless you all. It starts to -- and that's what will help us to go through is the Creator. And, I'll be here for Erin as long as she wants me. It's just my

duty to -- to take care of my nieces too. Thank you. 1

2 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, Sonny, I think

you had some information about the police investigation. 3

MR. SONNY PODOLANIUK: Yes. To begin with, 4 5 my name is Sonny Podolaniuk. I was born November 28th,

1961. What I found most extraordinary about this situation 6

7 is that when Eileen was missing, the family and other

8 members from the community had phoned the RCMP, indicated,

you know, some things that they knew and what they

suspected. And, from what I understand, they really

11 wouldn't do nothing about it.

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So, what I did was, I phoned the RCMP and said, she's missing, presumed dead. And, at that point, they sent the Hasty Team out, from what I understand, they had some members who were around the house and -- you know, it could got ugly. He was charged with murder. When the police went there, they explained, to my understanding, the reason why he wasn't having a murder conviction, because they took him from the place to the body and they were trying to give the impression to the family that they were concerned that she was still alive. And, right then and there, there's no murder because I guess the legal system would have benefited him instead of the community, you could say.

And, I think maybe -- it's a little

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emotional here this afternoon, people are digressing from 1 what this inquiry is about, is the facts, the racism and 2 other things, because from what I understand, there was 3 another murder before this of a woman in Bacon Ridge. 4 5 knew who it was; no conviction. I don't know if that played any part of it, but it might have. 6

> It's just that it seems that if I hadn't have phoned and said that she was presumed dead, they might have waited until the next day or whatever. So, I know that there was a statement of facts that were agreed upon, that he had to say, yes, I did that. That was me. But, only got six years. So, if that's justice, there is no justice.

> Other things -- I don't know what I could speak to, other than, you know, the facts. Because it was a highly emotional situation and a lot of people could have got seriously hurt. And, thank God they didn't. And, what we've got to concentrate on is why it happened, what can we do so it doesn't happen again, and -- you know, it's like these amber alerts. They know there's something going on. They're not going to wait until they find a body. They're going to actively search for that person.

> And, perhaps there should be a victim's bill of rights instead of the accused's bill of rights. all seem to be more worried about, oh, the accused, we

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don't want to mess with his rights. Well, what about the 1 2 -- you know, the poor family? From what I understand, he was seen full of blood, and his clothes were washed by a 3 family member. I'm not going to start naming names or 4 5 anything like that, because I think that's just wrong. That's just going to inflame emotions that should have been 6 7 dealt with a long time ago.

> This gentleman, he has been on the reserve drunk, knocking on doors. I -- I had a binder, a file that -- because I was involved with the victim services and stuff like that, and what really seemed to bother me was, at the sentencing, his lawyer tried to bring up a -- I don't know what kind of program, but apparently because he was Aboriginal, they were trying to say that he shouldn't get as much time, but the whole reserve was Aboriginal, you know? I don't understand that. So, thank God the judge had common sense to say, no, you know? If it was a white lady or whatever, sure it would have been a different circumstance.

And, you know, I think we really should start thinking of the fact that there is systemic racism in the authorities, we should educate the public and others, that if they do see this, there should be a means of readdress. Other than that, if you have any questions, I am more than happy to answer them.

MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: 1 Thank you very 2 much, Sonny. 3 MR. SONNY PODOLANIUK: You're welcome. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. Erin, you 4 5 had shown me a poem that you had written and -- and one of the ways that you have been -- yes. One of the ways that 6 7 you have been engaged in your healing program is that you 8 write things in your book that -- to your mom. And, I'm just wondering if there is one that you feel would be 9 suitable to read to us? 10 11 MS. ERIN HOULE: I take -- yes, I take grief counselling and, like -- I was, like, all -- I'm excited 12 now to take grief counselling. Like, I'm ready. I'm ready 13 14 for it now, like, but as a youth, I was -- I wasn't ready. Like, it was all, like, fresh and, like -- everything was 15 just like new. But, part of my grief counselling process 16 is like I write to my mom in a journal. But, before, like, 17 it didn't make sense, but now I, like, am embracing it and, 18 like -- hold on. 19 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: I'll help you to 20 hold the microphone while you're looking in your book. 21 22 Okay. Here you go. Thank you, Lisa. MS. ERIN HOULE: So, probably the reason why 23 24 I was, like, so hard on myself for so long about my mom,

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like just crying and crying non-stop and why the pain felt,

like, so raw because, like, it just -- every day felt like 1 2 it was yesterday. Even though it's been, like, five years, six years, seven years, eight years, nine years, ten years, 3 it still felt like it was yesterday I lost her. I just cry 4 5 and cry and cry. It was like, how come I feel this way? How come I feel this way? 6 7 When I was taking grief counselling, I have 8 quilt of things that I did to my mom and I'm holding onto that quilt, like all this shitty bad behaviour that I felt. 9 So, like -- this is, like, something I wrote in my journal 10 11 which helped lift a lot of this hurt and pain off of me, so I don't feel like that no more. 12 I wrote, "Mom. I'm sorry for running away. 13 14 I know I hurt you and I shouldn't -- I shouldn't hold onto this hurt and pain. I'm going to let it go and -- of this 15 hurt and pain because I know you wouldn't want me to feel 16 this way. You would want me to be happy. I hurt you by 17 running away and I know that you forgive me." She's, like, 18 what would your mom say to you if you told her that, like, 19 you were sorry? She would probably forgive me. I was like 20 -- I was like -- like, wow. That just opened my eye right 21 22 there -- my eyes. So, I just, like -- I stopped being hard on 23 myself and I -- like, I let go of some of that pain which I 24

was holding onto. I still hold onto that pain. Don't

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blame yourself for things that you did because a loved one 1 2 that loves you -- if you love each other, you're going to forgive each other; right? So, I'm not going to hold onto 3 that anymore. 4 5 MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: It's certainly not your fault, Erin. Okay. Lisa, is there something you 6 7 would like to say? 8 MS. LISA HOULE: I'm good. MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: You're good. Lisa 9 is good. Sorry, did -- Madam Commissioner, those are their 10 11 questions from counsel. If -- and I believe there's a photograph too, that... 12 MS. ERIN HOULE: This is my cousin, Colton 13 14 Pratt (phon). He's also missing, but it's -- he's not a female, so his family -- it's a -- just saying. The family 15 wanted to speak in the inquiry, but he can't be included, 16 so I just wanted to show you. This is my cousin, he's 17 missing. And, it says, "Colton Pratt. Missing since 18 November 6th, 2014 from Winnipeg, Manitoba. Date of birth, 19 August 13th, 1988. Gender, male. Height, 5'10". 20 Weight/build, 160 pounds. Brown hair, brown eyes. Colton 21 22 was last seen in the downtown area Winnipeq. Colton's family and police are concerned for his safety. Any 23 24 information could be important, do not hesitate to call. If you have any information regarding the disappearance of 25

1	this person, please contact Winnipeg Police Service."
2	Men have a lot of like, they go through
3	the same things we do, they just don't speak about it.
4	They're entitled to the same rights women are and I just
5	want to speak on that part too, because a lot of violence
6	they go through. Like, I was just saying, look what I did
7	to, like, my ex. Like, I I take ownership in that, like
8	what I did to him. Like, it goes both ways. That's all I
9	wanted to say.
10	COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: Merci
11	beaucoup. And, I had the privilege to meet the mom of your
12	cousin. Yes. And, we will meet, her and I, and I will
13	listen, yes, because I'm a mom of three beautiful sons and
14	two girls, and I found that our men are part of the
15	solution, and we know that the statistic of our missing men
16	or killed/murdered is very way too high here in Canada.
17	So, I hope your voice is heard over there in Ottawa. It is
18	here. You want to add something?
19	MS. ERIN HOULE: There should be, like,
20	equal there should be equal programs for men, as well as
21	women. Like, women have all these programs to go to and
22	all these things for us, but there should be things for men
23	also, because they they want to get help too.
24	COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: Yes.
25	MS. ERIN HOULE: I just I just, like,

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1	wanted to like, that's also, like, an issue, but yes,
2	those are our sons and our dads, and you know?
3	COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: Yes. I love
4	that. Merci beaucoup. Thank you so much. Sonny, I think
5	you how do we say? I'm learning some English
6	expressions over here. You right nail or help me.
7	Something like that.
8	MS. THELMA MORRISSEAU: You hit the nail on
9	the head, I don't know.
10	COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: You got it
11	about the the the systemic race the systemic cause
12	when you mention racism. And, we've heard it before, but
13	in this official framework, Canada is listening or we're
14	making sure that they are listening, that it seems that
15	when it's an Indigenous woman or an Indigenous man, the
16	response of the justice system or the legal system, the
17	response does not seem to be the same when it's a Canadian
18	person. So
19	MR. SONNY PODOLANIUK: I think they respond
20	after the fact.
21	COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: I want you to
22	say this with the microphone.
23	MR. SONNY PODOLANIUK: I think they're more
24	of a they respond to it after the fact instead of trying

to put any kind of effort or anything to stop it. Like, an

ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, I'm sure we 1 2 have all heard that. And, it's just sad, you know, that -it seems that -- maybe it's the media, maybe it's something 3 else that is painting Aboriginal, Native, Métis, anything 4 5 other than by the Caucasian, women as weak. And, that's wrong and I don't agree with that, and I think people 6 should start recognizing that and doing something about it, 7 because in the Native culture, the woman is the boss. 8 COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: Sonny is not 9 And, for Erin and your community, everybody is 10 11 welcome to answer that, but in your community or the extended family who lives in other territories, is our 12 community as well equipped when there's a tragedy like this 13 14 to help us, to support us not only as an individual, but when we lose someone? It's -- everybody is affected. 15 is your community was -- can provide that support? 16 17 MR. SONNY PODOLANIUK: Ebb and Flow or any community or which community? 18 COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: 19 MR. SONNY PODOLANIUK: It all depends on, I 20 quess I would say, who is, you know, in the administration? 21 Are they related to them? Was, you know, this a good 22 23 person? Or are they going to look, oh, that person just 24 did drugs; we're not going to investigate that. I mean, why did she do drugs? Why did that person do drugs? 25

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That's what they have to look at. Not afterwards, you 1 know, hmm, yes, well, she had this in her pocket and that. 2 Well, who cares, you know? Fix the problem before it 3 happens, not after. 4 COMMISSIONER MICHÈLE AUDETTE: Merci 5 beaucoup. Thank you very much. Well, merci beaucoup, and 6 -- okay. There's a -- I'm surrounded by beautiful women 7 8 with lots of wisdom, and we want to give you something that the women from Haida Gwaii collected along the river --9 along the beach. The matriarchs. Yes, yes. Some eagle 10 11 feathers. And, they're here and the prayers were for you, for the family members, the survivors, and the warriors 12 that you are. And, we will give you this on behalf of the 13 14 National Inquiry. (Speaks in French language). --- Exhibits (code: P1P03P0402) 15 Digital photograph of Eileen Mary Roulette 16 Exhibit 1: (nee Houle). 17 --- Upon recessing at 15:57 18 --- Upon resuming at 16:09 19 MS. THELMA MORRISSEAU: We're going to offer 20 21 a song for my niece that's sitting here, to -- just to 22 honour her and to honour all women. This song that my other niece is going to sing is a song from a grandmother 23

who has now gone on to the spirit world, but she -- she had

this dream many years ago. She had this dream many years

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ago when -- we're going to be starting, and we have a young 1 2 lady sitting here that really needs us to pay attention to her. So, I'm asking you in a good way, give her that time, 3 give her that space. Migwetch. 4

> But, this song -- in her dream, Nojekweban (phon) dream, she was standing on land that's called (speaks in Native language), that's Rosa Rapids. That's a ceremonial land just south of Winnipeg, and in her dream, this grandmother heard a sound that was coming from the north side where the water running, flowing, and the sound of that voice drew her in that direction. And, as she walked, she could see someone coming up over the embankment, and as she got closer, she could hear more clearly the sound that was coming from her. It was a song.

> And, this grandmother, she was just a very tiny, petite grandma, she had on a very long skirt, so long that the top of her -- bottom of her skirt touched the grass and she was draped in a shawl. And, as she walked, she kind of just shuffled, and she had her head down, kind of like that, as she shuffled along. And, as she got closer, Nojekweban could hear that song.

> So, that grandma sang that song for her and told her this song is for Anishinaabekwe. This song is for Anishinaabekwe, to remind her of her beauty, of how sacred she is. And so, that song has been sung pretty much

1	everywhere around Turtle Island, where Nojekweban still
2	resided here, in this physical realm. And so, many people
3	I hear it. I hear it. People are singing it. And, I
4	the way that I've been taught, if you're singing a song
5	that is not yours, you have to acknowledge where it comes
6	from. And so, that's what I'm doing. I'm acknowledging
7	where this song comes from, and it comes from that
8	grandmother, Nojekweban, from Rosa Rapids. And so, I'm
9	going to I'm going to drum and my niece is going to sing
10	this song. Migwetch.
11	(MUSICAL PRESENTATION)
12	Hearing # 3
13	Witness: Jenny Lay (Daughter of Linda Bighetty)
14	Heard by Chief Commissioner Michèle Audette
15	Commission Counsel: Wendy van Tongeren
16	Knowledge-keepers, grandmothers, elders: Florence
17	Catcheway, Bernie Poitras Skundaal, Thelma Morrisseau, Stan
18	Pierre
19	Registrar: Mr. Bryan Zandberg
20	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Madam Commissioner,
21	for the record, my name is Wendy Van Tongeren, T-O-N-G-E-R-
22	E-N. And, today is October 19, 2017 in Winnipeg. The time
23	is 20 minutes after 4:00. And, I'm very pleased to see
24	Jenny Lay sitting here with us, who will be the main
25	spokesperson.

1	Before we begin, I would like to have
2	everybody, all these good people who have come to support
3	Jenny, identify themselves. So, I will hand the mic.
4	MS. HILDA ANDERSON-PYRZ: Hi, my name is
5	Hilda Anderson-Pyrz, and I'm a support to Jenny. And, my
6	last name is spelled P-Y-R-Z.
7	MS. THELMA MORRISSEAU: Bonjour, my name is
8	Thelma Morrisseau, and I'm here to support this beautiful
9	young woman.
10	MS. SHANNON MCCORRY: Hello, my name is
11	Shannon McCorry, and I'm also here to support Jenny. My
12	last name is M-C-C-O-R-R-Y.
13	MR. STANLEY LAPIERRE: My name is Stanley
14	Lapierre (phon). I'm here to support this young, beautiful
15	Anishinaabekwe.
16	MS. MARY AZURE-LAUBMANN: Good afternoon.
17	My name is Mary Azure-Laubmann. I'm here to support this
18	young lady also. I'm with the Keewatin Tribal Council,
19	Thompson.
20	MS. KAREN HARPER: Good afternoon. My name
21	is Karen Harper, and I'm here amongst all these support for
22	this wonderful, young, brave lady.
23	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. So, we've
24	met before, and we have a plan. And so, let's start with
25	the fact that you actually are holding a feather, and that

1	you will make an affirmation about the good speech.
2	MR. BRYAN ZANDBERG: Good afternoon, Jenny.
3	Do you solemnly affirm to tell your truth in a good way
4	this afternoon?
5	MS. JENNY LAY: I do.
6	MR. BRYAN ZANDBERG: Thank you.
7	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Now, we've heard
8	from everybody here already adjectives like "beautiful",
9	"brave", so many wonderful things. And, it's your
10	opportunity to start with a little introduction about
11	yourself.
12	MS. JENNY LAY: My name is Jenny Lay. I'm
13	originally from Thompson, Manitoba. I attend school here.
14	I'm almost done my first degree. Today, I'm here to speak
15	about my mom. She died in 1998 when I was four years old.
16	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Excellent. Thank
17	you. All right. So, in speaking about your mother, let's
18	put the context around her. So, tell us about the family
19	that she was living with at that time. Obviously, you were
20	a part of it, and there were others as well.
21	MS. JENNY LAY: Well, there's my father.
22	She wasn't actually living with him at the time. This all
23	took place in Grand Prairie, Alberta. She was living out
24	in either Nelson House or Thompson with family members.
25	She was also transitioning from a women's shelter in Grand

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1	Prairie.
2	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you have a
3	sister as well?
4	MS. JENNY LAY: Yes, I have a sister. Her
5	name is Carrie Lay. She is three years older than me.
6	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Right. And you're
7	23 years old, having been born in 1993
8	MS. JENNY LAY: Yes.
9	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: is that
10	correct? And, you were living in Grand Prairie as well,
11	were you?
12	MS. JENNY LAY: At the time, yes, I was
13	living in Grand Prairie with my father. Both my mother and
14	father, but my mom had gone back to Nelson House, and so I
15	was just living with my father and my sister at the time.
16	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: You know, Jenny, I
17	know how very capable you are, and so it's really my task
18	here to have you do 99 percent of the talking.
19	So, I'm aware that, with the assistance of
20	others, it's been a situation where you've received
21	information, because you were such a little girl at the
22	time when this occurred; you were only four years old. So,
23	you've sought out information to try and get a clearer
24	picture of what happened. And so, I encourage you, and

invite you, to tell your story. But, if you want to refer

1	to this information that's been provided, just tell us what
2	the source was, and please proceed. Feel free to say
3	whatever you need to say.

MS. JENNY LAY: Okay. I'll take that. So, originally, I had requested information about my mother's death. A few years ago, when I was denied, they said I had to wait 20 years after her murder.

So, what I did, I actually got in touch with Hilda. We met under very, kind of, weird circumstances. But, she got me in touch with Project Devote. And, Project Devote had contacted the police force in Grand Prairie, in order to get some information about what had happened to my mother. So, I'm just going to read the information that they had given me.

So, this situation is pretty difficult; involves domestic violence and a homicide. June 18, 1998, my mother, Linda Bighetty, was with her boyfriend checking out a residence that she wanted to rent. And, she wanted to see my sister and I. She was actually living out in Nelson House for a while, and she had told family members that she wasn't happy in Grand Prairie, and that she wanted to come and take me and my sister back to the reserve to go live there with her. So, she had come to Grand Prairie to visit us and to, you know, try to get us out of that situation that we were in.

1	She was dropped off in Grand Prairie, and
2	she planned on taking us to a park. It was a park she took
3	us often. It was Muskoseepi Park. I have a lot of good
4	memories there. Visitors at my father's, my father's
5	house, confirmed that she was, she was she had been
6	there.

The following morning, my father was seen walking with my sister and I, and we were dropped off at, I believe, my babysitter's house. I don't remember her name. My father had been employed with a construction company at the time. When my mother didn't return when she was supposed to, to her friend's, people started to look for her. She was not accounted for at the shelter that she was staying at. So, a missing persons report was filed, and the missing persons report actually included both my sister and I as well.

My father had had a few encounters from people in the town of Grand Prairie. He had went to the pawn shop and pawned some of his items, and he took out the money he had in his bank account at the time.

Because of the missing persons' report, the police had went to my father's house, and they had found that the house was padlocked from the outside. They had looked in the windows. And, what I was told from Project Devote was when they looked in the windows they could see

1	my mother's foot. They could see my mother's foot from
2	underneath the futon, where he had put her.
3	They had come back with a search warrant.
4	When they found her, she was deceased in the bedroom. She
5	was found naked, bound, and wrapped in bedsheets.
6	According to the coroner, she died of asphyxiation. The
7	scene that they found was consistent with homicide.
8	A police investigation was launched. My
9	father, at that time, he went to British Columbia, and he
10	went to his friends' house, and he told them that he had to
11	get away. He was charged, he was arrested and charged with
12	second degree murder. I'm not sure how they found him, but
13	a Canada-wide arrest warrant was put out for him. He was
14	committed to stand trial for manslaughter. So, he was
15	remanded into custody, but he was released with no
16	contacts, so he wasn't allowed to contact people in the
17	situation.
18	He had made an application for bail, which
19	was granted. He went back to work, and he had conditions
20	that he had to meet before his trial. All the records show
21	that this situation was consistent with domestic violence
22	homicide. My father, later that year, in September, he
23	committed suicide. So, I never really, you know, got to
24	got to, kind of, figure out what happened for myself.
25	My mother both my parents, I know that

1	they loved us. It was apparent in my life, as a child,
2	that they did love us, regardless of the issues that they
3	had. Like, my father I know that there was growing
4	up I saw a lot of substance abuse and drinking in my house.
5	And, there was violence. There was already violence in my
6	house when I was that young.
7	So, that's pretty much pretty much the
8	story.
9	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Now, the perhaps
10	now would be a good time for you to show us, direct us
11	through the photographs that you brought of your mother.
12	What is your mother's name?
13	MS. JENNY LAY: Linda Bighetty.
14	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay, thank you.
15	So, is this a slide show, or is it various pictures, or
16	MS. JENNY LAY: They're just pictures
17	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Because I haven't
18	seen them before.
19	MS. JENNY LAY: that I was able to
20	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Okay. So, right
21	now, on the screen, there is a picture in a frame. Who is
22	in that picture?
23	MS. JENNY LAY: That's my sister on the
24	left, my older sister, and my mom and I. I believe that
25	was at her friend's house.

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, can you tell
2	from that picture how old you were there?
3	MS. JENNY LAY: I must have been about maybe
4	two and a half
5	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Mm-hmm.
6	MS. JENNY LAY: on there. This picture,
7	my mom had taken a trip with my aunt, the one who raised
8	me, and they took this picture of her.
9	This is actually one of my favourite
10	pictures. My mom looks really healthy here. I am not sure
11	if I was I don't think I was born yet in this picture.
12	That's my sister and my mom. I'm not sure, though. I
13	believe that was taken, maybe, in our backyard. Maybe.
14	Maybe at the Odyssey House. I'm not sure.
15	That's just another picture of my mom
16	someone had given me.
17	And, another one someone had given me as
18	well.
19	That's me on the left, my mom, and my sister
20	on the right. I was pretty young there. I must have been
21	maybe one year old there.
22	Us, again. My sister on the right, my mom,
23	and then myself.
24	That was when I was born. My sister, and
25	her. I'm not sure who took this picture, honestly.

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, I take it, for
2	all of those pictures, people have given them to you
3	MS. JENNY LAY: Yes.
4	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: because you
5	were four when she died. And, that actually opens the door
6	to an issue that we talked about, which is getting
7	information about even yourself, where you've been, what
8	you've done as a child, because you are dependent, of
9	course, on adults.
10	MS. JENNY LAY: Yes.
11	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you have made
12	efforts to, as you indicated, to receive information, and
13	it's not always forthcoming. And, you did want to say
14	something to the Commissioners about that issue of getting
15	information?
16	MS. JENNY LAY: Yes. I would just like to
17	say, you know, because this happened when I was so young,
18	and because it involves both my dad and my mom, I had a lot
19	of conflicting opinions about what happened, from my
20	father's side of the family. And so, when I was growing
21	up, I was very confused about what had happened. I was
22	told one thing by one side of the family, and another thing
23	by the other. And, no one ever really sat me down and, you
24	know, explained what had happened, especially from an
25	unbiased opinion.

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1	Like, it would have been nice if someone had
2	someone, not a family member, would have gave me the
3	information of what had happened to my mother. Because I
4	didn't understand what was going on at the time, and that
5	caused a lot of confusion in my life. I didn't know the
6	details. I didn't even need the details, but I just I
7	would have liked someone to tell me the truth. You know,
8	like, not trying to defend my father, or not trying to
9	shield me from the bad things that have happened, because I
10	was there, and I had already experienced a lot of trauma in
11	my life. And, you know, they thought I couldn't handle it,
12	but it honestly caused me more hurt to grow up not knowing
13	what happened, and to have family members tell me different
14	things.
15	I just think it should be information
16	about the death of the murder of a family member should be
17	given to those who are directly affected to it, like the
18	children. It would have been really helpful.
19	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: In your mind, is
20	there a relationship between information being withheld,
21	and the vulnerability of an indigenous girl or woman?
22	MS. JENNY LAY: Well, I think if I knew more
23	of the dynamics of the situation I had a lot of trouble
24	in my teenage years. I went through a lot of drug abuse

myself, and I think I was very vulnerable at that time

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young. He had come forward and he requested adoption.

1	But,	during	that	time,	he	got	really	sick,	and	he	passed
2	away										

One of the people that had come forward looking to adopt me and my sister were -- they were not good people. They actually caused a lot of harm for me and my sister. And, I just find it wrong that they weren't screened. They weren't -- there was no background check, or -- there was not even an ask for me and my sister who we wanted to go with at the time. And, it's really disappointing that they were even given the opportunity to try and come forward to adopt us.

And, if we were actually adopted by them, we would not have had nearly -- nearly as normal a life.

Like, I'm not saying that growing up my life was okay, but I'm saying it would have ben a lot worse if they had adopted us. So, that's another thing, like, when people are coming forward to adopt the children of, or take guardianship of the children of murdered women, there needs to be more screening done to those people, regardless if they're family members. There needs to be some sort of, you know, background check, or something like that, so you know the kind of people that we are being adopted out to, because at that age we're really vulnerable. We can't really make decisions for ourselves. And, I feel like it's the responsibility of the Crown, or whoever was making the

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1	judgment call of who we were going to be adopted out to, to
2	check out these people before even before they're
3	allowed to come forward and make the suggestion that we
4	live with them. I think that's really important.
5	I was raised by my great aunt, Viola Webber.
6	She tried her best. I think she tried her best. And, it
7	wasn't always the best. I had a lot of trauma growing up.
8	But, one of the things I'd like to say is,
9	we were never checked on. Like, even after my parents
10	died, my sister was allowed to see a psychologist once. I
11	never saw one. They said I was too young to understand
12	what's going on. But, I have memories of what happened, so
13	I I think that's not right.
14	And, not a single time did someone come to
15	my aunt's house and ask us how we're doing. Like, not a
16	social worker or anyone like that. And even if they did, I
17	didn't know about it. You know, maybe they went and asked
18	my aunt how we're doing, but they shouldn't be even if
19	they did, they shouldn't be asking the guardian how we're
20	doing, they should be asking us directly.
21	I think there needs to be someone, a
22	professional person, who builds a relationship with the
23	children of slain women, so that they can continue that
24	relationship throughout their life and growing up. So,

that they know they have someone to talk to, or someone

1	that they can trust to tell them what kinds of things are
2	going on in their life, and when things aren't going so
3	well, someone they can turn to for help. And, that never
4	happened for us.

MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: And, you mentioned to me in one of the interviews that also in transition houses you felt that there might have been something that happened.

MS. JENNY LAY: I personally feel that my mother would not have been murdered if someone had went with her to visit me and my sister. She was in a transition home at the time, the Odyssey House. It's for women who are suffering domestic violence. I had stayed there a while with her. And, I just -- I don't understand how come no one went with her.

She just came back from Thompson and, you know, she was going to tell my father that she wanted to take me and my sister. And, they should have known. They should have known, and they should have — should have been smart enough to know the history of domestic violence that they had with each other. And, they should have provided maybe even a police officer, or someone just to go with her to get us, or to visit us. They shouldn't have allowed her to go alone, because I feel like she would still be alive if they didn't let her go alone.

1	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: So, compining the
2	memory that you do have of when you were a child, and now
3	the insight that you have as a mature woman, can you see
4	that if some of these adults had approached you, that you
5	might have told them some of the things that were going on
6	in your upbringing?
7	MS. JENNY LAY: For sure. I think so.
8	Well, maybe not a stranger. But, that's what I mean. You
9	should go back to building a relationship with the
10	children, because I had no one to be my voice. I didn't
11	know how to speak for myself.
12	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Are there any other
13	recommendations that you would like to make, before we
14	venture to the next part?
15	MS. JENNY LAY: Yes. So, first, I would
16	just like to say some statistics I got from Stats Canada,
17	that every six days a woman in Canada is killed by her
18	intimate partner as a result of domestic violence. And, I
19	think that's really high.
20	And, again, with the access to information,
21	I don't think I should have been denied the access to
22	information when I requested it a few years ago. They said
23	I wasn't directly involved in the crime, but we were there.
24	We should have been allowed, you know, to meet with someone
25	to at least go over what happened, some sort of

1	professional	person	to go d	over what	happened,	because i	Ĺt
2	would have be	een so h	nelpful	for me gr	rowing up.		

I think that there needs to be more education and more programming, and more opportunity for safe spaces for women. Make shelters more accessible for people. Just because -- you know, just because they don't have bruises on them, that doesn't mean that they're not being abused.

And, to allow a support worker, allow the opportunity to have support workers come. And, you know, when they want to go visit their children in a home where they've been abused, or when they have to be around their partner that abused them, that support worker should be there for them.

And, yeah, that's what I'm saying, that there needs to be more support for women who are transitioning from a domestic violence home, or a support home, to wanting to live on their own. There needs to be more support, maybe more funding, or more housing for them, safe housing for them to go to. Because I know my mom was looking for a place on her own. Like, I don't understand why she had to do that herself. There should have been people to help her do that.

I think the government needs to employ more people in the social services field, especially those who

1	are	educa	ated a	and	under	rstand	indige	enous	culture,	their	way
2	of i	life,	thei	1 CC	ommon	affair	s and	issue	es.		

And, I think that there needs to be more

funding for all missing and murdered indigenous women

family members to attend honouring and remembrance

ceremonies and gatherings. And, provide funding for us to,

you know, initiate our own ways of healing individually.

Another thing is, my mom, she wasn't really familiar with the city life. She spent -- she grew up on the reserve. She was raised on the reserve, and that's what she knew. So, I think that there needs to be more support for people who are coming from the north, or from remote locations, who are relocating to an urban centre. There needs to be more access to resources, even specific programs for people who are moving from reserves to bigger cities.

Another thing, going back to my lack of mental health support growing up, like, no one took me to a counsellor or anything like that. And, I think that there needs to be more trauma mental health support and social services for the children of MMIW, regardless of their age. You know, they said I was too young to understand what happened, and that's why I didn't need to see a psychologist. But, I know that there are child psychologists who are trained to help us, regardless if

1	they	think	we	understand	or	if	we	could	be	affected	bу	it.

And, I think that those need to be more accessible for us.

I don't think that we should be forgotten

4 about. You know, they say that this trauma happened to my

5 mom, but I lost a lot. I lost that unconditional love a

6 parent can give to their child throughout their life. And,

she never got to see me do what I'm doing today, the good

things that I do in my life. She never had the opportunity

9 to see that.

So, I feel like I really missed out, and I feel like we're very forgotten about, just because we weren't the ones that got murdered. But, we have to carry around the burden of what happened to us for the rest of our lives. And, I just think that there should be more support for that.

And, another thing that is really important for me, I'm almost done my first degree, and I've had a really hard time with funding and, you know, having enough resources for myself, because I have no parents to support me. And, I think that there should be more bursaries and scholarships available for families of MMIWG who want to start their education, or continue their education, because they're the ones who are going to be very helpful in the future for family members to change how this happens to people, and to support those who have been affected by it,

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1	because they've been through it themselves. I think that's
2	really important.
3	And, those are my recommendations for this
4	particular hearing.
5	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: Thank you, Jenny.
6	Madam Commissioner, there is another chapter in the story
7	from Jenny. And, the counsel suggests that it would be
8	most appropriate to deal with it in-camera. So, the

8 most appropriate to deal with it in-camera. So, the 9 procedural consequence is that we will be closing this

particular portion with the usual ceremony that we do in closing, and moving to another location. Thank you.

Did you want to say anything?

MS. HILDA ANDERSON-PYRZ: Jenny asked me if 13 I wanted to share anything, and I think she's made some 14 really powerful recommendations when it comes to the 15 children who are left behind, because they've been so 16 forgotten. And, I see that a lot. Like, you know, they're 17 18 ending up in the child welfare system. You know, they're not being provided with appropriate supports, you know, 19 support that's really needed, and that should continue, you 20 21 know, even after they turn 18, because, like Jenny here, 22 she doesn't have any parents to support her.

And, you know, we need to give them the tools they need to succeed, because we just can't leave them and forget about them. Because, that's wrong, that's

wrong for governments to do that. And, governments really need to step up and start taking care of the children that are left behind.

As well as another key point that Jenny made was with respect to women who are experiencing domestic violence, they need to be provided that wraparound support when it comes to themselves as individuals, and protecting their children, because we know even today things like that are still happening. And, governments really need to step up and start providing adequate supports and resources to indigenous women and girls who are experiencing violence. Because we know, even in Manitoba, with all the First Nations in Manitoba, there's only four shelters, and there's no second-stage housing with those four shelters in our First Nation communities.

And, a lot of our women and our girls are leaving our First Nation communities because they're experiencing violence. And, when they come to major urban centres, they are so vulnerable, you know? And, we know, that there are those predators who are just waiting in the wings for our women and our girls who come to the city who are vulnerable as well. And, I'm not saying that's why, you know, that's the only reason why our women and girls are going missing or getting murdered, but I just wanted to make those key points, that we need those supports and

1	resources, and especially for the children who are left
2	behind. Thank you.
3	MS. DEBBIE REID: Sorry, Michèle has asked
4	me because, Jenny, you've given us such a sacred gift to
5	the Commission of your story, that we are sharing with you
6	some gifts as well. The seeds that you were given are
7	seeds to this area, and they are hopefully going to be
8	planted, and have them grow.
9	The feather is from the Grandmothers of the
10	Haida Gwaii, matriarchs of the Haida Gwaii. These were
11	handed out in Smithers. And, when they were handed out, it
12	as such a warm feeling with the witnesses, or the families,
13	that the matriarchs called for a gathering of eagle
14	feathers from the beaches. And, they have generously given
15	these feathers to be given to every family when they tell
16	their truth.
17	So, those are the gifts that we give you,
18	for the gift that you have just given us.
19	Exhibits (code: P1P03P0403)
20	Exhibit 1: Slideshow comprising eight colour family
21	photos of Jenny, her mom Linda, and Jenny's
22	sister.
23	MS. WENDY VAN TONGEREN: I think we're ready
24	to proceed then. And so, the family members and supports
25	will attend with us to another location, and we can

1	proceed. Thank you very much, everyone. That's the end of
2	all the sessions, the public sessions, today in this room.
3	Thank you very much for attending, and being such an
4	attentive audience. It's really appreciated. Thank you.
5	Thank you, everyone. Before everybody
6	leaves, we have to close the session with a prayer. I'm
7	going to let the families go, the family go. If Jenny,
8	will you come back and take hugs, and everything, from
9	everyone when you're done your in-camera.
10	MS. JENNY LAY: Yes. Sure.
11	MS. DEBBIE REID: Okay. So, we're going to
12	let her go off into the in-camera sessions, so that she can
13	finish her full testimony, which she still needs to do.
14	And then hopefully Jenny will feel good enough to come and
15	have supper with all of us. Okay?
16	So, I'm going to close today. Again, supper
17	is always available in the family room at 6:00 p.m.
18	Everyone is welcome. I've asked Dolly to do a closing
19	prayer. Tomorrow we will reconvene in this room with one
20	family at 9:00 a.m. And so, Dolly, can I ask you to close
21	the session with a prayer, please?
22	ELDER DOLLY: Thank you, Debbie. Let's all
23	rise. We've come to another close of the day. Lord, we
24	thank you for this day, Lord, for your presence that we
25	felt, Lord, and for the healing virtue that we felt

1	throughout the day as families begin to sit in, Lord, and
2	to speak, and to give their testimonies. And, Lord, we
3	thank you, Lord, for everyone that came into this place
4	today, into this room. And, as we go out this evening,
5	Lord God, that we would take your presence with us wherever
6	we go, so that we can feel the secure, and the safety,
7	Lord. And, we just look towards, Lord, this evening now,
8	every places we go, Lord God. And, bless everyone, Lord,
9	that leaves this building, that leaves this place, Father.
10	We ask this in the name of Jesus. Amen.
11	Upon adjourning at 17:03
12	

LEGAL DICTA-TYPIST'S CERTIFICATE

I, Shirley Chang, Court Transcriber, hereby certify that I have transcribed the foregoing and it is a true and accurate transcript of the digital audio provided in this matter.

Shirley Chang

January 22, 2018